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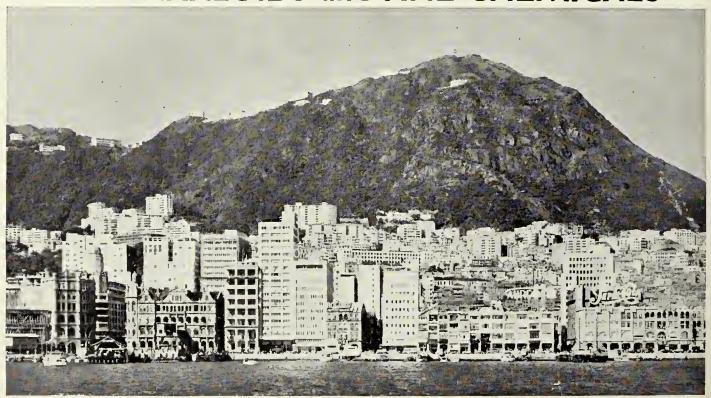


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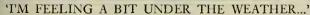
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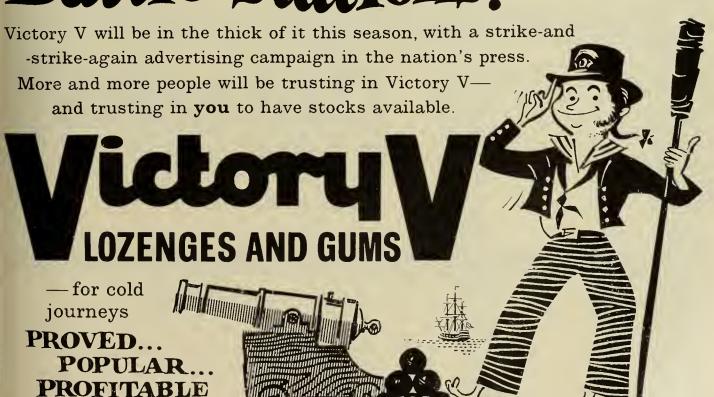
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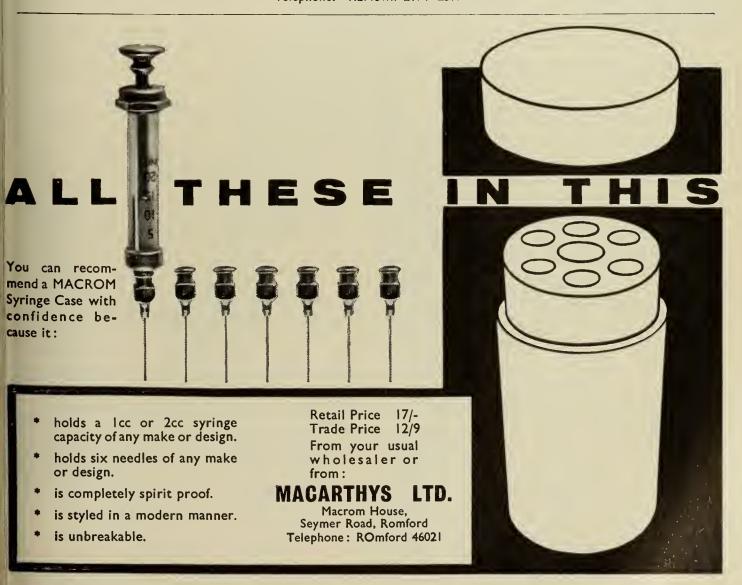
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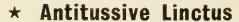
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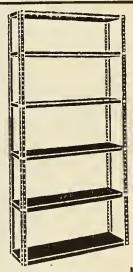
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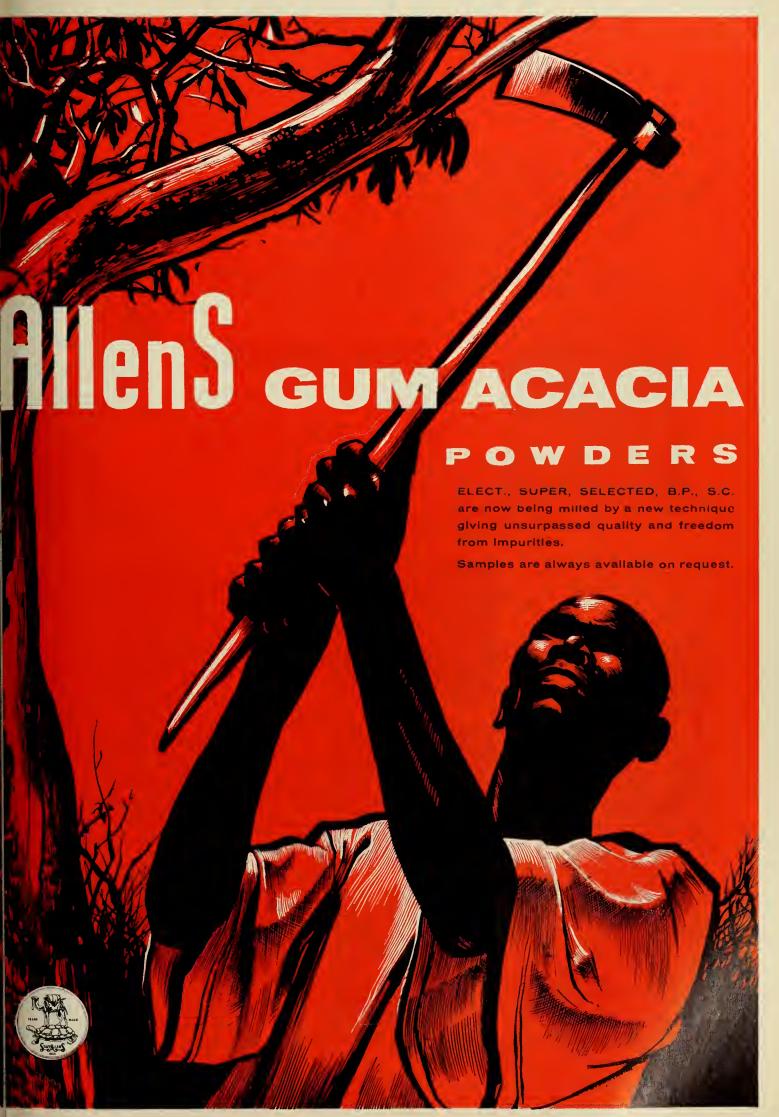


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uch safer tha ontrolled epidemi g of a new epoc seases.

rug to be effecti today calls the dr -57-the most sign ficant advance in 1796.

report on tests th four doctors repor

Sequ

ere mild-

01 people who h

nachin British trooperetreated in wile a force of 8,000 and ne

nded or taken prison crushing defeat. Bu it was all over the nan commander called e so the British coult by their wounded; the nan officers gave er party of soup, fish steak for the British uating team.

FOOTBALL

TITHIN 24 hours the figh was resumed. But neve once through four ar s years of the East Afric paign 1914-18 were the les and courtesies betwee wo sides-forgotten. ivairy on the Wester t may have died in 191

ped down on Christm: football matches in N 's-land between British an

nans.

It so in the campaign the red around the old Germa only now known aganyika. In one hand the batants held their rifle the other the hand of the control of the other the hand of the control of the other the hand of the other the other the other the hand of the other th

batants held their rifle the other the hand of dair-dealing whanently extended, he strange story of the molalrous war the twentiet ury has ever seen is ably an lingly told in a bod lingly told in a ished today, DUEL.
IMANJARO (Weide FO **IMANJARO** (Weidenfel IMANJARO (Weidenfellhe most extraordina) racter to emerge from the paign is the German Conder, General Paul von der, General Paul vo ow-Vorbeck, a broad, rudd d Prussian of 45. refused to allow to loot civilians

this winter



ZUBES ARE BEST

FOR THROAT OR CHEST HANDY POCKET PACK 6 J VACUUM TINS I'I'

e people had been vaccina if them caught fight ag Halted

of them because the full de

Hied.

eloped on tests. T

he trial proved that the dr asted development of ase in people who w cubating it—even at v stages when vaccinated have been useless.

he men who carried out ras tests are Dr. De er of the Wellcome Fou n, Professor Allan Downie rpool University and t versity of Colorado scientine St. Vincent and Her mpe.

he Wellcome Foundati ch developed the drug aboration with the Courta titute of Biochemistry, s erday that it hoped a sn would protect for up e weeks.

ork is now going on to the drug is useful in treat ents actually suffering frective against one.

It. Donald Steel, an offic Wellcomes, said stocks by developed and should the market within fuths. The cost might be is e—comparable with the cyaccine. vaccine

added: "This is a ma towards eradicating sen as a world-wide disease.

Advantages

it is unlikely outine immunisat hough routine lace vaccine, advantages brot the drug may include:— safer way to halt halt elief for countries like In

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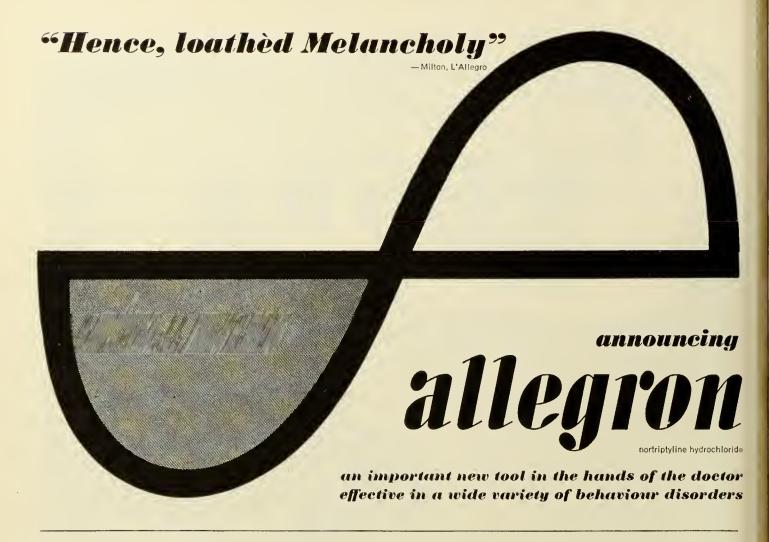
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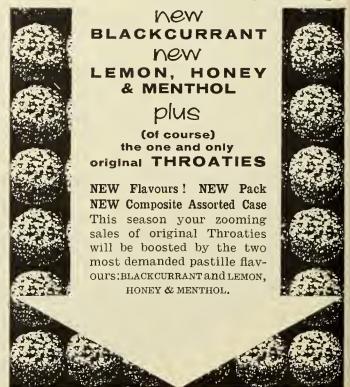
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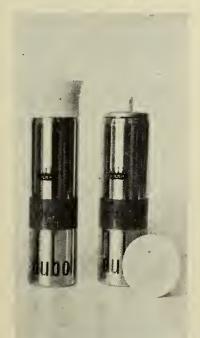
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Official organ of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland and of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland

Volume 180

October 12, 1963

No. 4365

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Prescription Forgeries

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL URGES A SAFEGUARD

AN effort to make prescription forgeries more difficult to perpetrate is being made by London Executive Council.

In a letter being sent to general practitioners on its lists, the Council asks that when, in certain circumstances, habit-forming drugs are prescribed on EC10 forms, both figures and words should be used for writing the amount to be dispensed and the strengths of tablets. The circumstances suggested by the local medical committee are (a) when a doctor knows the patient is a drug addict; (b) when the doctor knows that the patient has been convicted for obtaining drugs improperly; or (c) when he has no previous knowledge of the person treated. The letter also reminds doctors that the Council has a record of over 300 persons in London who have been reported on by the police for obtaining drugs by devious means. Further concern at prescription irregularities has been expressed by the chairman in a foreword to the Council's report for the year 1952-63, particularly the increasing number of thefts of prescription forms by members of the public for the purpose of obtaining drugs to which they are not entitled. Cases during the year showed entitled. Cases during the year showed a 60 per cent. rise over the previous number. It is now the Council's policy to put all such cases in the hands of the relies. The Council is also son the police. The Council is also concerned at the difficulty doctors are experiencing in obtaining surgery and residential accommodation at reasonable prices. "It may well be necessary for doctors to be given grants or a 'London weighting' when they find themselves in this position," says the report. The Council hopes to put concrete proposals before the Minister of Health during the forthcoming year. On the drug testing scheme the chairman says that, since it was amended to enable cases of trifling error to be dealt with without a hearing, the services committee has had only a small number of tests justifying an oral investigation: "The standard of dispensing in London is obviously very high."

Self-service of Medicines

STATEMENT BY SOCIETY'S COUNCIL

A STATEMENT issued by the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society on October 8 says:—"In recent years the

method of retailing known as 'self-service' has developed rapidly. This has made it necessary for the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society to state their views on the implications for pharmacy of this system of selling, whereby the customer has direct access to goods without reference to anyone except a person acting as a cashier.

In the opinion of the Council it is

In the opinion of the Council it is in the public interest that, as a general rule, medicines should only be sold through pharmacies, and this view was clearly stated in the evidence given to the recent Interdepartmental Working Party on Legislation Concerning Medicines. It is true that it has become a common practice in pharmacies to display some medicines on the counter, but they may not be purchased without reference to an assistant. Any further reduction in the control by the pharmacist or his trained assistant over individual sales of medicines is not desirable. Medicines should not be offered for sale in pharmacies by self-service, or on a comparable basis of self-selec-

tion. Self-service is usually associated with supermarkets, a term for new types of businesses which range from modified departmental stores to indoor markets housing several businesses, separately owned. The system of ownership is not new and only the style of business is different. Modernisation of pharmacies and business methods are clearly in principle desirable, but any arrangement which tends to reduce the professional status of pharmacy is to be deprecated. Pharmacies should not be established in the indoor-market type of supermarket as there can be no assurance that the owner of the pharmacy has any influence or control over the immediate environment, which may not be in keeping with the character of pharmacy. Where the supermarket is of the departmental store type—that is, under one ownership—it should be apparent to the public that the pharmacy is a separate department, and notices or titles which suggest that medicines are included in any self-service facilities should not be used. Moreover, the environment in which the pharmacy de-partment is situated should be in keeping with the character of pharmacy.

French Pharmacists' Gift

SEVRES VASE FOR SOCIETY'S HOUSE

FRENCH pharmacists have, as a token of friendship, presented to the Pharma-



M. Frank Arnal unveils the Sevres vase presented to the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain by French pharmacists. With him are Mr. C. W. Maplethorpe, Professor M. F. Guyard, Sir Hugh Linstead, M. George Viala (secretary, Ordre National des Pharmaciens de France) and Mr. E. A. Brocklehurst (chairman, British section, Franco-British Pharmaceutical Commission).

ceutical Society of Great Britain, for the adornment of its recently restored premises at Bloomsbury Square, a magnificent blue and gold Sèvres vase. The presentation was made on October 1 by M. Frank Arnal (president of the Ordre National des Pharmaciens de France), in the presence of the new French Cultural Counsellor (Professor M. F. Guyard). M. Arnal shares with Mr. Eric Brocklehurst. Hull (a past-president of the Pharmaceutical Society) the chairmanship of the Franco-British Pharmaceutical Commission. It will be recalled that, when the French Society moved into their new offices in Paris, their British colleagues gave them, for their Council chamber, an early nineteenth-century English-made clock.

Fluoracetamide

MANUFACTURER ISSUES STATEMENT

RENTOKIL Laboratories, Ltd., sole European manufacturers of fluoracetamide, issued on October 7 a statement about reports suggesting that the chemical had been responsible for deaths of cattle at Smarden, Kent, and at Merthyr Tydfil, Glam (see C. & D., October 5, p. 358). The company began investigations immediately on hearing the reports, and offered assistance to the Ministry of Agriculture in its own investigations. The statement points out that fluoracetamide was used as a rodenticide, at a concentration of 2 per cent. in pinhead oatmeal, only by local authorities and specialist pest-control companies in membership of the Industrial Pest Control Associa-tion. In that form it was used only in sewers and ships, where the operators had control of all means of access to the baiting points. At Merthyr Tydfil, several hundredweights of fluoracetamide rodenticide had been puracetamide by the Morthyr Tydfil Dyblio chased by the Merthyr Tydfil Public Health Department in 1963, and its use there had been confined to sewers. A pony found dead was apparently sold for pet food by the local knacker, and analysis was reported to have suggested the pony had consumed an organic fluorine compound. It was also reported that the pony had been foraging on a refuse tip in the adjoining district of Rhymney, but the medical officer of health for the area declared that fluoracetamide had not been used in that district. Reports in May of deaths of livestock having access to water from a ditch passing through the Smarden factory premises caused the manufacturers immediately to take the precaution of collecting and disposing of elsewhere all effluents from their chemical processes. It was possible that effluent from the factory had accidentally found its way into the ditch and the company has offered to decontaminate any ponds and ditches that may have been affected. The work has already been commissioned on one farm and has been offered on others. The statement went on to say that fluoracetamide was present as a 1 per cent. solution in a systemic insecticide available to gardeners for use (after considerable dilution) on non-edible plants. That insecticide also contained a bittering agent, an emetic and a dye to minimise or obviate accidental in-

gestion. Furthermore it contained acetamide, which rendered it less toxic to animals. Fluoracetamide had also been used since 1959 as an agricul-tural insecticide for specific crops, and had been cleared for that purpose by the Ministry of Agriculture.

Handling of Mercury

PROPOSED NEW SAFEGUARDS

THE Minister of Labour has made a draft Statutory Instrument entitled The Mercury Processes Regulations 1963 which provide for the safety, health and welfare of persons employed in factories in which any mercury process is carried out on or in which mercury or any mercury compound is stored. The regulations do not apply to (a) any factory in which mercury or mercury compounds are used in a sealed system or a container which, in either case, is totally enclosed or (b) any process specified below:—

(1) the handling of materials or articles treated with mercurial slimicides or

fungicides;

(2) the use of mercury or mercury compounds for the purpose of chemical analysis, and their storage or transfer ancillary to such use;

(3) the use of mercury to form a gas

(4) the use of control or measuring instruments containing mercury;

(5) the installation, overhaul repair or transfer of any apparatus containing mercury where the temperature of the mercury is not raised above the general room temperature and such work is not carried on in the factory or by the same person in more than one factory, during a total of more than ten hours in any period of four consecutive weeks of which period of ten hours not more than five hours shall be in any week: and

(6) the handling for less than one hour in any week of mercury or mercury compounds, other than ethyl or methyl mercury compounds, for any purpose other than the manufacture of articles consisting of or containing mercury or mercury compounds.

Special General Meeting

MOTIONS FOR DISCUSSION

FOLLOWING the preliminary notice last week (C. & D., October 5, p. 357), that a special general meeting of members of the Pharmaceutical Sociey was to be held on October 30, at 7.30 p.m. at the School of Pharmacy, Brunswick Square, London, W.C.1, to discuss the proposed increased personal retention fee to £9, the Society have announced the following motions for discussion:—

1. "That this meeting is opposed to

the proposed increase in the personal retention fee."

2. "That the Society should take the necessary steps to increase the premises retention fee in order to maintain their revenues."

Chemists' Retail Sales

STATISTICS FOR AUGUST

RECENTLY issued Board of Trade figures show that sales of chemists'

goods by independent retailers were 2.5 per cent. lower in August than in 2.5 per cent. lower in August than in July, and 7 per cent. higher than in August 1962. Multiple retailers' sales were 1.8 per cent. higher in August than in July, and 11 per cent. higher than in August 1962. Sales by Co-operative societies were 5.7 per cent. lower in August than in July, but 4 per cent. higher compared with August 1962. The figures do not allow for receipts under the National Health Service.

IRISH NEWS

THE REPUBLIC

Council Election

TWO NEW MEMBERS RETURNED

RESULTS of the election of members to the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland, announced at the Society's annual meeting in Dublin on October 7 were:

ELECTED

R. J. POWER	 675
J. P. O'DONNELL	 674
M. Costello	 640
F. LOUGHMAN	 631
T. HARTY	 571
T. MILLER	 531
M. MULREANY	 525
NOT ELECTED	
	410

E. P. Kenny . 410 . . . M. F. Broderick 356 Messrs. Mulreany and Harty are newcomers to the Council, the latter having

been co-opted at the September Council meeting but not yet taken his place. The election sees the defeat of the retiring member, Mr. M. F. Broderick.

Pharmacy College

£11,000 GRANT FROM GOVERNMENT

A GRANT of £11,000 is being made by the Department of Finance towards the College of Pharmacy for the year 1963-64, subject to the approval of the Dail. Making the announcement at the annual meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland in Dublin on October 7, the president (Mr. D. J. Kennelly) said that the Department had accepted the recommendation of the Minister for Education on the matter. The grant brings to a satisfactory conclusion protracted negotiations between the Council and both Departments.

Pharmaceutical Society

OFFICERS FOR 1963-64

THE Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland has elected the following officers for the year: President, Mr. D. J. Kennelly; Vice-president, Mr. J. P. O'Donnell; Treasurer, Mr. M. L. Cashman.

IRISH BREVITIES

THE Royal Dublin Society is holding a scientific and technical exhibition at Ballsbridge, Dublin, October 22-25.

LIMERICK pharmaceutical ball, in aid of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland's benevolent fund, is being held at the Royal George hotel, Limerick, on November 13. Tickets (30s. each) are obtainable from the secretary, Mr. M. Pennington, 34 O'Connell Street, Limerick.

NEWS IN BRIEF

SALES of Plymouth Co-operative Society's pharmacy department for the year ended September 17 were £429,324, an increase of £37,586 over the previous year.

GUIDANCE on equipment required for a department of medical photography and illustration is given in a recently published hospital equipment note (No. 19, H.M. Stationery Office, price 2s. 6d.).

THE Secretary to the pharmaceutical subjects group of the Royal Society of Health, for the year commencing January 1, 1964, is Mr. Neville Santer. Messrs. D. J. Gibson (Chairman) and D. M. Jennings (Treasurer) continue in office.

THE Society of Apothecaries of London, Black Friars Lane, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C.4, state that the 1963 British Pharmacopæia and British Pharmaceutical Codex will not be used in the examination for dispensing chemists until October 1964.

THE Wellcome Trustees have appointed, as additional trustees, Lord Franks (Provost of Worcester College, Oxford, and former chairman of Lloyds Bank), from October 1, and Professor R. H. S. Thompson (Guy's Hospital), from December 1.

A ONE-DAY seminar to discuss the recruitment and selection of suitable staff for the retail distributive trades is being held at the Connaught Rooms, Great Queen Street, London, W.C.2, on November 13, by the Industrial Welare Society, Robert Hyde House, 48 Bryanston Square, London, W.1.

THE Fire Protection Association, Aldermary House, Queen Street, London, E.C.4, is arranging a national conference at the Connaught Rooms, London, February 27–28, 1964, at which papers will be read on fire exinguishing apparatus, open-plan factories, action in the event of fire, and low to reduce the cost of fire.

THIEVES took advantage of scaffolding to break into the Conway Street harmacy of Mr. H. H. Le Quesne, M.P.S., St. Helier, Jersey, Channel slands, recently. They entered by the kylight and stole £4 in cash and wenty-one packets of razor blades. It was the second break-in at the pharmacy this year.

A FILM, "Bridges Into Europe," hown in London on October 7, illustated attractively, by diagram and ocumentary, the advantages of ologne as a centre well placed, both eographically and through its ten intractional trade fairs, for promoting ade among European countries, wheter within the European Economic ommunity, the European Free Trade association, or neither. Dr. R. Krugtann (director, Cologne International rade Fairs) gave an introduction.

SPORT

Golf.—South London and Surrey Pharmasts' Golfing Society. Twenty-seven members tended the meeting at Addington golf club on ctober 2 when a Stableford competition was ayed for the Cupal prize. Results: 1, C, J, lartin (Ifield), captain, 35 points; 2, M, Lewis hirley Park), 32 points; 3, E, Jobling (Ruis-p), 32 points.

TOPICAL REFLECTIONS

By Xrayser

Free samples

An extremely interesting situation has arisen in connection with the current advertising campaign sponsored by the Vick organisation, in which coupons are being distributed accompanied by a letter which invites the recipient to take the coupon to the chemist who "has your sample waiting for you." The preparation contains a Part I poison and may consequently be handled only by a pharmacist. (The preparation, the public has been told, contains the special ingredient "Silentium"). My personal reaction to the campaign is that I shall take no part in it. I refuse to have my qualification exploited by others for commercial purposes. I feel also most strongly that my participation in such a scheme would, of necessity, imply that the product had my full confidence and approval, and that would not necessarily be so. Those were the points which immediately occurred to me. The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society has had the matter under consideration and has issued a statement (p. 357). The whole thing bristles with difficulties of one kind and another. It is true, as the statement says, that under such an advertising scheme "medicines are distributed that may not be required." That may equally well apply to medicines which are bought over the counter in response to advertisement in the Press or on television. Point (b) says: "A pharmacist is expected to give out samples without discrimination, and his professional function is thus by-passed." Is there, we must seriously ask, any more or any less discrimination involved in the sale of such a preparation? The customer may ask advice while making the purchase, but that does not preclude the possibility of the "sampler" asking the same questions. Point (c): "The public are induced to regard medicines in the same light as other goods such as groceries." It has to be admitted that the widespread distribution of proprietary medicines (though not the cough mixture in question because of its ingredients) whereby the housewife can buy her medicines along with her bacon, her cheese, her jam and her tooth-paste, must lend support to the theory that they are just "other goods." But that is not to argue that the pharmacist should accept that position.

Other points

The complaint in point (d) of the Council's statement is valid, and from my own experience true. There have been difficulties occasioned by the public having been led to believe that every pharmacist was participating in the scheme. The position is not dissimilar from that obtaining when the advertisement informs the public that the product is obtainable from all the good chemists. The last point made in the statement is that the effect of advertising over which pharmacists have no control is increased by the issue of free samples. The fact, as stated, is true, but advertising of all kinds frequently invites the reader to send direct to the manufacturer for free samples. The difference in this particular case is that the preparation contains a Part I poison, and the co-operation of the pharmacist was essential to the success of the scheme. I decline to co-operate. But, while most strongly approving of the tenour of the Council's advice to its members, I wonder if the matter can be left where it is?

Distribution

What is the correct attitude to adopt if, on informing the customer that no samples are available, that customer asks if he may purchase a bottle? He has been influenced by the advertiser's description and, if the article is in stock and no questions are asked, the only difference in the transaction appears to be that money changes hands. The question the individual pharmacist has to ask himself is whether he can, with full professional conscience, lend his status to the sale of any or every proprietary preparation, regardless of its content and regardless of its claims. That, at the moment, is a matter for individual discretion, for there is no question but that advertising creates a demand which results in "medicines being distributed which may not be required." The Council has started something that is far-reaching and complicated. Meanwhile I refuse, for many good reasons, to co-operate in free sampling.

State of the Public Health

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER'S REVIEW OF 1962

GENERALLY speaking, the qualitycontrol procedures undertaken drug manufacturers were thorough and were more than sufficient to ensure the reliability of their products in clinical use, states Sir George Godber (Chief Medical Officer, Ministry of Health) in his annual report "On the State of Public Health, 1962" (H.M. Stationery Office, 12s. 6d.).

The existing system of quality control, in the opinion of Sir George, was complex but could give satisfactory results against a background of conscientious testing done as a routine by the producers of most of the drugs used. Testing for inherent toxicity and for therapeutic efficacy had not always kept pace with the extremely rapid progress in pharmaceutical manufacture and, says the report, "It may be impossible at the present time to make an accurate appraisal, either clinically or in the laboratory, of the actual risk of the teratogenic effect in man from a particular drug. . . . While scrupulous concern for safety must be exercised in the introduction of new drugs, it is important also to avoid a system so cautious that it obstructs progress to an extent which withholds far more benefits than it confers. To eliminate all risks would be to eliminate all progress.

However, Sir George does give the warning that "The restrictions available under existing extremely complicated legislation are not readily and promptly applicable to new substances that might be offered as medicines either to doctors or the general public.

During the year under review the Standing Joint Committee on the Classification of Proprietary Preparations assigned about sixteen drugs to the two categories "N" and "P." Most of them were drugs for the treatment of infections or infestations or drugs used in the alleviation of mental disorders. Of the remaining drugs classified by the Committee in 1962 two were cytotoxic agents and the others included a compound that interfered with the metabolism of alcohol; a cream to protect against ultra-violet light; and the enzyme penicillinase, which could be used clinically to re-move penicillin rapidly from the body if its presence proved to be detrimental rather than beneficial. The report discusses the problems of chemicals in foods and the methods by which agricultural, horticultural and food storage pesticides were now dealt with under a voluntary, but comprehensive, scheme agreed between the Ministry of Agriculture and the manufacturers. 'Notwithstanding all these precau-ions," it says, "suspicion persists in tions," it says, "suspicion persists in some quarters that, in various insidious ways, harm may arise from the extensive use of toxic chemicals in agriculture or animal husbandry and that the consumer is not afforded adequate protection by the controls at present exercised. One difficulty is that, scientifically speaking, an assurance of complete safety can never be given.

The situation is, of course, the same as that found in many other aspects of community life, such as railway travel, domestic electrical supplies, heating systems and so on. Moreover, it is always far easier to make unsubstantiated charges about possible dangers than it is to assemble the evidence

necessary to refute them.'

During 1962 there was a decline, compared with 1961, of 7 per cent. in mortality from tuberculosis, and decreases in the numbers of deaths from diphtheria, whooping cough, syphilis, poliomyelitis, dysentery and influenza. Deaths from cancer during 1962 reached 100,000 for the first time, 23 per cent. of them of the lung and bronchus (double the number recorded from that cause in 1950). Whooping cough had become a much smaller hazard but still menaced children in the first year of

Cardiovascular diseases and diseases of the respiratory system were still among the chief causes of death. Mortality rates for both were influenced by the weather and by epidemics of influenza and other infections, but the number of people dying of bronchitis remained consistently high.

Cases of acute poliomyelitis were at their lowest total, except for 1918, since notification began in 1912. The feature of 1962 was the virtual elimina-tion of the seasonal increase in summer and autumn. The long campaign vaccination appeared to have brought the country within sight of the elimination of the disease.

Bronchitis was the third most common cause of death in men over thirty, being surpassed only by arterio-sclero-tic and degenerative heart disease and by vascular lesions affecting the central nervous system. Evidence was strong that environmental factors were all-important in chronic bronchitis, but a constitutional element in susceptibility to the condition was likely. The two most important causative factors disclosed by epidemiological research were cigarette smoking and atmospheric pollution. The evidence incriminating cigarette smoking was "overwhelming.

On dental health the report states that trials of brands of tooth-paste containing stannous fluoride were being made on groups of school children but it would be three or four years before their effectiveness could be reliably

assessed.

LECTURES FOR HOSPITAL PHARMACISTS

South-west Metropolitan Committee's scheme

A DAY-RELEASE course in pharmacology and physiology, for pharmacists qualified before those subjects were included in the curriculum, has been arranged at Ewell County technical college by the South-west Metro-politan Hospital Pharmacists' Com-

The Committee's report for the year 1962-63 says that, because the number of applicants exceeded the number of places available, a second course would be necessary. It would start in Octo-ber 1964. The course, comprising weekly whole-day sessions, follows the announcement of a scheme for training dispensing assistants in the Region (see C. & D., September 28,

p. 331).

Most important of the 'Committee's functions is still held to be the operation of a joint contracting scheme for drugs. That has led, says the report, to prices ruling in the area remaining "consistently lower than those operating in any other region in the United Kingdom." Total estimated value of Total estimated value of Kingdom. contracts made during 1962-63 was about £450,000 and savings to the Regional Board of about £45,000 are claimed. On quality control, the report says that officers visited contractors' premises to satisfy themselves as to the conditions under which materials purchased were produced, but time limited the number of visits possible. The Committee hopes the Ministry of Health will initiate action to ensure minimum standards of quality control at source, and of inspection and supervision throughout each process. With that in mind, the Committee will in future accept tenders only from companies that have given proof (a) of

their bona fides as traders or agents and (b) of their analytical facilities.

Two new ventures for reducing costs are given under the head "The Wandle Valley Scheme." Bulk supplies of certain drugs are purchased by the Board at "unusually low prices" and tableting is carried out by a "professional tablet-maker." Drugs purchased in that manner are distributed from a central pharmagus store at Wandle Valley has pharmacy store at Wandle Valley hospital through the medium of the regional laundry service, and savings to date are estimated at £10,000. same store redistributes drugs surplus to the requirements of the hospitals.



BACK TO COLLEGE: Messrs, R. M. Armour (senior pharmacist, St. Luke's hospital, Guildford) and S. L. Barrow (group chief pharmacist, Farnham hospital, Farnham) bring out their notebooks again for the physiology and pharmacology course organised by the South-west Metropolitan Hospital Pharmacists' Committee.

LEGAL REPORTS

Tetracycline Patents

In the Chancery Division of the High Court on October 2, Mr. Justice Lloyd-Jacob adjourned, to a date to be fixed, an application by the Pfizer Corporation for an order against D.D.S.A. Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. Mr. John Whitford, for Messrs. Pfizer, said they sought an injunction to restrain infringement by D.D.S.A. Pharmaceuticals of two Pfizer patents relating to the antibiotics tetracycline and oxytetracycline. Time was needed to consider the considerable volume of evidence received from the respondents, and an undertaking was given to file any evidence in reply within fourteen days. The case would occupy one day. The judge said that the matter could be heard on the first available day after the expiration of the fourteen days—possibly on October 18.

Manager Fined

AFTER pleading guilty to four charges of making a false entry in the till roll, Charles Laurence Moores, 220 Dalston Lane, Hackney, was at London Sessions recently fined a total of £60. He pleaded not guilty to four charges of stealing 10s. from his employer, Briggs (Cash) Chemists, Ltd., 197 Hoxton Street, London, N.1. The case

was first heard at Old Street magi-strates' court (see C. & D., September 7, p. 218). In cross-examination by the defence a police official said it was discovered that a woman had been dipping into the till but she had been dealt with at the magistrates' court for larceny and was fined £10. In mitigation, defending counsel said that Moores had been rather "woolly" over the accounts and had not realised that a woman employee was taking money from the till. When discrepancies arose he thought he was responsible for faulty accountancy. To make up the deficiencies he had under-rung the till. There was no money sticking to his fingers and he now had to be dealt with by his disciplinary professional body. Moores was allowed one month in which to pay the fine, with an alternative of one month's imprisonment, consecutive on each count, in default of payment.

Injunction Granted

In the High Court on October 8, J. R. Geigy, S.A., Basle, owners of a patent covering the manufacture of phenylbutazone, a product sold by them under the trade name Butazolidin, were granted until trial of an action an injunction restraining D.D.S.A. Pharma-

POISONS SUPPLIED TO A DRUG STORE

Fined wholesaler to appeal "on matter of principle"

SALES of Preludin and Dexedrine tablets by W. Sutton & Co. (Druggists Sundries, London), Ltd., Horseshoe Lane, Enfield, to a drug store owner resulted in the company being summoned by the Pharmaceutical Society. The case was heard by the Enfield magistrates on September 30. The company pleaded "Not guilty" to three summonses of illegally selling the poisons.

Mr. Rodney Bax, prosecuting for the Society, said that, in November and December 1962, and in June 1963, Messrs. Sutton sold quantities of Preludin or Dexedrine to a person trading as Robert Clarke in Finsbury Park. Mr. Clarke's shop was classed technically as a drug store. In March, two inspectors of the Pharmaceutical Society, with a police sergeant, went to Clarke's premises and took possession of a quantity of invoices from Messrs. Sutton. From them it was evident that the company had been regularly supplying the shop with the tablets.

On the invoice for the November

delivery a quantity of Preludin tablets was recorded, but an order for Dexedrine—listed three items down—was refused. In the margin was written "C.O.," which meant "for chemists only." But on other invoices deliveries of Dexedrine were recorded. An inspector of the Society told the court he later saw the managing director (Mr. S. H. Wilson) and another director. He drew their attention to the irregularities in the sales of the tablets and was told that there must have been an error in procedure in the warehouse. He was also informed that in future the company would include the

identity of customers at the foot of order forms.

Defence counsel (Mr. Michael Sherrard) submitted that there was no case to answer. There was a gap in the legislation, and if a company sold poisons to a retailer on a wholesale basis for resale, then the company could not be summoned.

Mr. Bax replied that the object of the Act was to stop poison getting into the wrong hands, and the real meaning of the section quoted by the defence was "lawful resale." Otherwise, he visualised a chain of people buying poison, selling to each other and putting forward the defence that it was "wholesale dealing." Defence counsel said that the gap should be closed by Parliament and not compensated by the courts. By adding the word "unlawful," the prosecution had interpreted the legislation as ruling that a wholesaler could be prosecuted for selling the drugs to a retailer for unlawful resale.

The bench agreed unanimously that there was a case to answer and defence counsel repeated his argument. He also told the magistrates that the company, which claimed to be the oldest in the business, had not been dishonest. The facts showed that the sales to Mrs. Clarke had been the result of nothing more than carelessness.

The magistrates found the company guilty and imposed fines totalling £60, with £10 10s. costs. Counsel for the company said there would be an appeal to the High Court. He asked the magistrates to state a case. A matter of principle was involved which interests the whole trade.

ceuticals, Ltd., Portman Square, London, W.1, from distributing in the United Kingdom tablets of the drug made by a process infringing the patent. The defendants denied infringement and claimed that the patent was invalid. The balance of convenience was against an injunction. For Messrs. Geigy, it was said the drug sold in Britain was made under patent No. 646597 dated April 10, 1948. The first alleged infringement was a sale by D.D.S.A., on May 27, of supplies of the drug obtained from an Italian firm which had said that the drug had been made under an Australian patent, and later under a Portuguese patent. It was submitted that the process used by the Italians did not take the process outside the scope of the British patent. Counsel for D.D.S.A. submitted that there was no infringement because the percentage of infringing substance had been eliminated. He also maintained that the original specification was so wide that it could not be upheld and that an injunction would be against the public interest. Giving judgment, Mr. Justice Lloyd-Jacob said the patent related to pyrazolidine derivatives, of which phenylbutazone was one. For thirteen years the validity of the patent had not been successfully challenged anywhere. The only ground upon which validity was now questioned was upon the intrinsic evidence of the specification, but he found no prima facie reason that the specification should not be treated as a valid monopoly. It had been contended that an interlocutory injunction, even if otherwise justified by the plain-tiffs' evidence of validity and infringement, should not be granted because the product was one which, under the Food and Drugs Act, a compulsory licence might be secured. He was far from satisfied that the plaintiffs' complaint of financial damage could be adversely criticised, particularly as the . plaintiffs, at the date of the writ, had been selling the drug for ten years and the defendants for ten days. There was also no evidence that the proper demands of the public were not being met from sources authorised by the patentees. The only remaining question was that of infringement. It concerned 6-8 per cent. of a substance left during the process, which was an infringing substance. On that basis the defendants should not distribute material made by the process as set out in the defendants' evidence.

COMPANY NEWS

Previous year's figures in parentheses

BOOTS PURE DRUG CO., LTD.—An interim dividend of 4 per cent. is declared (same).

GUEST INDUSTRIALS, LTD.—Dr. J. T. McCombie has joined the company as technical director.

JEYES' SANITARY COMPOUNDS CO., LTD.—Group net sales for the thirty-six weeks ended September 6 amounted to £2.8 millions and pre-tax group profits to £248,000 after absorbing £21,000 of advertising expenditure carried forward from 1962.

EUCRYL, LTD.—An unchanged interim dividend of 5 per cent. on capital

increased by a one-for-five scrip issue is declared. The previous year's total was 15 per cent., equivalent to $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. after adjusting for the scrip issue.

LAPORTE INDUSTRIES, LTD.—An interim dividend of 3 per cent, has been declared. It has also been decided to adopt the practice of issuing a financial statement in respect of the period of six months to September 30 in each year. First of the statements is being issued on November 29.

ASSOCIATED CHEMICAL COM-PANIES, LTD.—An interim dividend of 6½ per cent. (same) is declared. Group profits, before tax, for the half-year to June 30 were £405,790 (against £399,818 in the same period of 1962). Volume of sales during the first few months of 1963 was lower than in the comparable period of 1962 but improved later and currently is running at a more satisfactory level. Although price reductions have taken place since the end of 1962 profitability was maintained. The information at present available relative to the second half-year indicates a reasonable expectation that profits for the whole of 1963 will not be lower than for 1962.

FARBWERKE HOECHST, A.G. -Turnover is expected to be 8-9 per cent. higher (at about DM3,700 millions) in 1963, said Professor Karl Winnacker (chairman) on October 4. A satisfactory dividend (probably un-changed) could again be expected. The company's foreign subsidiaries had increased their turnover by about 30 per cent. in the first half of 1963 over that of the corresponding period of 1962. The labour shortage in West Germany was becoming so serious that the company was considering transferring part of its production to the "fringe of Europe." "Conditions may be good in Turkey. which has just become associated with the European Economic Community. We already have close connections with that country and may one day transfer one of our production units to it. I am also thinking of southern Italy and Spain, from where we draw many workers.'

BUSINESS CHANGES

HEPPELLS (1932), LTD., have closed down their branch pharmacy at 35 Haymarket, London, S.W.1.

MR. M. J. McATEER, M.P.S.N.I.. has opened a pharmacy at Bridge Street, Strabane, co. Tyrone, Northern Ireland.

LORD'S HEALTH AND BEAUTY, LTD., is the new trading title of Landale Chemical Co., Ltd., 35 Bank Street, Rawtenstall, Rossendale, Lancs.

RICHARD DANIEL & SON, Ltd., have appointed Mr. N. L. Euston to succeed Mr. F. Calladine as manager of their Ashton-under-Lyne branch.

Appointments

BENGUE & CO., LTD., Mount Pleasant, Wembley, have appointed Mr. I. Stewart area manager for their Southern region, Mr. Gordon Harrison has been appointed medical representative for the Manchester-Liverpool area and Mr. K. F. Butler for Newcastle-on-Tyne.

MR. D. E. PICKBOURNE, B.Sc., previously safety officer with Boots Pure Drug Co., Ltd., has been appointed secretary and executive officer of the British Chemical Industry Safety Council. The Safety Council was set up as a joint body by the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers and the Association of Chemical and Allied Employers in 1956, to co-ordinate the safety activities of the two associations. Mr. Pickbourne is operating from Imperial House, 15 Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

MIDLAND TAR DISTILLERS, LTD., Oldbury, Birmingham, state that, because of organisational changes which came into effect on October I, Mr. D. F. Tierney becomes chemical sales controller responsible for marketing policy and for sales. Under his control will be three sections with the following managers: Mr. R. H. Benney (chemical sales); Mr. R. C. Cunliffe (sales development): and Mr. K. A. Adey (product development).

MARRIAGES

O'KANE—CASEY.—At the Little Flower Oratory, Belfast, Northern Ireland, on October 1. Bernard O'Kane, 37 Strand Road, Portstewart, co. Londonderry, to Sarah Mary Casey, M.P.S.N.1., 518 Antrim Road, Belfast.

DEATHS

BELL.—On September 25, Mr. William Crockart Bell, M.P.S., St. Medams, Brown Street, Blairgowrie, Perths. Mr. Bell qualified in 1914.

CLARKE.—On September 30, Mr. Philip J. Clarke, a director of Fletcher, Fletcher & Co., Ltd., London, N.7.

CURTIS. — At University College Hospital, London, on October 6, Mr. Stanley Reuben Curtis, B.A., F.C.A., 69 Hamilton Terrace, London, N.W.8, clerk to the council of the School of Pharmacy, University of London

Pharmacy, University of London.

Doctor Frank Hartley (dean of the School) writes: "Mr. Curtis had been clerk to the council and the secretary of the School of Pharmacy, University of London, since 1948. He had identified himself with the School and its interests in many ways and in many quarters, and will be much missed by his many friends."

LOVATT. — October 1, Mr. Edgar Lovatt, M.P.S., 51 Avenue Road, Trowbridge, Wilts. Mr. Lovatt, who qualified in 1908, was formerly in business at Frome, Somerset.

McNAUGHT.—Suddenly, at a Glasgow hospital on October 1, Mr. John Duncan McNaught, M.P.S., 132 Dorchester Avenue, Glasgow, W.2. Mr. McNaught qualified in 1911.

MILLER. — Recently, Mr. Peter Miller, M.P.S., 10 Richmond Hill, Bristol, 8. Mr. Miller qualified in 1927.

MASON.—In hospital recently, Mr. Clifford Donald Mason. Mr. Mason had only lately been promoted chairman of Mason & Co., Ltd., King Street, South Shields, having previously been managing director for many years. His son. Mr. John Mason, is managing director of the company, which has branches in Newcastle, Durham, Hexham, Morpeth and South and North Shields.

PARRY.—On September 11, Mr. Evan David Parry, M.P.S., High Street, Stanthorpe, Queensland, Australia. Mr. Parry qualified in 1925.

RUSSELL.—On September 27, Mr. Arnold Hugh Russell, Greenways, Borrowcop Lane, Lichfield, Staffs. Mr. Russell qualified as a chemist and druggist in 1904 and retired in 1941.

SEIVWRIGHT.—Suddenly, on October 1, Mr. William Seivwright M.P.S., 73 Waverley Street, Glasgow, S.1. Mr. Seivwright qualified in 1907.

SIMPKIN.—On October 6, Mr. A. Leslie Simpkin, M.C., Blenheim, Eccleshall Road South, Sheffield, 11. Mr. Simpkin founded A. L. Simpkin & Co., Ltd., Hunter Road, Sheffield, 6, in 1931 and until his retirement in 1959 he was managing director of the company, being succeeded by his son, Mr. A. Neville Simpkin. Amongst many interests outside the pharmaceutical field, he served the Baptist movement in many local and national positions, particularly as chairman of the Finance Committee of the Baptist Missionary Society. He leaves a widow, a daughter and three sons, all of whom are connected with the business.

WILLIAMSON.—On September 21, Mr. George Richard Williamson, M.P.S., Ullenwood, Bereweeke Close, Winchester, Hants. Mr. Williamson qualified in 1907.

PERSONALITIES

ON the occasion of the 107th anniversary of its foundation, Sir Hugh Linstead, M.P. (a secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society) has been named an honorary member of the Buenos Aires, Argentine, College of Pharmacy and Biochemistry.

MR. G. A. BROOKS, 94 Thorpe Park Road, Peterborough (superintendent pharmacist, Peterborough Cooperative Chemists, Ltd.), is back home after spending a week in Berlin, Germany, where he attended the German Optical Congress.

MR.S.K.HARRIS, managing director, R. D. Silver, Ltd., Kettering, Northants, is retiring after being associated with the company for thirty-five years. Mr. Harris joined the company as an apprentice in 1928. A Kettering-born man, he is well known as a member of the local Rotary Club and as an amateur photographer.

MR. L. M. BROWN has been appointed group chief pharmacist for Angus General Hospitals following the reorganisation of the group pharmacy department, under which the central pharmacy department will be at Stracathro Hospital. A native of Barrow, Mr. Brown was appointed pharmacist at Stracathro Hospital in 1950. He is a member of the Brechin town council.

MR. H. EDWARDS, who for the last seventeen years has been a director and manager of the manufacturing section of Southall Bros. & Barclay, Ltd., Birmingham, recently retired. Altogether he had been associated with the Sanger group of companies for thirty-three years, first with John Thompson (Wholesale Druggists 1921), Ltd., Liverpool.

TRADE NOTES

Honey from Stock.—D. J. Scott & Co., Ltd., importers of honey, Winchester House, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2, hold stocks for immediate

supply.

Training Children to Use a Cup. — Kaymet Co., Kaymet Works, Sylvan Grove, London, S.E.15, state that their Ucky-Ducky drinking cup is now supplied with two training lids. It is available in bright colours and attractively

Napkin Liners.—V. S. Besso & Co., Ltd., 61 George Street, Manchester, are manufacturers of the Sally Pigtails Drianaps "one-way" napkin liners, which have the effect of keeping baby dry and avoiding discomfort, soreness and rash. The display carton holds twelve packets of two.

Free Insurance Policy. — Customers of the G.E.C. Lullaby electric blanket, which the manufacturers, General Electric Co., Ltd., 1 Stanhope Gate, London, W.1, claim is "the world's most attractively packed and most reasonably priced electric overblanket," are given a £10,000 insurance policy free.

The " Ultimate " Tetracycline.— Carlo Erba (distributors in Great Britain: Fraser Chemicals, Ltd., 88 Lewisham High Street, London, S.E.13) are marketing under the name Tetratetracycline hydrochloride which they claim is twenty-five times more soluble than standard tetracycline hydrochloride and stable throughout the complete range of physiological ph.

Appointed Distributors.—The British Medical Association announces that it has appointed Continental Cosmetics, Ltd., to be the sole distributors to pharmacies in the United Kingdom of their Family Doctor booklets. Orders may be placed with the company's sales representatives or sent direct to Family Doctor, Booklet Division, 88 Fonthill Road, London, N.4.

Stocks with Wholesalers. — Rhuaka Remedies (1923), Ltd., 6 Church Street, Ashton-under-Lyne, state that stocks of Rhuaka digestive syrup and Frangula Rhuaka tablets are held by all well-known chemists' wholesalers to meet the increased demand created by increased advertising in national daily and weekly newspapers. Any difficulty in obtaining supplies should be notified direct to the manufacturers.

Visiting Britain from Pakistan. -Mr. M. A. Sheikh (chairman, Pakistan Pharmaceutical Importers' Association) was scheduled to arrive in London on October 8 for a stay of three weeks. His address in London is care of Stafford Allen & Sons, Ltd., Wharf Road, London, N.I. Persons interested in obtaining information regarding the pharmaceutical trade and industry in Pakistan are welcome to contact him at that address.

Pharmaceuticals from Poland.—Sole representatives in Great Britain for a number of Polish pharmaceutical products for medical and veterinary use exported solely by Ciech Import and Exported solely by Cleen Import and Export of Chemicals, Ltd., P.O. Box 271, 12 Jasna Street, Warsaw, are Anglo-Dal, Ltd., Chesterfield House, Bloomsbury Way, London, W.C.1. The products include those issued under the Polva, Biomed, Herbapol and Biovet brand names.

An "Own-name" Service.—Arthur H. Cox & Co., Ltd., Brighton, Sussex, offer chemists a service in providing "own-name" packs of products for over-the-counter sale. The service takes care of attractive packs, with brand mark of own choice or designed by the company's artists; seven pack styles; clear printing on cartons and labels; high display value in counter show material; and "excellent" for-

Change of Capsule Size.—Beecham Research Laboratories, Ltd., Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, announce that, during the next few weeks, the size of their Penbritin and Orbenin capsules is being reduced. Some canister sizes are in consequence also being reduced, bringing them into line with the company's standard range. The new-size capsules are easier to swallow, and the containers allow them to be stored more conveniently. Over a period of about two months, printed matter inserted inside the canister will draw attention to the change of size. Prices are unaltered.

Compact "at Refill Price." — Latest pressed-cream powder product of L. Leichner (London), Ltd., 30 Acre Lane, S.W.2, is de-luxe compact "at a refill price." The product is available The product is available in natural, beige veil, tawny rose and sun caress shades.

INFORMATION WANTED

The Editor would appreciate information about: Quadrelene clinical detergent

EUROPE'S LARGEST PHOTO-PAPER WORKS

Continuous production at £3½-millions plant

production on a round-the-clock shift system from October 7, a new photographic paper manufacturing plant of Kodak, Ltd., at Wealdstone, Harrow, Middlesex, is claimed the largest in Europe in terms of volume of production. The building comprises two paper-coating plants in which the rolls of photographic paper are coated with a light-sensitive emulsion and subse-quently handled for issue to users. Each coating plant is associated with an emulsion department in which are made and tested light-sensitive solutions; and a paper finishing department in which the sensitised paper is tested, cut into market sizes and packed. Paper is produced in the plant for the home market and for export all over the globe. Varieties are produced for document copying as well as for the amateur, industrial and professional photographic markets.

The work of construction began in August 1960, and the whole project has cost £3½ millions to complete. The four

story building is approximately 640 ft. long, 60 ft. wide and 60 ft. high.

A feature of the plant is its "dispensary" system, whereby weighed pensary" system, whereby weighed quantities of the various filtered liquid ingredients of the coatings are delivered, after "indent" by electronic signal, by stainless-steel pipeline, direct

into stainless-steel mixing kettles on a lower floor. In the mixing kettles the temperatures are controlled, and the emulsion is again filtered before passing to the coating department. The stress laid on filtration applies equally to the air, which must be free of all impurities not only in the coating department but just as importantly in the long and complicated drying sequence, in which the paper is supported on a cushion of air (5 tons of air per track per minute) on its long journey over intervalled "drying points."

"Robot" of the Dark

Another costly item that "highlights "-a most inappropriate wordthe difficulty of handling 15-cwt. rolls of light-sensitive paper is the lift-truck that, in darkness, delivers or fetches the rolls from 4-tier racks as a "robot operation.

Instrumentation is everywhere, en-abling every stage of the progress of the materials through the works to be logged and controlled in the comparative brightness of yellow-lamped instrument rooms.

Enormous as the present capacity of the plant is, the ground space for additional tracks parallel to the present two is earmarked for extensions at some future date.





Left: Part of a paper-coating machine. Right: Exterior view of the new plant at Wealdstone.

NEW PRODUCTS AND PACKS

For Estimating Haemoglobin. — Evans Medical, Ltd., Speke, Liverpool, 24, have made available a haemoglobin estimation kit that enables the proposed Lead Processes (Medical Examination) Regulations 1963, amending the Factories Act, to be mct. The kit is also suggested for screening for possible anacmias in general practice and in ante-natal clinics.

Available as Syrup.—Beecham Research Laboratories, Ltd., Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, announce that Penbritin broad-spectrum penicillin is now available as a powder in the quantity for preparing 60 mils of a fruit-flavoured syrup product. When dispensed, each 5-mil teaspoonful contains 125 mgm. of ampicillin. To ensure precise dosage, a plastic teaspoon is supplied with each bottle.

Progestational Agent.—Upjohn, Ltd., Fleming Way, Crawley, Sussex, announce the introduction of Provera and Depo-Provera, incorporating a new progestational agent for use in the management of menstrual disorders and threatened abortion. Provera tablets, 5-mgm., are issued in containers of twenty and 100 and Depo-Provera (50-mgm. per mil) in containers of 1 and 5 mils. Both products are available on prescription only and subject to Schedule IVB of the Poisons Rules.

Desensitising Vaccines.—The Bencard Allergy Unit of Beecham Research Laboratories, Ltd., Brentford, Middlesex, are marketing two desensitising vaccines, Haygen and Bronchagen, for the treatment of allergy. The products are described as the logical outcome of research within the Unit. They are offered for the effective treatment of allergic asthma and perennial rhinitis and hay fever. No skin tests are necessary. Haygen (for hay fever) is supplied in four 10-mil vials in graded strengths suitable for one season's treatment, and Bronchagen (for asthma and perennial rhinitis) in three 10-mil vials in graded strengths for a complete course of treatment.

An Antihistaminic and Nasal Drops.—Zyma (U.K.), Ltd., Catteshall Lane, Godalming, Surrey, are marketing two new pharmaceutical specialities. Fenostil-retard tablets and Fenostil syrup are described as an antipruriginous anti-allergic antihistaminic. Each tablet contains 2·5 mgm. of dimethpyrindene maleate and the syrup contains 1 mgm. of the compound in each 10 mils. The tablets are issued in packs of twenty and 100, and the syrup in bottle of 100 mils. Vibrocil nasal drops and nebuliser contain 25 per cent. of phenylephrine, 35 per cent. of neomycin sulphate and 2·5 per cent. of dimethpyrindene maleate. The use of the drops and nebuliser are indicated in common cold, acute and chronic rhinitis and similar conditions. The pack is a drop bottle of 15 mils. The nebuliser is of 15 mils capacity.

Vitamins with Iron.—Astra-Hewlett,

Vitamins with Iron.—Astra-Hewlett, Ltd., Watford, Herts, announce the introduction of a new speciality Refevit laminated multivitamin and iron tablets for sucking, chewing or swallowing. For over-the-counter sales the tab-

lets are presented in a three-colour outer display carton, showing a cut-out



of the layered tablet. Each carton holds twelve bottles of thirty. A larger (240-tablet) size and a dispensing pack of 1,000 tablets are also available.

Measured-dose Bronchodilator. —
Bayer Products Co. (a division of Sterling-Winthrop Group, Ltd.), Winthrop House, Surbiton-upon-Thames, Surrey, have launched a new bronchodilator in 10-mil translucent container fitted with measured-dose oral nebuliser. The nebuliser delivers, in a fine aerosol mist of controlled uniform particle size, 200 doses of a product containing 0.6 per cent. of Isoetharine (N-isopropylethylnoradrenaline methanesul-phonate), 0·125 per cent, of phenyl-ephrine hydrochloride and 0·05 per cent. of thenyldiamine hydrochloride, together with saccharin and menthol. The product is intended for the rapid relief of bronchial asthma and other conditions in which bronchospasm is a complicating factor. Too frequent use is not recommended, as it may cause headache and other unpleasant reactions, and the bronchodilator should not be used with adrenaline or other related compounds. In other circumstances it is understood quickly to relieve bronchospasm, shrink the œdematous bronchial mucosa, and aid the expulsion of tenacious mucus.

More Canned Fruits for Diabetics.—Alfonal, Ltd., John Adam Street, London, W.C.2, have introduced a further range of sugarless canned fruits, enabling them to offer "a fully comprehensive" range of canned fruits for diabetics. The new varieties comprise five types of water-packed unsweetened and five types of sorbitol-sweetened canned fruits, all in 8-oz. tins.

Autumn/winter Make-ups.—Guerlain, Ltd., 14 Grafton Street, London, W.1, announce a "make-up collection" for autumn and winter 1963-64. Three new make-ups have been evolved, each laying special emphasis on the eyes. Known as Sapphire, Emerald and Topaz respectively, each includes eye shadow stick, eye-liner and roll-on brush mascara. The Sapphire shades are grey, marine blue and blue respectively, accompanied by matfilm, rouge and powder in Tourangelle, Iris and Marocaine shades respectively, plus a new lipstick Rose Tremière, "a pale red tinged with blue" to harmonise with the sapphire. The Emerald and Topaz make-ups contain similar selected colour groupings.

Clear Hair-spray.—Formulated, it is stated, "especially for use by women with colour-treated hair," Focus Crystal Clear hair spray has been launched by the Toni Co. (a division of Gillette Industries, Ltd.), 100 Brompton Road, London, S.W.3. Essential requirement for a hair spray for those types of hair, state the makers, is that the film imparted should be colourless, so as not to dim or otherwise affect the hair colour itself. It should also be easily removed by normal shampooing, thus avoiding the necessity for harsh treatments that might themselves remove the artificial colour from the hair. Focus Crystal Clear hair spray is claimed to be made in such a way that the film applied to the hair is completely clear and removable by normal shampooing. The set-holding qualities are claimed good and achieved without imparting an excessive stiffness. The perfume is of Cologne type, and the pack an 8-oz.





New Focus products by Toni Co.

aerosol. Another new product in the Focus range is Focus Extra ("extra colour, extra richness, extra depth, which brings the hidden colours to life

in the hair"), produced to meet a demand for products that safely impart deeper shades than Focus Highlights. The simple shampoo technique has been maintained. Each kit contains a sachet of precolour shampoo and a bottle of colorant, with full directions. At the start five shades are offered, each imparting a more intense tone of one of the established shades of Focus Highlight.

High-powered Batteries.—For battery-operated electric shavers, Ever Ready Co. (Great Britain), Ltd., Hercules Place, London, N.7, have produced a new battery, the HP2, described as "revolutionary." The battery is of similar dimensions to the international U2 but differs from it in having been designed and developed to give more power for longer periods. The makers claim that its use eliminates variations in the performance of battery operated shavers. Other uses are in photoflash equipment, for battery-operated tooth-brushes, etc. The batteries are issued in box of twelve in container of one gross.

"Top-quality" Hair Dryer.—As the first step in a move towards product diversification, Schick Incorporated (U.K.), Ltd., New Pound, Wisborough Green, Billingshurst, Sussex, have produced a new hair dryer, the Petite Salon. Its price is, they say, not low by comparison with others, but the company's managing director believes that "in a field where there are already many contenders, we feel there is room for a top-quality hair dryer." The dryer is built into the case. In use "the lid comes up, a flexible hose fits into a socket and attaches to a plastic bonnet which clips over the head. Within the limits of the flex, the user may sit or stand where she pleases." There are manicure attachments, and the motor is described as "so quiet that one can speak on the telephone or watch television or listen to the radio while using the dryer."

An Advance in Single-edged Blades. Ever-Ready Razor Products, Ltd., 26 Bedford Row, London, W.C.1, announce the launch of a new Ever-Ready Corrux "premium-edge" blade, representing, they claim, the biggest advance in single-edge shaving for years. The blades are "micro-misted" so that microscopic beads flow in front of the edge to "float it through the beard"; for added protection the blade is lacquered. The blades are packed on a tent card containing twelve tucks of

five blades each and designed "for maximum merchandising effectiveness." The blades are being introduced to users by a special razor offer (an Ever-Ready plastic-handled razor in "blister" with three Ever-Ready premiumedge blades). A free sample blade is also being inserted in each tuck of five standard Corrux blades, so that existing Corrux users may sample the new premium-edge blade.

An Aid for the Physically Handicapped.—Vincent Associated Services, Ltd., 30 New Bridge Street, London, E.C.4, draw attention to their new patented "ultra light" Helping Hand device. The new model has an appeal to all handicapped and elderly people and is ideal for those suffering from arthritis, polio or similar disabilities. For the bedridden and those in wheel



chairs it gives a feeling of independence and it enables the elderly to recover objects from the ground with-out stooping. Objects many times the weight of the device (6 oz.) can be recovered easily. Its length is $26\frac{1}{2}$ in. The jaws open 3 in, wide and grip firmly but gently both hard and soft objects (books, spectacles, wool, slippers, coins, newspapers). For people laid up in bed it will draw up blankets, open or close inaccessible curtains or switch on/off and tune the television or radio set. For general domestic use the device will hold brush or duster for cleaning picture rails, draw curtains, and retrieve articles dropped behind furniture. In the garden it may be used for picking fruit from trees. Sole distributors are Zimmer Orthopædic, Ltd., 134 Brompton Road, London, S.W.3.

Blades Under Constant Shave Tests.

— A new shaving product to be released on the British market is Perma-Sharp, a stainless steel double-edged

razor blade claimed to give "the smoothest, freshest shaves together with economy and life." Manufactured in Lanarkshire, Scotland, by Perma-Sharp, Ltd., Flakefield, East Kilbride, the blades require no wiping. To ensure that they are in perfect condition before they reach the consumer, the manufacturers have set up a test panel, "numbered in hundreds," of men who regularly receive a blade from production each week and whose reports are recorded and analysed before each batch number is released to the trade. In addition, all male employees at the factory arrive at work each morning without shaving. They have their own shaving room and constant shave tests are made throughout the day from blades straight off the production line.

Sterilising Vessel for Feeding-bottles. — While boiling an infant's feeding bottle is an effective means of sterilising it, the method has disadvantages. The process is troublesome and usually costly in terms of cracked bottles. In hardwater areas it produces a deposit to which milk can adhere, making subsequent sterilising much more difficult.



A vessel in which bottles can be sterilised by simple upright immersion in Nobactin sterilant has been specially designed by Gascoigne-Crowther, Ltd., Reading, Berks. The steriliser is easy to use, enabling bottles to be filled easily, and having a cap that gives protection against fly-borne contamination. The vessel, an upright beaker that takes two bottles, completely immerses them in the solution "and ensures effective germ control without the need to boil." Preparation of the solution is made easy because the lid incorporates a depression in which the Nobactin powder may be levelled off to give the precise quantity when water is added to a marked level. At present the company's promotion is directed to persuading mothers to write in to the company for one of the beakers complete with the Nobactin and the bottle brush for 10s. It is understood that Messrs. Gascoigne-Crowther intend later to distribute the beaker through pharmacies.







Lcft: Small-counter-area display-piece for new Corrux "premium-edge" blade of Ever-Ready Razor Products, Ltd., 26 Bedford Row, London, W.C.1. Centre: New presentation of Schick injector razor with Schick stainless blades. Right: Display-pieces for new Perma-sharp double-edged stainless blades of Perma-Sharp, Ltd., Flakefield, East Kilbride, Lanarks.

FOCUS ON AEROSOLS

International meeting of manufacturers in Brighton

ABOUT 600 delegates from all over the world attended the fourth International Aerosol Congress in Brighton, October 8-12. They were addressed by speakers from Germany, France, the United States and Great Britain, who covered various aspects of this rapidly growing section of the packaging industry. Held simultaneously was an exhibition—the first of its kind in England-which attracted seventy exhibitors from England, France, Germany. Spain, Italy, Switzerland. They displayed everything needed for the aerosol industry including containers, components, propellents, perfumes, concentrates, hair lacquers, deodorants, insecticides, chemical products, packaging machinery, machines for the manufacture of aerosols, aerosol filling machines, crimping machines, propellent pumps, laboratory equipment, etc.



JUDGING AEROSOL PACKS: The aerosol package competition jury choosing winning packs left to right: Mr. F. H. K. Henrion (chairman, England); Professor Hans Bohn (Germany), and M. J. P. Lauth (France).





PHARMA CEUTICAL ENTRIES, First prize: was awarded to Odol Werke Lingner (extreme G.m.b.H. left). Honorary men-tion: (left to right), Nasomixin by Pierrel, S.p.A., Italy; Terramycine, Laboratoire Pfizer Clin., France, Hibitane antiseptic aerosol, I.C.I., Ltd., Pharmaceuticals Division, England, Aylene foot powder, Farkos S.a.r.l., Switzerland, and Incidin-M-Rapid, Desowag - Chemie, G.m.b.H., Germany,

An aerosol package competition was also held in which 400 packs were entered. Visitors were able to see the winning and other entries which had been judged by M. J. P. Lauth (France); Mr. F. H. K. Henrion (chairman, England) and Prof. Hans Bohn (Germany).

Entries were placed in one of ten groups, for example; insecticides, air fresheners, hair preparations and so on, but not all groups received a "first" award, the judges considered sometimes that no entry quite measured up to requirements. Winning Entries

In deciding the best package in the competition as a whole, the judges awarded first prize to Shulton, Inc., for their new pack of "Colognes." A French and Italian entry each received an honorary mention, while all three were awarded first prize in their respective groups. First in the pharmaceutical group went to Germany while a British entry by Durazone Choice International, Ltd., was successfull in hair preparations. They also received first prize in group K2 (family ranges) for their Choice range which







AEROSOL STAR PRIZE: For the best package in the competition as a whole first prize was awarded to Shulton Inc., U.S.A., for their Shulton Cologne—new pack (left). An honorary mention was awarded for the Aeropak air freshener by Aeropak S.p.A., Italy, and for G Men, by Mariotti, France (right). All three entries won first prize in the respective class in which they were entered. Centre: Like Helen hair spray by Durazone-Choice International, Ltd., England, winner of group D (hair preparations).



the judges acclaimed as "outstanding, each individual package contributing to a remarkably consistent family appearance with the necessary variety achieved by the use of colour."

PERSONAL PRODUCTS: Atomizer Moustache after-shave lotion by Parfums Mareels Rochas, France, winner of group F.

MANUFACTURERS' ACTIVITIES

Irish Award for a Pack.—Warner-Lambert (Ireland), Ltd., an associate of William R. Warner & Co., Ltd., Eastleigh, Hants, have gained a first-class award for their Veganin 20's pack in a national competition organised by



the Irish Packaging Institute. The company had submitted an entry for the first time. The Irish pack is identical in design with the Veganin pack on sale in England. The judges' official comments were not announced when the awards were made—they are being published later — but G. T. Kelly, founder-member of the Institute of Creative Advertising and Design) said about the Veganin consumer pack: "I believe this to be quite flawless. It is simple, distinctive, beautiful and of immense impact."

Retirement Luncheon.—Customers. clients and associates of Thermos, Ltd., manufacturers of vacuum flasks, Brentwood, Essex, gathered in great numbers to do honour to Mr. Leslie T. Sawney, O.B.E., M.C., at a luncheon in London on October 1 to mark his retirement as chairman and managing director of the company since 1926. Mr. P. W. Huntsman, who presided told how "young Sawney" had arrived at a particularly difficult time in the company's history, when it was strug-gling to get on its feet after losing many of its most skilled workers in the 1914-18 war. Under Sawney the company had first recovered and then expanded. He had shown liberal and far-sighted leadership, so that, when the command arose in 1945, "Export or die," the company had the mechanism ready to hand. In every succeeding year exports had accounted for more than 50 per cent. of its production and sales. Mr. Sawney, acknowledging the toast proposed in his honour, and thanking the staff for contributing to present to him an 18-ft. motor launch as parting gift, forecast a great future for the company under his "capable and energetic" successor Mr. Huntsman.

SHAVERS AND DISPOSABLE SYRINGES

Needle industries group's expanding interests

AT first sight it may be difficult to detect a common basis for the manufacture of needles, electric shavers and disposable sterile syringes. All three, among others, are being produced by companies within the Needles Industries group, Redditch, Worcs. They do, in fact, represent a logical development of the group's light precision-engineering concerns.

One member company within the group (Henry Milward & Sons, Ltd.), was first encouraged to consider entering the competitive dry shaver market about three years ago, on learning that two-thirds of the British male population still used razors and soap. Two and a half years was spent on technical development and the end product—the remarkable Milward Courier cordless electric shaver—appeared on the market at the beginning of 1963. The Courier, which works on 6-volt batteries, incorporates an efficient electric motor and an exclusive scything action (using circular fine cone cutters), giving it, say the manufacturers, the perform

ance and efficiency of a mains shaver.

The production department is currently employing forty people; its production capacity is 3,000 a week. Additional factory space is being prepared so as to enable the output to be increased several times. The staff, mostly women, are selected for skill and responsibility. Every component is tested as it is assembled, so it is essential that the workers should be self-critical. The makers claim that each shaver is, in a sense, "hand-made."

The screen for the foil head is made

The screen for the foil head is made from 0.002 in. high-tensile steel, which is pierced on a machine and bevelled. The screen is then "blanked" out and polished. Its head is next preformed and assembled into its mount. During assembly it is stressed to a pressure of 12 lb., checked for yielding or distortion and finally passed. The operator has to locate the screens in the head to an accuracy of 2/1,000 in.

The hollow-ground saucer-shaped cutters are lapped by hand to give a mirror finish. Their life is claimed



Shaver motors being run-in and tested after

"almost indefinite," and a pair weigh less than a postage stamp. The cutters are assembled on the cutter spar with the trimmer blade, and the whole unit lapped again for balance in the running condition.

The motor (of American design) is made within the factory and tested at each stage. Every motor is run-in on the bench for about twenty minutes, and checked for vibration, noise, electrical efficiency and current consumption. The components are matched by hand to give an exact fit and maximum efficiency and the components are then assembled in stages along a production line. The completed shaver receives a full final inspection for current con-

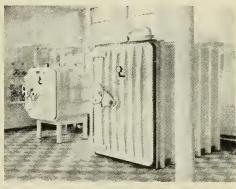


A final check on the shaving head: visual examination under a stereoscopic magnifier.

sumption, shaving efficiency, noise and vibration, running speed, etc., when used with battery cells. A final visual examination and handling of the shaver complete the inspection.

As well as working efficiently, the Milward Courier is also outstanding for its elegant design, a fact that was recognised by the award of the Duke of Edinburgh's prize to the shaver's designer (Kenneth Grange) on May 23.

The group also broke new ground in 1959, when, influenced by trends in the United States, the subsidiary company Shrimpton & Fletcher, Ltd., became the first to manufacture disposable sterile hypodermic syringes and needles in Great Britain. Three sizes of syringe are made (2 c.c., 5 c.c., and 10 c.c.); in the future a 20-c.c. syringe may also be made. Three sizes of needle are made (nos. 1, 15 and 18). The plastic syringes and plungers are shipped as blanks to the factory. The barrels are then printed with gradua-tions, and rubber ends fitted to the piston plungers (the rubber mountings being lightly lubricated with silicone oil). The syringe is assembled and automatically heat-sealed into an individual polythene pack. Simultaneously, needles are assembled with plastic couplings; 50 per cent. of syringes sold are fitted with needles. Each syringe and needle pack is tested by hand for air tightness before being placed in a sterilising chamber, and treated for fourteen hours with ethylene oxide at controlled conditions of humidity and temperature.



Ethylene oxide sterilising chambers at the Redditch factory of Shrimpton & Fletcher, Ltd.

The gas is then exhausted and the syringes packed in boxes of 1.000 each. Ten samples are taken from each batch and subjected to intensive tests for sterility. In addition, control sachets are included with each batch, and they change colour in the presence of ethylene oxide. The company state that there has never been a case where the sterilising process has not worked and that, in four years' production, there has been no infection traceable to the product. Syringes that have been tested after a lapse of four years have been found to be still completely sterile.

Large stocks of syringes and needles are held in readiness for, when a hospital decides to adopt the system, a service must be available within hours.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT New mechanical aids at Olympia

OVER £10 millions' worth of business equipment was believed to be on show at the fifty-second National Business Efficiency Exhibition, held at Olympia, October 1–5. Mechanisation has already taken over in most large company offices. Now the equipment manufacturers are going after the smaller offices. Besides the electronic computors, there were the latest in adding machines, dictating equipment, duplicators typewriters, eash registers, etc.

tors, typewriters, cash registers, etc.

Among the new calculators shown by Burroughs Machines, Ltd., 356 Oxford Street, London, W.I., were their series C 1000, single and duplex models. Added Adding Machines, Ltd., 11 St. Cross Street, London, E.C.1, demonstrated their new Changemaster machine which totals the value of purchased goods, calculates the change and issues a printed ticket with the details. Electrically operated it costs £75. Among the many new copying machines was the Ilfoprint by Ilford, Ltd., Ilford, Essex; the Thermofax 45 (which is hired at £1 per month) by Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Wigmore Street, London, W.I. Carbostat and Copylith by Copycat, Ltd., Greycoat Place London, S.W.1, and the Remington 250 photocopier by Remington-Rand, Ltd., 65 Holborn Viaduct, London, E.C.1. Philips Electrical, Ltd., Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2, and Pullman Business Machines, Ltd., demonstrated their latest dictating and recording machines.

Correspondence

Letters when received must bear the name and address of the sender, not necessarily tor publication. The Editor does not hold himself responsible for the views expressed.

No Policy Change

SIR,—No doubt some pharmacists will be in correspondence with you concerning the article in last Sunday's *Observer*. You will appreciate that much that appears in the public Press could be described as "inspired" writing, and I am able to advise you that the board of this company has not changed its policy of selling only through retail chemists.

P. J. DICKINSON, THE BRITISH DRUG HOUSES, LTD., London, N.1

Restrictions on Enterprise

SIR,—Mr. E. C. Burrow's letter headed "Enterprise" (C. & D., October 5, p. 368) reminds me of a pharmasorry, a chemist, who retired about the time I began my apprenticeship. He was in business for some thirty years and never joined the Society (no point in it, my boy!). His facia-board proclaimed that he was a 'Chemist and Druggist-Qualified by examination," implying that the fellow down the road wasn't (and let him pick the bones out of that). He was never inspected, directed, pushed around or snooped upon. It was beneath his dignity to dispense for the N.H.I. (damned panel-paupers) but when he died he left £75,000—a fairish sum in the late '30's. For twenty-eight years or so I have been preaching that the 1933 Act was a mistake. Now at last one or two people are beginning to believe me!

NORMAN BUCKLEY, London, S.W.11

Wording That Causes Anxiety

SIR,—While welcoming a letter from Messrs. Allen & Hanburys which states that references to samples will be excluded from the company's Press advertisements, and while acknowledging the company's right to criticise the wording of the Council's statement, I was disturbed to read the penultimate paragraph. It is there stated they, the company, "have, to date, never allowed our products to be sold through any other type of retail outlet," the operative words being "to date." If this is an attempt to bring pressure to bear on the Council in any way it is to be deprecated. It could lead to a deterioration of the hitherto excellent relationship that has existed between pharmacists and the company. I would appreciate confirmation that my suspicions are without foundation and that this was, in fact, just a badly worded sentence.

R. DICKINSON, Newcastle-on-Tyne

That Increased Retention Fee

SIR,—One reason given for the 80 per eent. increase in the personal retention fee of members of the Pharmaceutical Society is that the annual voting paper (for new Council members) is sent with a stamped envelope for reply. That expenditure of three-

pence per member would hardly account for an increase of £4, and need not have been mentioned. The other surprise was that Council members get their locums' fees paid when they attend Council meetings. I know one or two who do not need this. Someone suggested we should ignore the demand and carry on as usual. This is an excellent idea which I would carry out with a few supporters. Any offers, please?

C. H. PATRICK, Twyford, Berks

SIR,—It is only too true and selfevident that there is a big rift between members and the Pharmaceutical Society over the increased retention fee. It is also only too true that this is a dangerous situation for any organisation or profession to be in. We realise that, with the increased responsibilities of the Society, there must be an increase in expenditure, but we have reached a stage where there is lack of confidence in the Society on this issue, and that any amount of statements made by the Council are viewed with suspicion, as bolstering of its own case—no matter how factual the statements may be. The impression of the members is of a huge juggernaut over which they have no control, and that members are treated as having an endless purse. May I make a plea that the Society should have an independent survey on its finances, to find out why this situation was not foreseen some years ago, whether the present plan is reasonable or suitable, and further to prepare a budget plan for the next five or ten years so that members can see where the Society is going, that there is control on expenditure, and avoid further crisis. With an independent survey the Society has nothing to lose or fear. It can regain and restore the confidence of its members.

MERVYN MADGE, Plymouth

Vick 44 Free Sampling

SIR,—The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society has missed the boat again with wishy-washy advice. On this occasion I am sure that every responsible professional man in the country would have expected and backed up a clear firm directive. As it is, every tramp, layabout, scrounger and mentally immature is going the rounds seeking a free sample of cough mixture. None of them seem to have a cough, but the exercise is doing them good.

FORMULA X (REVISED).

SIR,—During this last week I have had my shop invaded by all types of people, of all ages, clutching a piece of paper which was supposed to be exchanged for a free sample of a cough linetus containing a Part I poison. I read the usual late wishywashy type of statement from my protective organisation urging that I

should not partake in the scheme. It was so effective that all my "fortunate" brethren who had received their allocation immediately distributed same to all and sundry. Though I had given my usual winter order to this firm my quota had not yet arrived, though the coupons were distributed in my area. I would have liked to have had a member of my Council, or a member of the N.P.U. Executive and a member of Vick International in my shop to see the effect that this gimmick had produced. The eager something-fornothing look, the children with five or six coupons, the people accusing me of favouritism, the non-customer "grocer-goer-to," but few taking my sincere word that I had not had one of these sample nuisances on my premises. Why and for what did I suffer? My Society is demanding a higher fee, but does not even have the power to stop this abuse of poisons distribution. The N.P.U. could not care less, whilst Vick can do exactly what they like. No doubt they will prove the scheme to be a success, get the name known, change the formula, and release it to the grocers, etc. What fools, what powerless idiots we are. I therefore propose, if and when these our "coffin nails" come, to distribute them but to collect the coupons and charge them up to Vick, claiming a dispensing fee for each one labelled and given out. I also intend to make a daily charge of a nuisance fee for each day from the time of the coupon distribution on Monday last to the time of delivery, thus showing these Big Brother firms some sign of professionalism. As to my Society—just why do you want more money from me? VANQUISHED NOT VICKTOR

PRESCRIPTION POSER

Vaselus ZNUS

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THE prescription here reproduced was received by a Lancashire pharmacist, to whom it understandably caused some difficulty.



'TYROZETS'

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Generous winter bonus terms are now available for these popular fast-selling throat lozenges.

Make sure of your winter stock while the offer lasts.

If you have not already had details of the extremely advantageous terms, let us know without delay.

... And remember too, that bonus terms are available for 'SUCRETS', the distinctively-flavoured lozenges in the vacuum pack.

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TO MAKE EYES

Sheer bewitchery! No woman will be able to resist the glamour-look of Eylure Eyelashes! In their new luxury-packs, long silky Eylure lashes make a pretty item for a feminine dressing table. She'll just love them! Handmade in real hair or natural fur with long-lasting adhesive and Lashfix instant adhesive— Eylure lashes are put on easily and stay put.



To complement the popular Eylur Eylure has created a comprehens designed to flatter every woman. The complete range of products i

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WOMEN LOVE FLATTERY TS WHY THEY CHOOSE YLURE

Hands worthy to be kissed! Her hands given that extra slender elegance that every woman is searching for . . . by Eylure fingernails. These superb nails give a look of complete naturalness. Nobody guesses they are not her own that's why Eylure fingernails are such a success. Extra-easy to fix with he new powerful adhesive . . . and each pack comes complete with remover. When a customer complains of broken, split nails you can safely recommend worry-free' Eylure fingernails.



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to Hint of a Tint

Ifully blended luxury shampoo plus tle hint of colour, in one sachet, for ar weekly use. Retail price 1/2d a

esale price 8/- a dozen plus P.T. able in an attractive counter display , complete with colour selector, contains 1 dozen of each of the

esale price 40/- plus P.T.

OCK INECTO R BIG SALES PROFITS!

Inecto Hair Magic

An easy-to-use semi-permanent colouring available in three series—Shampoo, Brush-On and Fantasy Series. The Brush-On has been created to cover and colour hair up to 50% grey and to restore colour to faded hair. Retail price 3/6d. Wholesale price 2/- per bottle plus P.T.

Inecto Hi-Lift

The lanolised ultra bleach for lightening and brightening the hair or for white bleaching. Retail price 3/6d per carton. Wholesale price 2/- per carton plus P.T.

Inecto Crème Hair Lightener

A soft, gentle cream which lightens the hair 3 to 4 shades and leaves it in superb condition. Retail price 3/6d per tube. Wholesale price 2/- plus P.T.

Inecto Rapid

A permanent, non-fading liquid tint giving 100% coverage on any amount of grey or white hair. Retail price 4/8d.

Wholesale price 2/8d per carton plus P.T

Inecto Colour Crème

A permanent, non-fading colouring in cream form which gives 100% coverage on grey or white hair. Retail price 6/4d. Wholesale price 3/7d per carton plus P.T.

Inecto Crème for Men

A permanent, non-fading colouring in 6 sensibly masculine shades. It gives 100% coverage on any amount of grey or white hair. Retail price 6/4d. Wholesale price 3/7d per carton plus P.T.

colouring which lightens, bright colours and conditions in one applicat Ideal for covering grey or white! Retail price 4/8d.

Wholesale price 2/8d per carton plus

Hair Colour Stain Remover

An instant-action hair colour stain remo with a delightful perfume. Retail p 2/11d per bottle. Wholesale price 6/8d carton of 4 plus P.T.

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An instant hair colour remover for se Wholesale price 3/7d per carton plus P.T.

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A permanent, non-fading, oil-based

A permanent, non-fading, oil-based



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Beaten Air

As a statement-issuing body, the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society does not seem to be having the success its frequent practice should ensure. Its latest-but-one statement—on free samples—appears to have been quite widely disregarded. That situation, for many reasons, is more than a pity.

In part this is another instance of the Council's failure to influence people because it has not sufficiently made friends with them. The growing gap between headquarters and membership has been the talk of branches for many months, and now the gap has become an open breach that cannot be papered over. However, the present rebuff could have been avoided by even a modicum of foresight and realism. The Council really did not do its homework properly or promptly.

The first intimation by Vick International, Ltd., of its proposed free sample scheme was made, apparently, in July. Then, and approximately a month later (in a letter to the company) the Council "made it clear" that the scheme was objectionable and that "if it were launched," the Council's views would be published. If to "make clear" is to explain clearly, that is useful and valuable but not enough. The argument must be pressed home until it is either accepted or rebutted. Only at that point, in our view, has it been "made clear."

It seems to have been assumed by the Council that mere expression of its views, lucidly worded, would end the matter. The company, spotting that nothing was to happen until after the launch of the scheme, and perhaps taking the realistic view that the Council could do nothing effective to discipline a member who had handed out samples by that time, went ahead with the preparations for the launch. The Council did not meanwhile go ahead with the preparation of its statement. That, in consequence, had to be prepared in haste, and the evidence of its having been hurriedly put together is only too clear. Again it was issued on the bland assumption the Council's slightest word would be law to ts members. Unfortunately, by the time it reached hem, many had already handed out samples, and most had been faced with customers' requests for them.

Did the statement even carry conviction? Unquestionably it was sincere, but its catalogue of reasons invited argument, and almost provided within it an excuse for disregard. It had the weakness that there was no sanction behind it, and the inconsistency that appeals to professional ethics were assorted with appeals to commercial self interest.

One simple declaration that no exploitation of the pharmacist's qualification by outsiders for commercial reasons could be tolerated, one simple declaration that it was not in the public interest that medicines should be broadcast to all and sundry; sick or well, old or young, would have commanded the intellectual assent and effective co-operation of members—provided always it had been received and assimilated before the damage had already been done.

Instead, the fact that the statement appeared in the public Press, while many members of the public have nevertheless received their free samples, advertises to the public that a pharmaceutical chemist is not bound by the ethical standards put forward by his professional body. Alternatively, if he has adhered to the statement, then he will be regarded by some of his customers as denying them something to which they are entitled, and which they can find others ready to supply.

If it was never intended the statement should be backed up by disciplinary action against offenders, then it would have been better to have said nothing at all.

Pitfalls in Commission Agreements

WHENEVER a person instructs an agent to find a purchaser for his premises or his business, he should take the greatest care to express his authority to the agent in such a way that commission does not become payable if no sale is effected.

It is unwise to give any agent the sole agency for then, if the seller should find a purchaser by his own efforts, or through the introduction of some other agent or person, he may find that he is liable to pay commission by way of damages to the sole agent. Generally commission is payable where the agent finds a person ready, willing and able to purchase. The fact that the intending purchaser might be quite ready and willing to buy is clearly not sufficient in itself; for the proposed purchaser may be a "man of straw," and without the necessary finance to pay the purchase price. Apart from those generalisations, it is important that the proposed seller should be watchful and, when asked to sign a document, to see to it that it does not contain any clauses or words that would render him liable to pay commission, even though a sale may be effected through some other person or no sale takes place. Cases in the courts in which special clauses have been construed should be noted.

In one recent case a cafe proprietor instructed an agent to sell his business which he held on lease. The terms of the agreement provided that "if, within three months, any person introduced by the agents entered into a legally binding contract to purchase the business and property, commission would be payable." agents introduced a purchaser who was ready and willing to purchase and who was financially able to do so. The intending purchaser paid the deposit to the agents and entered into a contract to purchase. That contract contained a clause requiring the intending purchaser to "submit suitable and acceptable references for the landlord's approval." There was accordingly a warranty that the proposed purchaser was in a position to provide such references. The superior landlords, however, refused to give their consent to the sale because they did not consider the references produced were satisfactory. The sale was not completed. In the circumstances the agent who had introduced the intending purchaser claimed

commission, although there was no sale and the Court of Appeal, by a majority, held that the agent was entitled to the commission. The grounds of the decision were that the event for which commission was payable was the introduction of a person who entered into a legally binding contract. The event had happened since the intending purchaser had entered into such a contract to purchase the premises and business, and it therefore entitled the agent to his commission, notwithstanding that the sale had not been completed for the reason that the superior landlords did not consider the references satisfactory.

One member of the court stressed the point that the intending purchaser had expressly agreed to "submit suitable and acceptable references." That was an obligation undertaken by the proposed purchaser, and the view was expressed that the purchaser had broken the obligation in failing to produce satisfactory references. In consequence damages for such breach could be claimed. The decision of the majority of the Court of Appeal, therefore, appears to have been influenced by

the fact that the proposed seller, who would have to pay the commission, could recoup himself his loss by claiming and recovering damages from the proposed purchaser in respect of a breach of contract in failing to provide satisfactory references. That part of the reasoning of the court appears to establish a new and important point affecting would-be purchasers.

According to that ruling, a person proposing to purchase may lay himself open to a claim for damages at the suit of the proposed seller when he enters into an express contract to provide suitable references. Such an obligation would also be implied in any case, and it would appear that the proposed purchaser would run a similar risk even in the absence of an express clause to that effect. The conclusion is inescapable that proposed purchasers should avoid such pitfalls by expressly providing, in any contract for purchase, particularly of leasehold premises, that they are to be under no liability should their references be unsatisfactory, whether to the proposed seller or to any other person whose approval might be necessary before the sale could go through.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN HARDSHIP IN EXAMINATION REGULATIONS?

Recommendations for Conduct of Branch Representatives' Meetings

THE report of the Education Committee and its chairman (Mr. H. S. Grainger) came under fire at the monthly meeting of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society in London on October 2. The Committee reported that the concessions from the examination regulations commonly requested had been considered and it had been agreed that students should be told to comply with the requirements on practical training as set out in paragraph 6 of the examination regulations.

That "no period [of practical training] undergone between the commencement of the three-year course of study . . . and satisfying the Examiners in each of the three parts of the Examination . . ." could be recognised.

The Committee had resolved that no concessions should be granted from the requirements of the paragraph relating to the commencement of practical training.

Implications

MR. T. HESELTINE wondered whether Council members appreciated the implications of that. He quoted the case of a student who had passed his first and second examinations and failed in one subject at the third. The boy had, thereafter, been unable to go to school for a considerable time and had asked permission to do his training during the interval. That had been considered by the Education Committee as "not quite proper," and Mr. Heseltine asked for the views of other Council members. Mr. Grainger explained that the situation had arisen because of the new regulations recently introduced, which had been well publicised. The Committee felt it would be a retrograde step to grant such a concession. Someone who had failed to pass all the subjects of the final examination could not concentrate properly on preparing to resit the examination and at the same time undertake the duties of practical training. If the person passed at the next sitting, there would have been a deferment period of about six months.

MR. W. J. TRISTRAM questioned the six-month period, and suggested it might prove longer. MR. GRAINGER agreed that that might be so, if the student failed a second time. but emphasised that it would be unwise to grant the concession.

The treasurer (MR. H. STEINMAN) did not agree that the matter had been well publicised.

MR. A. Howells challenged the statement of Mr. Grainger that a student could not give his mind to preparing for

an examination. He thought that depended on the student. MR. Grainger explained that the regulations had come into force when the three-year system began to operate. He thought that those who disagreed with his statement that a student could not apply his mind properly to the examination were underestimating the standard of work and intellectual effort necessary to pass the final examination.

Referring again to the case of the boy who had failed, MR. HESELTINE said that, at the time of the examination, the boy had been suffering from hay fever. A concession might mean a great deal to a student, and it did not seem too much to ask.

MR. H. WILLIAMS maintained that rules and regulations should be obeyed. "I do not know why Mr. Heseltine should go to such great lengths over the case of one person when a period of only six months is involved." MR. HESELTINE protested that it was not just a question of one case.

A motion by Mr. Tristram, seconded by Mr. Steinman, to refer the item back for further consideration was defeated.

It was also reported that seventy-five entrants into pharmacy had been granted permission to commence practical training under the provision in paragraph 6 of the regulations. Those entrants had already obtained two of the required three subjects at advanced level and had sat the third subject unsuccessfully.

Branch Representatives' Meeting

A report on the Organisation Committee meeting was given by the chairman (MR. A. ALDINGTON). He said the Committee had discussed criticisms and suggestions made by MR. J. P. KERR on the current procedure for Branch Representatives' meetings, and it had been recommended that:—

- 1. A branch submitting in December a motion or motions for discussion at the Branch Representatives' meetings in the following May be invited to send to headquarters one person with authority to discuss them with the chairman of the Organisation Committee and headquarters officials.
- 2. That the rules of procedure for Branch Representatives' meetings be amended to allow the proposer and seconder of a motion five and three minutes respectively to present the motion, and five minutes to reply to the discussion.

(To be concluded)

FIGURES IN THE PHARMACEUTICAL WORLD

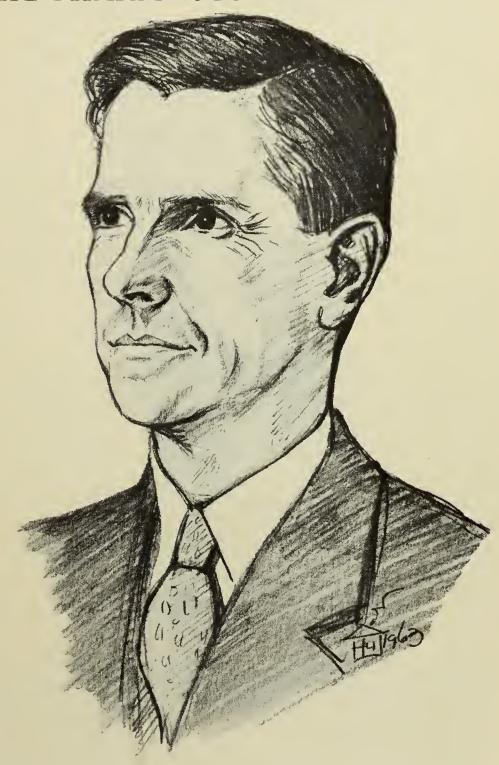
IT does not always or necessarily happen that the member elected to highest office in a professional body is he person best fitted to deal with the problem that arises most urgently during his presidency. Irish pharmacy an therefore congratulate itself that in 1963/64, when the problem of finning pharmaceutical education in the Republic has had to be negotiated (see 3. 384), it has had as principal spokesnan a leader who was brought into nan a leader who was brought into public life by the intensity of his interst in education and professionalism.

Donal Kennelly entered the pharmaeutical profession under good auspices. A native of Skibbereen, co. Cork, he vas taken on as apprentice in 1933 in he high-ranking pharmacy of S. B. ester, Cork. Stanley Lester, his apprentice-master, acknowledged to be ne of the finest pharmacists in the south, had a particular interest in and enough the inculcated an appreciation of the importance of knowing the function of the drugs he was called upon to lispense or handle. That awareness has emained with him.

emained with him.

One may be sure, too, that close ttention was paid in that "little Belast of the South" to his training in the principles of business and management. There were certainly ample hours for instruction, for the pharmacy remained open on weekdays until 10 p.m., on aturdays till 11.30 p.m. For the apprenance there was furthermore a Sunday norning duty every third week. Its opening hour of 10 a.m. was constant. Its closing hour less so, for it depended on the time at which "the last Metholist passed up" (the Methodists being otoriously later in ending their devolons than the more numerous Catholics, though none the less to be cultilated as customers at the pharmacy). There were certainly ample hours for ated as customers at the pharmacy). uch a waiting upon the clock might vell engender in a young apprentice a ealthy hostility to Methodism, but in he future president of the Society it only coloured with a tinge of humour natural tolerance which he has always ound it easy to practice to those whose iews on any subject diverge from his

His four-year apprenticeship ended. e went north to Dublin to study at the Pharmaceutical Society's school and to ualify in 1941. In the Irish capital he eld one part-time post (at Howth) beore accepting the charge of travelling o Ennis, co. Clare, to bring to a decent nd a pharmaceutical business that it vas known could not long survive. It uly closed, and he was back in Dubn, this time to become associated with nother pharmacist of exceptional charcter and distinction, the late Mr. Fawett Maxwell. Maxwell's pharmacy at Dalkey was—as it still is, but now ander Mr. Kennelly—one of the most rofessional in Greater Dublin. Maxwell's brother ("Gentle Willie") stablished a pharmacy there in 1895 o goods were put on display in its vindows. So austern a standard no onger obtains, but the present proprie-or has lived up to the plea of his redecessor and former employer to keep it as professional as you can."



MR. DONAL KENNELLY

It has still, probably the largest dispensing turnover in South Dublin.

From his earliest days at Dalkey Donal made it his practice to attend the annual meetings of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland, and almost invariably found himself speaking on some matter of professional practice that came up for discussion. He had at that time no thought of taking up pharmaceutical politics by standing for election to the Council, but the calibre of his contributions to the discussion was noted by others. When, therefore, the late Mr. J. J. Roche died, the then president approached him and his conpresident approached him and, his consent being forthcoming, he was coopted in June 1952 to fill the vacancy. His first meeting as a Council member, incidentally, was also the last on which the Council met at its old Mount Street headquarters. Kennelly's facility as a speaker matured, aided by an active participation in the Chemists' Debating Society and his duties as student liaison officer.

The year 1956 brought him into special prominence as local secretary for the Dublin meeting of the British Pharmaceutical Conference, where he endeared himself to English visitors with a (probably premeditated) Irishism in his first official announcement from the platform; since then he has been a regular attender at Conferences. He was treasurer of the Society, 1961-62, going straight into the presidency in October of the latter year. While still treasurer he had been appointed to the Comhairle na Nimheanna (the Poisons Board), and in the negotiations that went on with the Government over the piloting through the Dail of the new Pharmacy and Poisons Bills

he took a specially active part.

Pharmaceutical education continues to be, however, his dominant interest, and the tenacity that is apt to pass unnoticed beneath a much more immediate image of his charm will be an asset to the Council in its difficult diplomacy. A happy omen for success is the close friendship that exists between the president and his near neighbour,

residentially speaking: the Society's secretary and registrar, while the serenity of his home life with Mrs. Kennelly is clear from the fact that it stood proof against a by no means undistinguished incursion into her prize-winning field of floral arrangement. Success to his year of office and continued success to the educational plans of the Council!

Onward from Galen

SIDELINES OF CURRENT COMMENT

WORTH SEEING INDEED

DRY things, books, don't you think? At all events a Centenary Conference visitor, touring the Society's house during one of the periods in which it was thrown open to inspection, was overheard calling a friend to look at the library: "Oh, do come in here—they've got other things besides books."

★ MODELS AS MENTORS ★

How the artist can contribute towards clarifying scientific knowledge is the theme of an exhibition "Visual Aspects of Science" on view at the R.C.A. Galleries at the Royal College of Art, Kensington Grove, London, S.W.7, until

November 2. Designed by Will Burton, New York, collaboration with the American Upjohn Co., the exhibition features a series of images and models derived from atomic structures, electron microscopy of human cells, and theories of metabolic pathways. Its outstanding exhibit is certainly the "Upjohn brain" a complex assembly of huge aluminium discs, wires and multicoloured electric



lights that schematically simulates aspects of brain structure and function. Red patterns in the memory cortices serve to indicate visual memories, and are accompanied by images on the "consciousness screen"; green patterns are sound memories and are accompanied by noises in the sound system. In a nine-minute programme the model depicts events that actually take place in a fraction of a second in the human brain. The model, 24 ft. in diameter, is 12 ft. high and cost something in the region of £30,000 to build and develop. Today, when the volume of scientific information is increasing at such a rate as to tax conventional channels of communication to their limits, the models still have much to recommend them as devices by which the expert and uninitiated alike may more easily and directly understand the patterns of nature. The exhibition demonstrates that the creative artist can collaborate valuably with the creative scientist.

RED LIGHT: The chemist must be preserved. He is a professional man, the quality of his products can be taken as guaranteed; through National Health Service dispensing the nation's health needs are largely in his hands. But his business is dwindling in the face of competition from "non-professional" traders and, incidentally, the fact that prescriptions on National Health payments (750 a month) give him merely $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on cost—8 per cent. on retail—a small reward for his work.—New Daily.

NEW FILMS

Early Warning

CYGNET FILMS for Ames Teaching Service (Ames Co., division of Miles Laboratories, Ltd., Stoke Court, Stoke Poges, Slough, Bucks). 16-mm. Colour. Sound. Running time 18 minutes.

THE film shows by practical example the application of urine testing and gives detailed instructions on the techniques that must be used to obtain reliable results. Case histories of patients in general practice, an ante-natal clinic, a medical ward, a casualty department and an industrial medical centre are shown by way of illustration. Copies of the film may be borrowed. Application should be made to the company.

The Brink of Obesity

CYGNET FILMS, LTD., for Riker Laboratories, Ltd., Loughborough, Leics. 16-mm. Ektachrome colour. Optical sound. Running time 15 minutes.

DIRECTED to medical audiences but available to pharmaceutical on application, the film aims to substitute the conception of "desirable" weight for that of "average" weight as the standard by which overweight should be measured. It points out, in support of the contention, that average weight has increased, under rising standards of living, to a level at which it can no longer be regarded as a valid standard. "Total energy output does not keep pace with total calorie intake," whereas mortality is generally lowest in people below average weight. The important thing for the doctor is to observe the early indications of obesity and to steer his patient away from its brink.

Long-term Care After Gastrectomy

DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY, QUEEN ELIZABETH SCHOOL. UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM. Medical authority: J. A. Williams, F.R.C.S. Sponsors: *Glaxo Laboratories*, *Ltd.*, Greenford, Middlesex. 16-mm. Colour. Sound. Running time 24 minutes.

Most surgical operations involve physiological consequences unrelated to the improvement at which the operation is

aimed. The film shows how the various types of operation may affect food digestion and absorption. It examines in particular the long-term effects that call for vigilance by the patient's doctor, and make demands on his knowledge. Animated diagrams compare normal digestive processes with the modified physiology after surgery, and explain how post-operative symptoms may lead to



Fibrescope examination of the stomach for signs of recurrent ulceration after partial gastrectomy.

disorders of blood and bone metabolism many years later. Deficiency states are specially insidious, since they may not be detected until advanced disease is present. The commonest is anæmia associated with iron and vitamin B₁₂ deficiency. Calcium deficiency may cause bone disease. The film shows not only how those deficiency states arise, but how they may be detected. Suitable treatment is described. The film ends by reminding surgeons of the need to inform the patient's doctor of the details and significance of the operation performed. Primarily prepared for medical audiences, the film may not be too suitable for showing to pharmacists. Copies may nevertheless be borrowed for that purpose from the film library of Messrs. Glaxo.

Evolution of Single-dose Medicines

SURVEY GIVEN AT HISTORY-OF-PHARMACY CONGRESS

AT the fourth session of the congress of the history of medicine and pharnacy held at Nottingham, September 20-23 (see also C. & D., September 28, pp. 334-35 and October 5, p. 371), MR. Dolin Gunn (head of the school of charmacy, Leicester) outlined the history of some pharmaceutical preparations

Mixtures, elixirs, draughts and other orms of fluid medicines, he said, had been used since the earliest days of nedicine. They included solutions, suspensions and emulsions, of which neasured doses were directed to be aken. Later tendencies sought to provide medicines in convenient dosage orm, and much ingenuity had been hown in developing pills, sachets, hard and soft capsules, compressed and noulded tablets and single-dose injections in ampoules. Apart from pills, he origin of which was lost in antiquity, all the others mentioned had been introduced between 1833 and 866.

Tasteless Pills

In the United States of America, he sugar-coated pill or tasteless capule, especially if attractive in appearnce, was often preferred to liquid nedicines, which were inconvenient to arry and often bitter or nauseous in aste. Though practically all the single-ose forms mentioned had been devised a Europe, the Americans were paricularly successful in exploiting them, elighting in evolving automatic nachines from manually operated aparatus. The pill, which today had argely fallen into disrepute, or some orm of lozenge, was the first single-ose unit. It offered a fairly accurate ose in a convenient form. Pills had een in use in ancient Egypt and Mesootamia, and there was some evidence at the Romans prepared pills by

dividing a plastic mass on a grooved stone. Graduated pill tiles were first introduced in England in the eighteenth century. Pill machines similar to those still occasionally used today are re-ferred to in Diderot's "Recueil de Planches sur les Sciences" (1763). Machines were devised to mass-produce pills, and one such, illustrated in Remington's "Practice of Pharmacy," ninth edition, is capable of making a million pills in ten hours. From a booklet published by John Richardson & Co. (Leicester), Ltd. (1893), in which the company is described as the largest pill factory in the world, it appears that the company had registered over 22,000 prescriptions for pills, exclusive of the pharmacopæial and their own published formulas (normal stock of Blaud's pills was $\frac{3}{4}$ ton). Disintegration time in the stomach being variable, not surprisingly pills were now largely re-placed by compressed tablets and capsules.

Soft Gelatin Capsules

A French pharmacist (F. A. B. Mothes) had devised the first soft-gelatin capsule and he and a collaborator (J. G. A. Dublanc) were granted a French patent in 1834. Their apparatus consisted of an elongated funnel ending in a tube to which a small bag of fine skin was attached. In use, mercury was poured into the funnel to fill and distend the bag, which was then the size of a small olive. The bag was dipped into a warm concentrated gelatin solution, removed and dried to leave a skin of gelatin. When the mercury was poured out by inverting the apparatus, the bag collapsed and was withdrawn, leaving an empty gelatin capsule. A medicament was placed in the capsule by means of a pipette and the opening sealed by some gelatin solution. The method proved satisfactory for exhibit-

ing nauseous medicines but was clumsy and tedious in operation. Similar gelatin capsules were later made by using metal "olives" or moulds from which the elasticity of the capsules when dry enabled them to be easily slipped off. The modern rotary-die process, invented in 1932 by R. P. Scherer, produced capsules with a weight variation of ± 2 per cent. Two side-by-side horizontal, contra-rotating cylinders, in which die cups were cut, determined the size of the capsule. Two preformed gelatin films flowed between the die cylinders, and the medicament was injected under pressure from orifices along the knife edge of an injection wedge positioned between the two gelatin films immediately above the contact line of the die cylinders. In that way the medicament distended the gelatin film into the die cups and thus moulded it into shape. The pressure effectively sealed the edges of the capsules.

Compressed Tablets

No pharmaceutical presentation had made so great a change in dispensing practice, said Mr. Gunn, as the compressed tablet, yet that form of medication had not been invented by a pharmacist. William Brockedon, who took out a British patent for his apparatus (1843), was a watchmaker, artist, and author, as well as a gifted inventor. Brockedon's apparatus was simple, consisting essentially of two steel punches and a steel die. The powder was to be placed in the die with the lower punch in position, the upper punch inserted and compression effected by "one or more blows," presumably with a hammer. To ensure an accurate quantity in each tablet he invented a measuring device. F. Newbery & Son purchased Brockedon's invention in 1881. Burroughs Wellcome & Co. (1892), in a letter to THE CHEM-



IST AND DRUGGIST, claimed to have been the first to apply the word "tabto compressed drugs. The word Tabloid was and is, of course, a trade name of the company. Hand punch machines based on Brockedon's principle were later devised. Others incorporated new ideas. Prototype of the modern rotary tablet machine was that of Allen & Hanburys (1903), which used the principle of the punch track passing between two wheels to obtain compression. Mechanisation introduced problems of "picking" and "binding." A United States process patent for the preparation of powders for compression was taken out in 1875 by Jacob Dunton, a wholesale druggist of Philadelphia, U.S.A. It involved drying the powders to reduce their adhesion to the punches and dies (often greater than the cohesion between the par-ticles) and lubricating the punches and dies between each compression with oil or a solution of oil in a solvent. Another problem that exercised the

early tablet makers was how to make a tablet for oral use that would break up in the stomach when swallowed. Credit for solving the problem was due to Charles Killgore (1887) who, after being refused a United States patent, described his discovery to Dr. Kebler (1914) in a private communication. He used starch to prevent the powders sticking to the die and found that some of the tablets, left beside a sink, had absorbed a considerable amount of moisture, causing them to crumble to powder when touched. Conversion of powders into granules as a preliminary to compression must have been known at an early stage, "but I have been unable to trace any record of the origin of granulation for this purpose." A recently developed rotary tablet machine, made by F. J. Stokes, Philadelphia, was capable of compressing powders, thus rendering unnecessary the various processes and apparatus required for the preparation of granules. A special feed frame ensured that the powder was gently forced into the dies.

Pill and Tablet Coating

Wootton's "Chronicles of Pharmacy" (Vol. I) recorded the coating of pills by Rhazes and by Avicenna the former using a mucilage of psyllium seeds and the latter silver and gold. Primary object of coating was to mask the taste of bitter drugs, but gilding and silvering were also considered to improve the medicinal effect. The method was largely abandoned by the beginning of the present century. Simplest method of coating pills at the dispensing counter was varnishing; gelatin coating also had its period of favour, an early method being to dip the pills, impaled on needles, into a warm gelatin solution. When dry the pills were removed from the needle and the needle hole closed by touching with a hot rod.

The introduction of sugar and pearl coatings soon placed pill coating firmly in the hands of the manufacturer. The elegant appearance of sugar-coated pills was a tribute to the confectioner, from whom the pharmacist acquired the art. In France, the sweetmeats were known

as dragées, and it was in France that the sugar coating of pills was first essayed. Best evidence of precedence belonged to a Frenchman, Fortin, who obtained a French patent (1837) for sugar coating pills of cubeb and copaiba. Sugar coating on a small scale at the dispensing counter was not successful, but excellent results were obtained by the "pan coating" method extensively used today for both pills and tablets. The time-consuming and tedious nature of the process exercised several inventive minds towards sugar coating by compression, and an early and rather crude method of pressure coating was patented by Carter (1878). It involved coating a die with dry powdered sugar and adding the medicament centrally. More powdered sugar was added to cover the drug, and a tablet was formed by compression. A British patcnt was granted to Noyes (1896) for a machine that compressed a preformed tablet between two layers of sugar. Kilian (1937), devised in Germany a press-coating machine with a centring device to ensure that the preformed tablet would lie centrally in the die, so becoming covered equally all round.

Pearl coating consisted of purified talc and other suitable adhesives. Though the coating was often said to be highly insoluble, the method was used to the exclusion of other methods by John Richardson & Co., Leicester, Ltd., whose centenary booklet (1893) alleged that the process of sugar coating seemed to destroy the remedial value of many formulas. "We adopted the pearl coating which we now use because the verdict of trial and experiment were in its favour, and many thousands of medical men and chemists have emphatically and practically en-dorsed our decision." Whether the coat-ing was as good as the makers claimed might be questioned, said Mr. Gunn, but it was certain that, during the latter part of the nineteenth century and the first quarter of the twentieth, prodigious quantities were sold.

The first enteric coating was credited to Unna (1884). He used a keratin solution to "varnish" pills so that they would pass through the stomach and disintegrate in the intestine. Since that time numerous substances (salol, fatty acids, waxes, gelatin coating treated with formaldehyde, and mixtures of fatty acids with waxes and fibrous materials such as agar and elm bark) had been tried in an endeavour to find a completely satisfactory coating.

Numerous patents taken out in Europe and the United States since 1930 indicated a revival of interest in enteric coating.

Hard Gelatin Capsules

Griffenhagen (1957) and Norr's (1961) conceded that the hard two-piece capsule was a British invention. Certainly a British patent for "Capsules for Protecting Medicinal and other Preparations" was granted to James Murdoch, an Englishman, in 1847. The use by Murdoch of the words "communicated to me from abroad" indicated, however, that Murdoch was not the originator. As described in the patent, his capsules were similar to those used

today, with one part overlapping the other to form a cylinder with hemispherical ends and sealed by wetting the overlapping surfaces. Hard-capsule development was eventually developed with enthusiasm in the United States. Hubel (1887) patented several capsule-making machines and sold his capsules through Parke Davis & Co., Detroit. According to Norris (1961) two modern machines had an output of 300 million capsules a year. The capsules were made by a dipping process, using stainless steel pins on which to mould the parts.

Cachets

Limousin (1831-87), a French pharmacist, was undoubtedly the inventor of the cachet, though the administration of powders with a bitter or otherwise unpleasant taste enclosed in unleavened bread had been previously known. Such methods were clumsy. The simplicity, neatness and practicability of Limousin's invention caught the imagination. Describing it, he had said that in cutting with a punch (of which the edges were accidentally damp) small discs of unleavened bread [for administration of drugs], he had noticed the complete adherance of many of the discs, which were joined by their edges, due to the moisture. "I thought that the powder measured and enclosed in two small discs of unleavened bread could be given to patients in this form with certain advantages . . . I then thought of resorting to the process of punching described in my patent, in order to impress in the discs a sufficient concavity to contain the powders." Amongst Limousin's numerous inventions were the ampoule for injection solutions, the automatic pipette, apparatus for oxygen therapy, a standard dropping tube and a number of others.

Parenteral Injections

The possibility of introducing drugs into the body by the veins appeared to have been first considered soon after the discovery of the circulation of the blood by Harvey in 1628. First intravenous injection (into dogs) was credited to Wren (1656) when professor of astronomy at Oxford, and the first transfusion of blood was performed by Denis, physician to Louis XIV, in 1667. One of Denis's patients died after a transfusion, and the practice was made illegal in France, England and Italy. Little experimenting was done for about a hundred years.

The first subcutaneous injection is usually credited to Wood (1853). Early intravenous injections were by means of goose quills or silver tubes attached to a bladder, but Wood gave his subcutaneous injections with a syringe and hollow needle similar to those in use today. The work of Pastcur demonstrated the disease-producing effects of bacteria, but only fifty-seven years later did the method become official in the British Pharmacopæia. Chamberland was responsible for introducing filtering candles of unglazed porcelain in 1884, and similar filters are still in use. Tyndall (1876) devised the method of sterilising by intermittent heating, a method official in the B.P., 1932. Limousin devised the ideal container, the ampoule.

Centenary meeting of the British Pharmaceutical Conference, London

Science Sessions

(Concluded from THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, Oetober 5, p. 375).

The third paper, presented at the morning session on September 6 by Mr. H. Z. Youssef, was

Active Sites in Stereoselective Adsorbents

A. H. BECKETT and H. Z. YOUSSEF THE formation of adsorbents having stereoselective properties has been previously described and experiments are outlined to ascertain how stereoselectivity is achieved. Treatment of quinineselective adsorbents by steam, dry heat, heat in presence of water, acid and dry organic solvents destroyed their selectivity whereas the adsorptive power of control adsorbents was almost unaffected. A progressive increase in pн of the adsorbate solutions from pH 1 to 3 increased the adsorptive power of the selective adsorbents more than that of the control adsorbents. Increasing con-centrations of sodium chloride in the adsorbate solutions increased the quinine-uptake on the adsorbents. It is concluded that stereoselectivity is due to the formation in the selective adsorbents of "active-site" footprints which preferentially adsorb the molecules used to make them, rather than other molecules. Alternative compounds of not too dissimilar structure, having "like" configuration, fit into those footprints better than do their isomers, though less well than the reference molecule itself. Active sites in stereoselective adsorbents may be used as rough models of active sites in enzymes and of drug receptors in addition to the proven use of these adsorbents in the determination of configuration of organic molecules.

(From Sehool of Pharmaey, Chelsea College of Seienee and Teehnology)

Dr. Rogers asked whether the two curves on the graph illustrating the effect of sodium chloride on the adsorptive power of a quinine selective, and on a control, adsorbent would meet if extrapolated. Mr. Yousser said they could theoretically be expected to do so, but no practical work had been done in confirmation. been done in confirmation.

short communication was next presented by Dr. A. H. BECKETT:

Alkaloids from Mitragyna **Species of Ghana**

A. H. BECKETT and A. N. TACKIE

THE known alkaloids rhynchophylline, isorhynchophylline, mitraphylline and rotundifoline, were isolated in investigations on Mitragyna species of Ghana (Beckett, Shellard and Tackie, 1963). On the basis of ultra-violet and infra-red spectroscopy studies, N.M.R. spectra and mass spectrometry, the structure of rotundifoline has been established. From M. stipulosa and M. eiliata another oxindole alkaloid of the same molecular formula was isolated. Unlike rotundifoline, it was soluble in sodium hydroxide solution and its ultra-violet spectrum changed upon changing the PH of the solutions. Recently that alka-

loid, now designated isorotundifoline, was shown to be an isomer of rotundifoline. It is concluded that those alkaloids are isomeric about C₁. Two new indole alkaloids, designated rhynchociline and ciliaphylline, were isolated from M. eiliata by Beckett, Shellard and Tackie (1962) and found to be isomeric. Structural formulæ for the isomers are presented.

(From the Sehool of Pharmaey, Chelsea College of Seienee and Technology,

London, S.W.3)

PROFESSOR J. B. STENLAKE was interested in the difference in properties of the two isomers and asked whether the phenolic properties of the quaternary salts had been examined. answer was that phenolic properties were shown, it was believed, by the quaternary salt of the iso isomer. Dr. A. R. ROGERS, Brighton, commented that the ultra-violet measurements [shown on a slide] suggested that more than two species were present, but Dr. BECKETT stated that mass spectroscopy indubitably indicated a single species. He explained that the equilibrium between the two isomers was dependent on the medium. In acid solution isorotundifoline became stable.

MR. C. A. JOHNSON, London, said that, in view of the existence of the OH group of rotundifoline, the lack of solubility was analytically worrying. He asked whether other compounds exhibiting the same sort of behaviour were known, and commented that the use of nuclear magnetic resonance measurements, he believed for the first time in a B.P. Conference paper, was an appropriate innovation in the centenary year. Dr. BECKETT agreed that the insolubility in NaOH was at first sight surprising. Two or three other examples of compounds exhibiting that behaviour had been reported by a worker in the University of Wisconsin. DR. C. G. BUTLER, Bradford, wanted to know if the authors had obtained chemical evidence of the phenolic OH Dr. Beckett replied that the two active hydrogen atoms in the rotundifoline molecule disappeared on the addition of deuterium oxide. That was good evidence for the presence of the

DR. H. D. C. RAPSON, London, wondered if the rates of quaternisation of alkaloids had been determined sufficiently carefully to enable calculation of the energy of activation. He added that hydrogen bonding produced "remarkable effects"; were there differences in the thermostability of the two isomers in the dry state? To the first point the answer was "No." Hydrogen bonding gave rotundifoline redrogen bonding gave markable solvent-binding prope properties. When the non-solvated form was heated, the solvent could be removed with great difficulty," it melted and was converted to another form with a higher melting point.

The last two papers were presented together by Mr. A. Holbrook.

Rapid Determination of Griseofulvin in Fermenter Broth

A. HOLBROOK, F. BAILEY and GRETA M. BAILEY

A METHOD has been devised for the determination of griseofulvin in fermenter broths, utilising the change in ultraviolet absorption that occurs when griseofulvin is converted to isogriseofulvin. The conversion is carried out with methane-sulphonic acid in methanol. The method gives results well within the range of accuracy usually considered acceptable for fermenterbroth samples and, though not fully specific for griseofulvin, has considerable advantage over previously published procedures, both in day-to-day control of plant manufacture and in assessing the results of mutant screening experiments.

Quantitative Chromatographic Method for the Determination of Griseofulvin Purity

A. HOLBROOK, F. BAILEY and GRETA M. BAILEY

METHODS for determining griseofulvin in fermenter broth fail to differentiate fully between griscofulvin and struc-turally similar contaminants present. Small amounts of those in the final product would go undetected by such methods. In view of the close similarity between the compounds, preliminary separation of the griseofulvin is essential in any analysis specific to that substance. The chromatographic assay described employs a hexane: methanol: chloroform: water partition system supported on Celite. Separation is followed by ultra-violet measurement of the eluate fractions at 291 m μ . The results, compared with those using the procedure proposed for the B.P., 1963, illustrate the value of the method for both control of pharmaceutical-grade griseofulvin and in process development studies. Much information is gained about the nature and quantity of any impurity present.

(From the pharmaceutical department, Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd.,

Alderley Park, Ches)

MR. C. A. JONHSON, London, asked whether, in the light of the paper, the 1963 British Pharmacopæial specification for griseofulvin should be strengthened. If so, could the lengthy chromatographic method be avoided by taking the U.V. absorption over a specified range? MR. HOLBROOK said that a simple ratio for U.V. absorption was not possible, as many impurities had spectra similar or identical to that of griseofulvin. He would rather adopt a thin-layer plate method for the B.P. On the question put by Dr. Foster whether the method was applicable to body fluids or organs, Mr. Holbrook said that no work had been done on that. Dr. GLENN suggested that orthogonal function curves might prove a useful approach to the calculations,

but he agreed with Mr. Holbrook that existing instrumentation did not provide the accuracy required.

The first paper of the Friday afternoon session was presented by DR. E. J. SHELLARD.

Anatomy of the Leaves of Mitragyna stipulosa and Mitragyna ciliata

PARIROKH SHADAN and E. J. SHELLARD

THE morphology and detailed anatomy of the leaves, stipules and young stems of Mitragyna stipulosa $(D.\overline{C}_i) = 0.$ Kuntze, and Mitragyna ciliata Aubr. et Pellegr. are described. Morphologically it is difficult to distinguish the two species, and the similarity of the anatomical structure supports the evidence that they are closely related. The leaf of M. stipulosa is typical of a shade leaf, that of M. ciliata of a sun leaf. It may be that the two species are geographical variants that have become established as distinct species.

(From the School of Pharmacy, Chel-

sea College of Science and Technology,

London, S.W.3)

DR. J. M. ROWSON, Bradford, was dubious whether the two plants were in fact separate species or merely ecotypes. Dr. Shellard admitted that it was not possible on occasions to be absolutely certain where one species began and another ended. Plants had evolved and were still changing. However, no one had yet found the plant with ciliate flowers in the forest or that with non-ciliate flowers in savana. Dr. Shellard felt the two could now be quite easily distinguished.

PROFESSOR J. W. FAIRBAIRN, London.

wondered whether the authors had sufficiently emphasised the differences in striations. Dr. Shellard agreed they were an interesting and important feature for distinguishing the species.

DR. T. E. WALLIS, referring to the reported differences in palisade tissue development, stated that that had been found to vary within the same plant depending on shadedness or otherwise of the leaf. It was also well known that trichome development varied with environment. He did not think those characteristics were sufficiently sound criteria to distinguish between two species. As regards the alkaloid content, it was also established that habitat could greatly effect both their amount and nature. Dr. SHELLARD agreed that any of those points if taken in isolation was a dubious criterion, but the three together seemed to him to be "just about sufficient evidence.

DR. S. CHALLEN, London, thought it wise that the differences in cuticular striations were listed as a minor distinguishing factor, as they often varied within a species. He asked if other methods of microscopical examination of the surface had been tried other than the chloral hydrate technique. He also wanted to know how much material had been examined. Dr. SHELLARD said the leaves had been examined only in chloral hydrate mounts; and that "a considerable amount" of material had been collected and examined.

Dr. B. P. Jackson commented on the

resemblances between the mid-ribs of the plants, and that of *Uncaria gambia*, on which she had recently been working. She mentioned that three different samples of *U. gambia* she had received (reputedly from the same source), showed considerable differences in cuticular striations and trichomes. Dr. SHELLARD agreed there were many similar features; in fact the plants belonged to the same family (Rubiaceæ) and subfamily. Two features that he had expected to find (present in other Mitragyna species) but which had been missing in M. stipulosa and ciliata were hypodermis and pericyclic fibres.

DR. A. H. BECKETT agreed with DR. Wallis that changes in alkaloidal concentration occurred with environment. However in the case of the two Mitragyna species the chemical evidence was well in support. Many batches had been examined and definite differences in content always occurred between the

two plants.

The next paper was a short communication introduced by Dr. C. A. FRIEDMANN.

Structure of Cascarosides A and B

J. W. FAIRBAIRN,*

C. A. FRIEDMANN† and S. SIMIC

SINCE the infra-red spectras of cascarosides A and B were almost identical, it seemed likely that they were stereoiso-meric. That the isomerism is to be attributed to the aglycone moiety, and not to the nature or position of attachment of the glycones, was confirmed by hydrolysis in N/1·HCl at 70° C. under nitrogen, when two different barbaloins (the aglycones) were obtained. Cascaroside A is a glycoside of (+)-barbaloin and cascaroside B of (-)-barbaloin, which may be barbaloin and iso-barbaloin respectively. Glucose was shown to be present in the hydrolysate of both cascarosides, but it accounted for only about half of the glycone, the rest being non-reducing. A five-carbon molecule would fit analytical results, which indicate that the proportion of the latter glycone present is less than that of glucose: that is, the molecular weight is less than 180. The two glycones may be linked to each other and attached to one of the phenolie groups,



Dr. T. E. Wallis at the microphone, Conference chairman, 1941-43, Dr. Wallis, now eighty-six, is still to be counted on for a sprightly inter-vention at the science sessions, to which he has been a consistent contributor-on many occasions as author-for more years, probably, than any other member,

or one glycone may be so attached and the other attached to one of the alcoholic groups, of the barbaloin.

(From the *department of pharmacognosy, School of Pharmacy, University of London, and the †Westminster Laboratories, Ltd., London)

DR. W. MITCHELL asked if the authors would exclude the possibility of the two sugar bodies being linked together and in a manner that left the phenolic radicles free but DR. FRIED-MANN said that their evidence indicated that was unlikely.

The last paper was presented by MR. R. GOODEY.

Chromatography in Examining the Reaction between Streptomycin and Ammonia

T. E. COULING and R. GOODEY

A NEW paper-chromatographic method for streptomycin and similar compounds, using a solvent system un-affected by salt content, is described. The solvent system is prepared by shaking sodium hydroxide (15 gm.) in water (150 mils) for one hour with pentachlorophenol (30 gm.) and n-butanol (850 mils), any lower aqueous phase being discarded and the upper phase filtered through glass wool. Details of the procedure are given. Quantitative chromatography was also carried out similarly. Tests with solutions of pure streptomycin showed an error of about ±3 per cent. between replicates. Electrophoresis and microbiological assays were also carried out. The method was used to examine the products of the reaction between streptomycin and ammonia. Mixtures of streptomyein sulphate and ammonium sulphate were found to give rise to three main components on chromatography. Experiments showed the similarity between two major impunties in low-purity streptomycin and the products from the reaction between streptomycin and ammonia. The presence of those compounds causes the microbiological and maltol methods of streptomycin assays to give different results.

Lilly Research Laboratories, Ltd., Bromborough Research Station,

Bromborough, Ches)
PROFESSOR J. B. STENLAKE asked if more information was available on the minor component that gave a zone at R_F 0.23. The answer was that it was present only in small quantities, and that sufficient material had not been available to isolate enough for examination. MR. K. A. LEES, Greenford, wondered if a reaction did occur between ammonia and pure streptomycin or rather with some impurity in the low-grade samples. MR. GOODEY explained that the ammonia reaction had been carried out in the first place with very pure streptomycin samples (purified by a number of techniques). Mr. S. G. E. STEVENS, Welwyn Garden City, asked what the basis of the assumption was that the final product was pure. Was washing good enough to extract the excecss reagent. The answer was "a normal two-level basis technique" was employed. The reagent was readily removed with five extractions; that was confirmed by linearity tests.

for strength through the growing years

Farex contains sensible proportions of protein, fat, carbohydrates, calcium, iron and vitamins to provide a balanced diet throughout the formative years right up to pre-school days. It provides the sound basic nourishment that is so essential to the growing child and because it mixes readily with almost any flavouring, sweet or savoury, Farex adapts itself to the child's changing tastes through the years. Farex is remarkably economical too. The familiar 10 oz. packet costs your customers 1/6. Trade prices are 14/5 per dozen and 27/- for the special 'top profit' parcel of two dozen packets.

FAREX fortified 3-cereal food

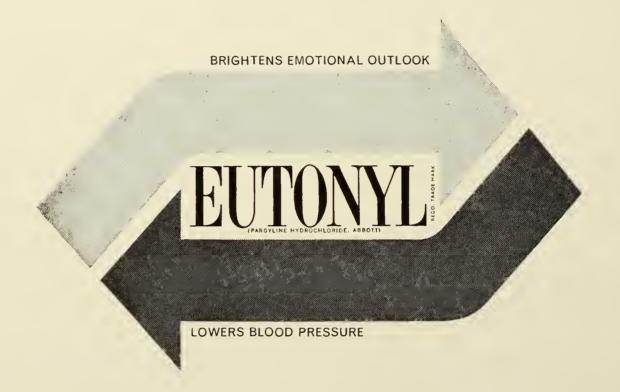


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GLAXO LABORATORIES LIMITED



A major new antihypertensive agent from Abbott



Eutonyl* is an important new drug for the treatment of moderate to severe essential hypertension. Most hypertensive patients respond to Eutonyl therapy with a reduction of both systolic and diastolic blood pressures in the standing position, and many also experience significant reductions in other positions.

Many hypertensive patients have been impressed by an improved sense of well-being; and while the use of Eutonyl in the treatment of depression is still being evaluated, in this respect alone it offers a useful advance over other antihypertensive agents.

Eutonyl is a unique non-hydrazine ehemical substance with monoamine oxidase inhibiting properties. Extensive laboratory and elinical studies indicate that it is free from serious toxicities, though suitable precautions should be observed as with all new drugs. The side effects of Eutonyl therapy are relatively infrequent and mild if dosage is adjusted to prevent orthostatic hypotension. The combination of a thiazide diuretic such as Enduron* (methyelothiazide, Abbott) with a reduced dosage of Eutonyl further reduces side effects and also enhances the antihypertensive response in the sitting and lying positions.

Eutonyl is supplied in two strengths as Eutonyl (25 mg pargyline hydroehloride) and Eutonyl-Ten (10 mg pargyline hydroehloride) Filmtabs*, in bottles of 100.

Comprehensive literature is available on all aspects of this important new agent: dosage, side effects, precautions and the wide measure of agreement on its clinical efficacy even in the most difficult cases.

* Registered Trade Mark



TRADE REPORT

The prices given are those obtained by importers or manufacturers for bulk quantities or original packages. Various charges have to be added whereby values are in many instances augmented before wholesale dealers receive the goods into stock. Crude drugs and essential oils vary greatly in quality and higher prices are charged for selected qualities.

LONDON, OCTOBER 9: Interest in CRUDE DRUGS continued slow during the week and was restricted to small parcels for covering urgent requirements. There appeared to be no signs of buyers wanting to cover their forward requirements despite a threatened strike of dock workers which may begin early in November.

MERCURY was marked up £1 to £62 per flask of 76-lb. CINNAMON QUILLS, O' grades, were dearer for shipment although the cheaper grades were narked down. African GINGER was inchanged on the spot despite origin not quoting. East Indian NUTMEGS were dearer for shipment but PEPPERS were nclined to be easy. SENEGA quotations mproved by threepence per lb. in both positions. The first deliveries of white SQUILL were being cleared at around 40s. per cwt. and there was some loubt as to the replacement position. Among Aromatic seeds Dutch Cara-WAY and Indian CUMIN maintained their irm tone but Cortander was easier or shipment from Morocco.

In ESSENTIAL OILS Chinese ANISE declined by one shilling per lb. on the pot following the easier tendency at origin. CITRONELLA and PATCHOULI, on he other hand, were a little firmer. 3razilian PEPPERMINT was quoted at 7s. per lb., c.i.f., against 7s. 3d. recently. Spanish OLIVE OIL production is ex-pected to reach 500,000 tons this sea-

on against 306,686 last year.

In PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMICALS one upplier of Iron ammonium citrate as increased the price of the concenrated solution; the solid form, although inchanged at the moment, is expected o rise accordingly.

SUGAR began moving up as reports vere received of hurricane damage to

Cuba's crops.

Pharmaceutical Chemicals

ACETANILIDE. — Crystals, one-cwt. lots, s. 10d. per lb.; 5-cwt., 2s. 9d.

ALUMINIUM SULPHATE.—B.P.C. in 1-cwt. acks, 1s. 9d. per lb.

Ammonium bicarbonate.—B.P. powder 54 10s. per ton; carbonate, £83 10s. for ump and £87 10s. for powder. All in -cwt. free kegs.

Ammonium Chloride. — One-cwt, lots .P. powder, 105s, per cwt.; technical rade, 55s.

Ammonium sulphate. — One-cwt. lots 0d. per lb. for B.P.C. grade.

BENZYL BENZOATE. - B.P. in 1-ton lots, s. 6d. per lb.

BISMUTH SALTS.—Prices (per lb.):

28 lb. to Quantity 1 cwt. 5 cwt. 1 cwt. s. 20 s. d. 20 6 20 3 19 9 ARBONATE 19 6 19 UBGALLATE 19 18 18 6 UBNITRATE

BISMUTH AMMONIUM CITRATE is 55s. per lb. and sodium tartrate, 35s.; Oxide, 6s. 10d.; oxychloride, 27s. 3d.

BRUCINE. — Per oz. ALKALOID is 7s. and ULPHATE, 6s.

Caffeine. — Anhydrous and Monohy-prate for 50-kilo lots and over, 28s. 1d. per kilo; CITRATE, 20s. 11d.

CALAMINE.—Five-cwt. lots, 1s. 10d. per b.; 1-ton, 1s. $8\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Chloroform.—l-cwt, lots in winchesters, 3s. 4½d. per lb.; 56-lb., 3s. 6d. In drums, 3s. 2½d. and 3s. 4d. per lb. respectively.

Chlorophyll. — Water-soluble, 100 per cent. (medicinal grade), 280s. per lb.; oil soluble, 25s per lb.

soluble, 25s. per 1b.

CITRATES—Per kilo:—

	1	50 kilos		250	kilos	1,000 kilos				
Sodium†		S.	d. 4	5.	d. 10	s.	d,			
POTASSIUM†		5	7	5	I	4	11			
IRON AND AMMONIUM*		8	5 -	8	1	7	10			

Powder 6d. per kilo more. *Scales 1s. 10d. per

(DDT). - One-ton lots, DICOPHANE 2s. $4\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.

Ergometrine.—Maleate, B.P., 144s. per gm. for 20-gm. lots; tartrate, 27s. 6d. per gm. for 10-gm. lots.

ETHER. — Per lb, in winchesters: B.P. TECHNICAL, B.S.S., 5-cwt., 2s, 9d.; (4s, 4d, per litre). In drums the price is 2s. 1d. per lb. ANÆSTHETIC, B.P., 6-cwt. 3s. 11½d.; 10-cwt., 3s. $7\frac{1}{2}$ d.

FORMALDEHYDE.—B.P. solutions, 5-drum lots, 710s. per ton in free drums, delivered.

GLUCOSE. — Medicinal, B.P., POWDER, 66s. 6d. per cwt., delivered in 1-ton lots, 1-4 cwt., 69s.; 56-lb. bags, 36s. Liquid, basic price, 48s. 6d. cwt.

Guaiacols. — Liquid B.P.C., 16s. per ., for 1-cwt. lots; crystals, 15s. 9d.; CARBONATE, 18s.

HYDROCYANIC ACID.—Dilute B.P.C., from 3s. 2d. to 4s. per litre, as to quantity; Scheeles from 3s, 10d. to 4s. 9d.

HYPOPHOSPHITES.—Per kilo:—

Quantity	I kilo	12.5 kilos	50 kilos		
CALCUM P.P.C	s. d.	s, d. 16 1	s. d.		
CALCIUM, B.P.C IRON, B.P.C	34 10	33 7	32 5		
MAGNESIUM MANGANESE, B.P.C.		28 2 33 11	27 2 32 9		
POTASSIUM, B.P.C.	23 I	22 5	21 4		
SODIUM, B.P.C	1 19 2	18 I	17 1		

IODIDES. — (Per kilo). Potassium, 50-kilo lots, 23s.; SODIUM, 28s. 6d. for 25-kilo lots, AMMONIUM, 46s. 6d.

IODINE.—Resublimed in less than 50-kilo lots, 30s. 6d. per kilo; 50-kilos and over, 29s. 9d. Minimum delivered rate for CRUDE is 18s. 7d. per kilo.

IODOFORM.—Powder (per kilo), 55s. 3d. in 50-kilo lots; less than 50-kilos, 56s. 9d. Crystals are 6s. 6d. per kilo more.

IRON SALTS.—GLUCONATE, B.P.C., 4s. 9d. IRON SALTS.—GLUCONATE, B.P.C., 4s. 9d. per lb. in 1-cwt. lots; SULPHATE, B.P., crystals, 1-cwt. 70s. per cwt.; 5-cwt., 65s. per cwt.; granular. 2s. 6d. per cwt. extra. PHOSPHATE, B.P.C., 28-lb., 4s. 5d. per lb.; 1-cwt., 4s. 2d. oxide red precipitated, B.P.C., 1949, 1-cwt., 2s. 1d. per lb.; Carbonate, Saccharated, B.P.C., 1949, 28-lb., 3s. 3d.; 1-cwt., 3s.—ammonium citrate, 250-kilos, 8s. 1d., kilo.—Quinine citrate, 2s. 4d. per oz. in 100-oz. tin. 2s. 4d. per oz. in 100-oz. tin.

ISOPRENALINE SULPHATE.—One-kilo lots, 530s. per kilo; 5-kilos, 510s. per kilo.

LACTATES. — CALCIUM, B.P., 2s. 3d. per lb. in 5-cwt. lots and 2s. 4d. in 1-cwt. lots; CALCIUM SODIUM, 4s. 9d. and 4s. 10d.

MAGNESIUM CARBONATE. — Per cwt. cwt. LIGHT, 129s. or 121s. for 1-ton lots; HEAVY, 175s. for 1-cwt, lots; from 130s. to 135s. for 1-ton lots.

Magnesium Chloride. — One-cwt. kegs, 3s. 3d. per lb.

Magnesium hydroxide.—B.P.C. lots, 3s. 11d. per lb.; 1-ton, 3s. 6d. per lb.

Magnesium oxide, B.P.—Light, 1-cwt. lots, 3s. 10d. per lb., 1-ton, 3s. 7d.; heavy, 5s. 10d. per lb.

Magnesium peroxide.—B.P.C. (15 per cent.), 3s. 11d. per lb. for 1-cwt. lots.

MAGNESIUM PHOSPHATE: DIHYDROGEN, 1-cwt. lots, 4s, per lb.; Tribasic, 4s. 5d. lb.

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE. — B.P. in minimum 1-ton lots from £20 to £21 per ton according to crystal and manufacturer. Exsiccated, £56 per ton.

Magnesium trisilicate. — (Per lb.). Under 5-cwt. lots, 4s. ld.; 1-ton, 3s. 4d. Mandelic acid.—One-cwt. lots, 12s. 6d. per lb. Calcium Salt also 12s, 6d. Sodium mandelate, 13s, and Ammonium mandelate 50 per cent. solution, 7s. 6d.

PARACETAMOL.—Ten cwt. to 1-ton lots, 10s. 6d. per lb.

PHENACETIN.—B.P. one-ton lots, 6s. 3d. per lb.; 1-cwt., 6s. 9d.

PHENOLPHTHALEIN.—One-cwt. 9s. per lb. PHOSPHORIC ACIDS. — B.P. (s.g. 1-750) is from 1s. 4d. to 1s. 8d. per lb. as to quantity. B.P. 1914, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 6d. per lb. Hypophosphorous, B.P.C., in winchesters is from 7s. 5d. to 8s. 6d. per lb. as to quantity: drums, 7s. per lb.; 50 per cent. acid in drums, 8s. 9d. per lb.

PHYSOSTIGMINE.—Per oz. for 4-oz. lots: ALKALOID, 476s.; SALICYLATE, 321s.; SUL-

рнате, 411s.

PILOCARPINE.—In 1-kilo lots prices are: HYDROCHLORIDE, 1,375s. per kilo; NITRATE

PIPERAZINE.—Less than 50 kilos are: Adipate, 19s. 3d. per kilo; Citrate, 18s. 6d.; HEXAHYDRATE, 14s.; PHOSPHATE, 20s. 6d.; TARTRATE, 19s. 6d.

Rochelle Salt.—Powder or granulated, 5-cwt. lots or over in kegs, 220s. per cwt.; 1-cwt., 222s. 6d. (bags less 5s.).

SACCHARIN.—B.P. powder 1 lb. and over 15s. 6d. per lb. Sodium salt, B.P., 14s.

Salicylamide. — One-cwt., 6s. 3d. per 1b., 5-cwt., 5s. 11d.

SALOL.—B.P.C., 9s. per lb. (1-cwt. lots), Santonin.—5-kilo lots, 320s. per kilo.

SODIUM CYCLAMATE. — Fifty-kilo lots offered at 13s. 6d. per kilo in free packages, delivered.

STRYCHNINE. — 100-oz. lots; alkaloid, 10s. per oz.; sulphate and hydrochloride, 9s.

SULPHOCARBOLATES.—SODIUM PHENOSUL-PHONATE, B.P.C., 1949 (powder), 12s, 10d. per kilo in 50-kilo lots and crystals, 12s, 2d. per kilo. ZINC, B.P.C., 1949, is quoted at the same rate.

TERPIN HYDRATE.—Less than $12\frac{1}{2}$ kilos, 11s. 6d. per kilo.

THEOBROMINE. — ALKALOID from 31s. to 36s. 6d. per kilo as to quantity;— CALCIUM SALICYLATE from 34s. 6d. to 39s. 6d. per kilo; and—sodium salicylate, 31s. 6d. to 36s. 6d.

THEOPHYLLINE.—12½-kilo lots; ALKALOID ANHYDROUS, 32s. 3d. per kilo and B.P., 33s. 3d.; AMINOPHYLLINE, 29s. per kilo, 12½ kilos; 31s. per kilo.

THIOUREA.—Technical grade, 1-cwt. lots, 3s. 1½d. per lb.; 10 cwt., 2s. 9½d. per lb.

THYMOL.—One-cwt. lots are 11s. 3d. per

UREA.—Pharmaceutical grade, £59 15s. per ton in 1-cwt. bags non-returnable; technical quality, £41 5s. per ton (4-ton lots).

Crude Drugs

- Spot. Spanish napellus, ACONITE. 2s. 8d. per lb.

ANISE. — Chinese STAR, 180s. per cwt. spot, duty paid; shipment, 125s., c.i.f.

ARROWROOT.—St. Vincent from 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d., as to grade.

Benzoin.—Sumatra block, spot £18 10s. to £35 per cwt. as to quality.

Buchu. — Spot, 4s. 3d. per lb.; shipment, 4s. 3d., c.i.f.

CALUMBA ROOT.—Mozambique in bond, 85s. per cwt.

CAMPHOR. — B.P. powder nomina 4s. 9d. per lb. in bond. No c.i.f. offers.

CAPSICUMS. - East African on stalk, 150s. per cwt.; Ethiopian, 145s.

Cassia.—Fistula, 105s. per cwt. landed: lignea (whole), for prompt shipment, 195s., c.i.f.; selected broken, 185s., c.i.f.

Chamomile. — "Roman" type, new crop, 14s. per lb. October delivery; German type, old crop, 7s.

CHERRY BARK. — Thin natural, 1s. 8d. per lb.; shipment, 1s. 8d., c.i.f.

CHILLIES.—Zanzibar, 170s. spot; shipment, 160s., c.i.f. per cwt. Mombasa spot, 185s.; shipment, 132s. 6d., c.i.f.

CINCHONA.—Druggist's bark, San Tome broken quills (t.a. 8.43 per cent.) 1s. 10½d. per lb. ex wharf. Tanganyikan chips, 1s. 7d. to 1s. 8d. as to test.

CINNAMON.—BARK, Seychelles, 95s. per cwt. spot; shipment, 70s., c.i.f. QUILLS, Ceylon (per lb., c.i.f.): 4 O's, 8s. 1d.; single O, 7s. 4d.; quillings, 4s. 8d.; featherings, 2s. 1d.

CLOVES.—Zanzibar spot, 2s. $10\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. standard grade; shipment, 2s. 7d., c.i.f.

Cocillana. — Bark 2s. per 1b. on the spot.

COLOCYNTH PULP.—Spot and shipment nominal.

DIGITALIS.—Purpurea leaves, 2s. 6d. per

ELEMI.--Spot, 1s. 4d. per lb.; shipment, 1s. 1d., c.i.f.

ERGOT. Portuguese, 8s. 6d. per lb. spot and 8s. 4d., c.i.f.

GINGER.—(Per cwt.) African, spot 350s. per cwt.; shipment not quoted. Jamaican No. 3 spot, 775s. Cochin, 300s.; shipment, 295s., c.i.f.

HENNA. — Indian, for shipment, 75s.,

Honey. — (Per cwt.). Australian light amber, 160s. to 162s. 6d. and medium amber, 155s. to 160s. Argentine, 170s. to 172s. 6d.; Jamaican, 152s. 6d. to 157s. 6d.; Canadian, 170s. to 172s. 6d.; Mexican, 155s. to 160s.; all ex warehouse.

IPECACUANHA.—Shipment (c.i.f.): Matto Grosso, 70s. per lb. nominal; Costa Rican, 92s.; Colombian, 70s. Spot offers of Costa Rican at 94s. and Colombian, 72s. 6d.

JUNIPER BERRIES. — Italian, 140s. per cwt.; German, 145s. spot.

KARAYA. - No. 1 gum, spot nominal; No. 2, 325s. per cwt.

Lemon Peel.—Spot, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 3d. per lb. according to quality.

- Whole, 72s. 6d. per cwt.; LINSEED. crushed, 110s.

MALEFERN.—Root for shipment quoted at 75s. per cwt., c.i.f.

MENTHOL.— Chinese: spot, 37s. 6d. per lb. duty paid; October-November shipment, 34s., c.i.f. Brazilian, 23s. in bond; shipment, 23s., c.i.f. Formosan, 27s. 6d. in bond; shipment, 26s., c.i.f.

Mercury.—Spot ex war risen to £62 per flask of 76 lb. warehouse has

NUTMEGS.—West Indian 80's, 8s. 6d. per lb.; defectives, 7s. East Indian for shipment: 80's, 7s. 7d. per lb.; 110's, 7s. 3½d.; defectives, 5s., c.i.f.

Nux vomica.—Cochin, 75s. per cwt. on the spot.

Orange Peel. — Spot: Sweet ribbon, 1s. 8d. per lb.; bitter quarters: West Indian, $10\frac{1}{2}d.$; Spanish, 1s. 4d.

Papain. — For shipment: East African white, No. 1, from 37s. 6d. to 40s. per

PEPPER.—White Sarawak spot, 2s. 11d. to 3s. 2d. per lb.; prompt shipment, 2s. 10d., c.i.f. Black Sarawak spot, 2s. 7d.; shipment, 2s. 5d. Black Malabar, 320s. per cwt. spot; shipment, 290s., c.i.f.

PIMENTO. — Spot quoted at 728s. per cwt.; shipment, 580s., f.o.b.

Podophyllum.—Spot, per cwt.; *Emodi*, 235s.; shipment, 230s., c.i.f.; *Peltatum*, 365s. spot.

QUILLAIA.—Spot, 155s. per cwt.; shipment, 125s., c.i.f.

RHUBARB. — Chinese spot cleared; shipment offers available from origin.

SAFFRON. — Mancha superior about 200s. per lb. spot.

SARSAPARILLA. -- Jamaican native red spot, 2s. 11d. per lb.; shipment, not offering.

ing.

SEEDS.—(Per cwt.). Anise.—Spanish, 280s., duty paid. Caraway. — Dutch 167s. 6d., duty paid. Celery. — Indian unchanged at 175s., spot; shipment, 142s. 6d., c.i.f. Coriander.—Moroccan, 62s. 6d. duty paid for current crop, old offered at 60s., duty paid; shipment easier at 52s., c.i.f. Cumin.—Firm. Spot, Indian, 192s. 6d.; Iranian, 195s., duty paid; shipment Iranian, 175s., c.i.f. Dill.—Indian, 77s. 6d., spot sellers; shipment, 53s. 6d., c.i.f. Fennel.—Indian, 125s., spot; shipment, 112s. 6d., c.i.f. Fenugreek.—Moroccan, 50s., duty paid; shipment. 37s., c.i.f., quoted. Mustard.—English. 47s. to 75s., according to quality.

Senega. — Spot, 15s. 6d. per lb.; new

Senega. — Spot, 15s. 6d. per lb.; new crop for shipment, 15s. 3d., c.i.f.

SHELLAC.—F.O.T.N., 192s. 6d. per cw No. 1, 207s. 6d.; F.O., 225s. to 275s.

SQUILL.—New crop being sold on the spot at 140s. per cwt.; shipment, 135s. nominal.

STRAMONIUM.—Continental LEAVES 85s. per cwt. spot.

STYRAX.—Spot, 21s. per 1b.; shipment, 20s. 6d., c.i.f.

Tonquin Beans.—Para spot, 5s. 4d. per .; shipment, 4s. 10½d., c.i.f.; Trinidad, 7s. 6d., spot.

Tragacanth.—No. 1 ribbon about £195 per cwt. No. 2, £180, spot.

TURMERIC. — Madras finger 150s. per cwt.; shipment, 137s. 6d., per cwt. quoted.

Valerian Root. — Spot: East European, 175s. per cwt.; Indian, 175s. Shipment: Continental, 172s. 6d. to 205s. 6d.

Vanillin.—Rates (per lb.) are now: 5-cwt. lots, 21s. 6d.; 1-cwt., 21s. 9d. 56-lb., 22s.; small quantities, 22s. 6d.

WAXES. — (Per cwt.): BEES'.—Dar-es-Salaam, spot, 440s.; shipment, 415s., c.i.f. Abyssinian, spot, 390s., in bond; shipment, 385s., c.i.f. Candelilla, spot, 465s.; forward, 460s. landed. Carnauba, fatty grey, spot, 295s.; shipment, 280s., c.i.f.; prime yellow, spot, 750s.; shipment, 680s., c.i.f.;

WITCH HAZEL LEAVES.—Spot quotations are 2s. 7d. per lb.

Essential and Expressed Oils

ALMOND. — Sweet, English expressed, 9s. 6d. per lb.; foreign, 7s.

AMBER.—Rectified on the spot, 1s. 6d. per lb.

- Chinese, 16s. per lb., spot; ANISE. shipment, 15s. 6d., c,i.f.

BAY. — West Indian about 25s. per lb. on the spot.

Bergamot, — Case lots on spot from 88s, 6d. pcr lb, as to ester content.

Bois DE Rose.—Brazilian, 23s. per lb. on the spot: prompt shipment, 22s. 3d.,

CALAMUS. — Spot, about 56s. per lb.; shipment, 38s. per lb., c.i.f.

CAMPHOR, WHITE. — Chinese, 2s, duty paid, per lb.; shipment, ls. c.i.f.

Cananga.—Spot, 25s. per lb.

CARAWAY.—Imported oil, 34s. per lb.; English, 60s.

CARDAMOM.—Indian from 260s. to 275s. per lb., spot.

CASTOR.—Home produced B.P. oil, spot, £134 per ton naked ex mill (2-ton lots).

CEDARWOOD. — Rectified 6s. per lb. on the spot.

CELERY SEED. — Quotations are from 116s. per lb.

CINNAMON.—Best English-distilled, 720s. per lb.; other B.P. oils from 22s. to 120s. per lb. Ceylon leaf, 13s.; Seychelles from 7s. 6d., spot.

CITRONELLA. — Ceylon spot, 9s. 4½d.; shipment, 9s. per lb., c.i.f. Formosan, 8s. 3d., in bond; October–November shipment, 7s. 6d., c.i.f. Chinese, October–November shipment, 7s. 5d., c.i.f.

CLOVE.—Madagascar leaf spot, 7s. 14d. per lb., duty paid: shipment, 6s. 4d., c.i.f. RECTIFIED 87–88 per cent., 12s. Distilled bud-oil, ENOLISH B.P., 26s. per lb. for 1-cwt. lots.

CORIANDER.—Russian oil, 40s. 6d. per lb., spot.

CUBEB.—Spot supplies of imported are 85s. per lb.

CUMIN.—English distilled oil, 130s, per lb.; imported, 90s.

DILL.—Imported, 31s. per lb., spot. EUCALYPTUS.—B.P. 5s. 9d. and 6s. 3d. per lb. on spot for 70–75 and 80–85 re-

spectively. FENNEL.—Spanish sweet, spot, 10s. per

GERANIUM.—Bourbon, 90s. to 100s. per lb. on the spot.

JUNIPER. — B.P.C. 1949 oil is from 13s. 6d. per lb. JUNIPER WOOD, from 5s. LAVANDIN.--From 14s. 6d. to 15s. per lb. as to quality.

LAVENDER. — French spot, 30s. to 40s. per lb. as to quality.

LAVENDER SPIKE. — Firm. S 12s. 6d. per lb. for original drums. Spanish, LEMON.—Spot Sicilian from 40s, to 50s.

per lb.

Lemongrass. — Spot, 11s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; shipment, 11s., c.i.f. LIME.—West Indian distilled 48s. per

lb. on the spot. NUTMEG.—West Indian B.P. oil is about 75s. per lb. English distilled, 100s.

PALMAROSA.—Shipment, 62s. 6d. per lb.,

c.i.f.; spot 70s. PATCHOULI. -Penang is 21s., duty

paid and 19s., c.i.f., per lb. PENNYROYAL. — Spot, 12s. per lb., duty

paid.

UNITED STATES REPORT

NEW YORK, OCTOBER 8: PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE was raised three cents to $11\frac{1}{2}$ cents a lb. A two-cent advance pushed U.S.P. grade GLYCERIN to 203 cents and the synthetic to $20\frac{1}{2}$ cents a lb. ANHYDROUS AMMONIA was increased to make the fertiliser grade \$92 a ton (up \$8). RESORCINOL prices were cut 42 cents to make the U.S.P. crystalline grade \$2.08. LAVENDER OIL rose 55 cents to \$2.25 a lb. while LAVANDIN advanced 15 cents to \$2.40.

COMING EVENTS

tems for inclusion under this heading should be tent in time to reach the Editor not later than irst post on Wednesday of the week of insertion.

Sunday, October 13

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL UNION, Three Tuns hotel, Durham City, at 12.15 p.m. Area meeting of N.P.U. members in business in Cumberland, Durham, Northumberland, Westmorland and the North Riding of Yorkshire.

Monday, October 14

IVERPOOL CHEMISTS' ASSOCIATION, Adelphi hotel, Liverpool, at 7.45 p.m. National Pharmaceutical Union meeting.

ONDON NURSING EXHIBITION, Seymour Hall, Seymour Place, London, W.1. Until October 18

ONDON SECTION, SOCIETY OF CHEMICAL INDUSTRY, 14 Belgrave Square, London, S.W.1, at 6 p.m, Dr. J. M. Corkill (Proctor & Gamble, Ltd.) on "The Structure of Thin Detergent Films."

NOTTINGHAM BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Medico-chirurgical Society's house, 64 St. James's Street, Nottingham, at 7.30 p.m. Special meeting to discuss proposed increase in personal retention fee.

OMFORD BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Unicorn hotel, Gidea Park, Essex, at 7.45 p.m., Dr. R. Forgan (May & Baker, Ltd.) on "Flagyl."

SOUTH-WEST LONDON CHEMISTS' ASSOCIATION, Lambeth town hall, London, S.W.2, at 8 p.m. "The British National Formulary and You." Speakers: Dr. K. R. Capper (director, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences), Mr. A. D. Thornton-Jones (secretary, B.N.F. revision committee), Mr. G. Smith (Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences) and Mr. J. W. Hadgraft (chief pharmacist, Royal Free group hospitals).

STOCKPORT BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, West Park hospital, Macclesfield, at 8 p.m. Mr. C. C. B. Stevens on "A Recent Visit to Russia" (illustrated).

Tuesday, October 15

CORROSION AND METAL FINISHING EXHIBITION, Queens hall, Leeds. Until October 18.

DUDLEY AND STOURBRIDGE BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Stourbridge Institute, Market Street, Stourbridge, at 8 p.m. Mr. F. G. Stock (research chemist, Birmingham Analytical laboratories) on "The Work of the Birmingham Analytical Laboratories, with Special Reference to the Drug Testing Scheme."

EAST METROPOLITAN BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY and WEST HAM ASSOCIATION OF PHARMACISTS, Swan hotel, Stratford Broadway, London, E.15, at 8 p.m. Mr. H. Steinman (trea-

surer. Pharmaceutical Society) on "Retention Fees and the Finances of the Pharmaceutical Society."

FIFE BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Anthony's hotel, Kirkealdy, at 7.30 p.m. Professor A. E. Ritchie on "The Pharmacology of the Human Brain."

HERTFORD BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, ESSEX Skipper hotel, The Stow, Harlow, Essex, at 8 p.m. Mr. W. M. Darling (a member of Council) on "Topics of Today and Tomorrow."

MANCHESTER BRANCH, GUILD OF PUBLIC PHARMACISTS, Engineers' club, 17 Alberts Square, Manchester, 2, at 8 p.m. Miss A. Lothian (librarian. Pharmaceutical Society) on "A description of the Pharmaceutical Society's House, including the Library and Historical Collection."

READING BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, St. George's hall, St. George's Road, Reading, at 8 p.m. Mr. H. W. Tomski on "The Economics of Pharmacy with Special Reference to N.H.S. Dispensing."

WELLCOME TRUST historical medical library, The Wellcome Building, Euston Road, London, N.W.1, at 1 p.m. Dr. Edwin Clarke, on "The History of Medicine: Hippocrates as a Clinician."

WEST HERTFORDSHIRE BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Three Horseshoes hotel, Garston, Herts, at 7.45 p.m. Consideration of branch resolutions.

WEST KENT BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, New Hackwood hotel, Widmore Road, Bromley, Kent, at 8 p.m. Branch representatives' reports on the British Pharmaceutical Conference, Mr. A. K. Ross on "The History of British Pottery," illustrated by the film "The Making of Wedgwood."

PRINT AND PUBLICITY

PRESS ADVERTISING

E.C.3: Diet-pack diabetic fruits. In *Balance* and health magazines.

LLEN & HANBURYS, LTD., Bethnal Green, London, E.2: Haliborange tablets, In national Press,

ONTINENTAL COSMETICS, LID., 88 Fonthill Road, London, N.4: Jordan tooth-brushes. In

mass-circulation women's magazines.

**GLISH GRAINS CO., LTD., Granary House,
Burton-on-Trent: Yestamin brewers' yeast. In
London Evening News, Radio Times, and provincial evening newspapers.

GERHARDT-PENICK, LTD., Thornton Laboratories, Purley Way, Croydon, Surrey: Dethmor rodenticide, In national Press.

Golden, Ltd., Berkeley Square, London, W.1: Color-match, In Woman, Woman's Journal, Woman's Realm, Modern Woman, Everywoman, Woman's Own, Woman and Beauty, Sunday Express, Daily Mirror and Sunday Mirror, L'Oreal bleach, in Woman, Woman's Own, Woman's Mirror and Honey, Color-glo, in women's magazines, Elnett hairspray, In Woman, Woman's Own, Flair, Honey, She, Vanity Fair, Modern Woman and Woman and Beauty,

COMMERCIAL TELEVISION

Figures in these columns represent number of appearances of the "spot" during the week.

October 2026	London	Midand	North	Scotland	Wales	South	Z.E.	Anglia	Ulster	Westward	Border	Grampian	Eireann	Channel Is.	W.&N.Wa
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Wednesday, October 16

BOURNEMOUTH BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Stag hotel, Lyndhurst, Hants, Skittle evening.

PHARMACEUT:CAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN, 17
Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1, at 7.30
p.m. Messrs. W. Jones and J. J. Grimshaw
on "The Accelerated Stability Testing of
Pharmaceutical Products."

SOUTH-EAST METROPOLITAN BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, The Fox on the Hill hotel ballroom, Denmark Hill, London, S.E.5, at 7.30 p.m. Informal dinner and dance.

THAMES VALLEY PHARMACISTS' ASSOCIATION, Griffin hotel, Market Place, Kingston-upon-Thames, at 7.15 p.m. Supper dance.

Thursday, October 17

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Stoke-on-Trent.
Annual clinical meeting, Until October 20.

DUNDEE AND EASTERN SCOTTISH BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Kidd's restaurant, Dundee, at 7.30 p.m. Branch representatives' reports.

Mr. J. W. Scott on "The 'S.P.F." Film:

"The Man in the Doorway."

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Guildhall, Portsmouth, at 8 p.m. Sir Hugh N. Linstead (a secretary of the Pharmaceutical Society) on "Safety of Drugs" (public meeting).

ROMFORD BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY.
Visit to the Mermaid theatre, London, E.C.4:
"Schweyk in the Second World War."

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON, Beveridge hall, Senate House, London, W.C.I, at 5.30 p.m. Professor Sir Charles Dodds on "Stilbæstrol and after." Wellcome Trust, historical medical library, Wellcome Building, Euston Road, London, N.W.I, at 1 p.m. Dr. Edwin Clarke on "The History of Medicine: Galen and the Experimental Method."

Friday, October 18

BIRKENHEAD AND WIRRAL PHARMACISTS' ASSOCIATION and WALLASEY PHARMACISTS' ASSOCIATION, Pensby hotel, Wirral, Ches, at 8 p.m. Address on beekeeping.

INTERNATIONAL BABIES' AND CHILDREN'S FAIR,

Cologne. Until October 20.

University of London, Royal Free Hospital school of medicine, Hunter Street, London, W.C.1, at 5.30 p.m. Professor P. K. Anokhin on "Neurophysiological bases of the therapeutic action of anæsthetic and psychotropic drugs."

TRADE MARKS

APPLICATIONS ADVERTISED BEFORE REGISTRATION

From the "Trade Marks Journal," September 25 For vermin destroying preparations (5)

ARREXE, 845,596, by Cela Landwirtschaft-liche Chemikalien, G.m.b.II., Ingelheim-on-Rhine, Germany.

For infants' and invalids' foods and additives for use therewith to form gels as an aid in the prevention of vomiting (5)

GELCAR, 846,451, by Trufood, Ltd., London,

For medical and pharmaceutical preparations and substances (5)

FEMULES, B846,517, by E. C. de Witt & Co.,

Ltd., Croydon, Surrey.
For stimulants, being pharmaceutical preparations, all containing caffeine (5)

CAF-REX, 846,666, by Vantorex, Ltd., Loughborough, Leics.

For pharmaceutical products (5)

FENOSTIL, 847,717, by Zyma, S.A., Nyon, Switzerland.

For pharmaceutical preparations and substances, all containing honey (5)

LIOUMEL 848,112, by Sanitas Co., Ltd., London, S.W.9.

For pharmaceutical preparations and substances

r human and veterinary use (5) ZYMETS, 848,922, hy Parkc, Davis & Co., Detroit, Michigan, U.S.A., and Hounslow, Middlesex.

For insect repelling and insect destroying preparations (5)

VASECT, 850,353, by M. A. G. Pharmaceuticals, Ltd., London, N.W.2.

For preparations of vitamins for pharmaceutical purposes (5)

ADECEGRAN, 850,388, by E. R. Squibb & Sons, Ltd., London, W.1.

For pharmaceutical preparations and substances

in tablet form (5)
PERSONOIDS, 850,393, by Personex Antiseptics, Ltd., Bradford, Yorks.

For pharmaceutical preparations and substances for human and veterinary use; sanitary substances and disinfectants (5)

FIBROCOL, 851,513, by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., London, S.W.I.

For supplementary lenses, lens hoods, filters and holders therefor and flashgun brackets, all being photographic apparatus; and parts and fittings (9)

Device with letters BDB, B847,24I, by B.D.B. Engineers (Luton), Ltd., Beds. For photographic and cinematographic projection

apparatus and parts and fittings (9)
MICROJECTOR, 851,724, by Wedding Photo

Co. (London), Ltd., London, N.W.3. For battery operated vibratory apparatus for

massage and parts and fittings (10) HALEX CARESS, 847,418, hy British Xylonite

Co., Ltd., London, E.4.

For toilet paper (non-medicated) (16) SAN, B842,174, by Santor Paper, Ltd., London. N.W.L.

For natural sponges and shaving brushes; emery boards and orange sticks, all being manicuring implements (21)

MARINA, B843,291, by Macdonald & Son, Ltd., Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancs. For foodstuffs for animals (31)

QUINTET, 848,917, by Walshs, Ltd., Riston, Blackburn, Lancs. C.C.F.F., C.D.F.F., Blackburn, Lancs. C.C.F.F., C.D.F.F., B848,946-47, by Basingstoke Foods, Ltd., Bas-C.D.F.F., ingstoke, Hants, PELSIVIT, 849,683, by Handelmaatschappij Trouw & Co., N.V., Amsterdam, Holland.

From the "Trade Marks Journal," October 2

For fertilisers for sale in England and Wales (1) and food for domestic animals and for poultry for sale in England, Scotland and Wales (31) M.C.P. Brand, B838,025, B838,027, by

Midland Cattle Products, Ltd., Birmingham, 5 For films, paper and plates, all being sensitised

articles for use in photography (1)

ROTARGO, 843,279, by Gevaert Photo-Producten, N.V., Mortsel, Belgium.

For films, papers and plates, all being sensitised

articles for use in photography; and chemical products for use in photography (1)

GEVAGLOSS, GEVAPRINT, 849,985-86, hy Gevaert Photo-Producten, N.V., Mortsel, Belgium.

For all goods (1)

LEZIROL, 850,406, by C. H. Boehringer Sohn. Ingelheim-on-Rhine, Germany,

For chemical products (1)

TORDON, 850,927, by Dow Chemical Co., Midland, Michigan, U.S.A.

For non-medicated humectant emollient prepara-

tions in cream form for the skin (3)

BEAUTY MAGIC, B837,849, by Yardley & Co., Ltd., London, E.15,

soaps, perfumes, non-medicated toilet preparations, cosmetics, and detergents (3)
MELOS, B839,010, by Feinscifenwerke Walter
Rau & Co., Stuttgart-Moehringen, Germany.

For all goods (3)

MARACHELLE, 848,539, by A. J. Siris Products, Ltd., Lanchester, co. Durham, FILTRA-SOL, 848,973, by Colgate-Palmolive Co., York, U.S.A. ELEXIN, 849,011, by D.D.D. Co., Ltd., Watford, Herts.

PATENTS

COMPLETE SPECIFICATIONS ACCEPTED From the "Official Journal (Patents)," September 25

Method for manufacturing xanthosine by fermentation. Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd. 941,086. Cyanoethylation process, J. R., Geigy, A.G.

6-aminomethyl steroids. The British Drug Houses.

Ltd. 941,121.

3-enol ethers of 6-methyl-3-oxo- \triangle ⁴-steroids. The British Drug Houses, Ltd. 941, 122.

Preparation of chlorofluorohydrocarbons, Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd. 941,144.

Manomeric dicarboxylic acids containing amide linkages. Monsanto Chemical Co. 941,156.

Production of phthalic anhydride by catalytic oxidation and a catalyst therefore. Badische Anilin- & Soda-Fabrik, A.G. 941,293. Organo-metallic carbonyl complexes. M. C.

Organo-metallic Whiting, 941,061.

18- and 19-oxygenated steroids and a process for their manufacture, CIBA, Ltd. 941,140.
Insolubilization of phosphoproteins with dialde-

hyde polysaccharides. Miles Laboratories, Inc.

Electrophotographic material, Kalle, A.G. 940,873. Photographic reproduction, Kalle, A.G. 940,874. Electrophotographic materials, Kalle, A.G. 940,878.

Film guide means in roll film photographic cameras. Franke & Heideeke Fabrik Photogr. Prazisions-Apparate, 940,796.

Reflex photographic cameras. Franke & Heidecke Fabrik Photogr. Prazisions-Apparate. 940,797. Photographic printing machines, Kodak, Ltd. (Eastman Kodak Co.). 940,894. Photographic apparatus, International Polaroid Kodak, Ltd.

Corporation, 941,270.

Apparatus for splicing and cutting kinemato-graphic films, G. H. Lapersonne, 940,902. British patent specifications relating to the above

will be obtainable (price 4s, 6d, each) from the Patent Office, 23 Southampton Buildings, Chaneery Lane, London, W.C.2, from November 6.

From the "Official Journal (Patents)," October 2

Dry vitamin-containing preparations and method for the production thereof, Lovens Kemiske Fabrik Ved, A. Kongsted. 941,359.

Injectable pharmaceutical preparations comprising 6α -fluoroprednisolone and/or its 21-acetate. Upjohn Co, 941,371.

Buccal or sublingual tablet containing carbohydrase enzyme for controlling inflammation. Rystan Co. 941,664.

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising a camphor derivative, Roussel-Uclaf. 941,688.

Antiperspirant compositions comprising organicaluminium compounds, International Latex Corporation, 941,692.

Stable solutions of narcotically-active phenoxyacetic acid amides. Farhenfabriken Bayer, A.G. 941,694.

Diuretic compositions, Smith Kline & French Lahoratories, 941,812,

Anthelmintics, Chas. Pfizer & Co., Inc. 941,899. I-(acylaminoaryl)-3,3-disubstituted triazenes. American Cyanamid Co. 941,489.

Fluoracetic acid derivatives, pesticidal preparations containing them and a process for their manufacture. Farbwerke Hoechst, A.G. 941,587. Fungicides. Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd.

941.616.

Throphosphoric and thiophosphoric and thiphosphinic acid esters, Farbenfabriken Bayer, A.G. 941,631.

Dithiolphosphoric acid esters. Farbenfabriken Bayer, A.G. 941,636.

Compounds having herbicidal and fungicidal properties and herbicidal and fungicidal compositions containing the said compounds, Fabriek Van Chemische Producten Vondelingenplaat, N.V. 941,709.

Dithiophosphoric acid esters, process for their preparation and compositions containing them, Soc, Azionaria Romagnola Industrie Agricolo Farmaceutiche, S.p.A. 941,810.

Hypodermic injection and withdrawal apparatus, Wantoch, 941,370,

Surgical dressing, Johnson & Johnson, 941,591.

Medical testing devices, H. G. East, 941,685. Griseofulvic acid. Glaxo Group, Ltd. 941,360,

Antibiotically active reaction products, American Cyanamid Co. 941,744. Pentafluorosulphur-substituted aldehydes, Imperial

Chemical Industries, Ltd. 941,392.

Pentafluorosulphur-substituted carboxylic Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd. 941,393,

Extraction of pyrethrum, East African Extract Corporation, Ltd. 941,395.

Organophosphine oxides and process for their preparation, American Cyanamid Co. 941,495. Homocysteic acid, Ajinomoto, K.K. 941,498.

Sulphonated stilbene derivatives having optical brightening power, Farbenfabrik Wolfen Veb. 941.554.

Benzamides, Abbott Laboratories, 941,560.

a-halogenated amines and process of them. Farbwerke Hoechst, A.G. 941,563.

Substituted 3,3,6-trimethyl heptanes and the preparation of dihydrochrysanthemic acid compounds therefrom, Rhone-Poulenc, S.A. 941,564. Hydrolysis of aluminium alkoxides. Continental Oil Co. 941,567.

Thiazines and process for their manufacture. CIBA, Ltd. 941,632.

Pyrimidines and process for preparing same. CIBA, Ltd, 941,637.

Pyrimadines and processes for preparing same. CIBA, Ltd. 941,638.

British patent specifications relating to the above will be obtainable (price 4s. 6d. each) from the Patent Office, 23 Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2, from November 13.

CONTEMPORARY THEMES

Subjects of contributions in current medical and technical periodicals,

EMULSIONS. The mechanical properties of, Aust. J. Pharm., July 30.

On biological assay and its difficulties, Eastern Pharm.. August. THE PREPUER'N PREGNANCY TEST. Evaluation of.

Lancet, October 5. ANTIBIOTICS. Antidiarrheeal effect of. Lancet,

October 5. DRUG RESPONSE, Stress modification of, Science,

September 20. TREMORINE: its effect on amines of the central

nervous system, Science, September 20. IMIPRAMINE poisoning in childhod. Brit. med. J., October 5.

PETHIDINE poisoning, Brit, med, J., October 5. DDT AND DIELDRIN in rivers: a report of the national water quality network. Science, September 6.

BRADYKININ: vascular relaxant, cardiac stimulant. Science, September 6.

VIRUSES. S. Afr. pharm. J.,

METHYLDOPA AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE in hypertension. J. Amer. med. Ass., September 14. ACUTE BARBITURATE INTOXICATION, J, Amer. med. Ass., September 21.

DIRECT MICROBIOLOG'CAL ASSAY for urine phenylalanine in phenylketonuric Nature, October 5.

PROTECTIVE EFFECT of killed trypanosome vaccines with incorporated adjuvants, Nature, October 5. Cyclophosphamide, Prolongation of homograft survival in mice with single doses of, Nature,

October 5. VARIATION OF INTERFERON YIELD with multiplicity

of infection, Nature, October 5, METHYRID NE. Mass treatment of capillaria and ascaridia-infected poultry with, October 5.

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Superspeed gives the ideal shave The only shaver with a stainless steel shaving head, Superspeed starts sharper, stays sharper, gives the perfect shave. And now Superspeed comes in an eye-catching gift wrapper for Christmas.

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A combined/transformer standard 5 amp. 3-pin type plug. 27/6
MODEL 2

(Shown above). An independent transformer without plug but with 18in, mains cable to which may be attached any type of plug. 27/6

MODEL 3

Similar to model 1, a combined transformer and standard 13 amp. flat pin fused plug. 29/6

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* ANTISEPTICS

BRISTOL Hospital Disinfectant, R.W.7/8.
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KLENZITE Liquid Detergent.

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TECHNICAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

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Established in 1843 as Distillers of Coal Tar, we were among the earliest producers of Carbolic Acid Disinfectants and Antiseptics. Today our range includes the more sophisticated preparations based upon Chlorinated Phenols, in addition to the traditional items.

We have been suppliers for many years to Her Majesty's Government Departments and to Hospitals and Municipal Authorities at home and overseas.

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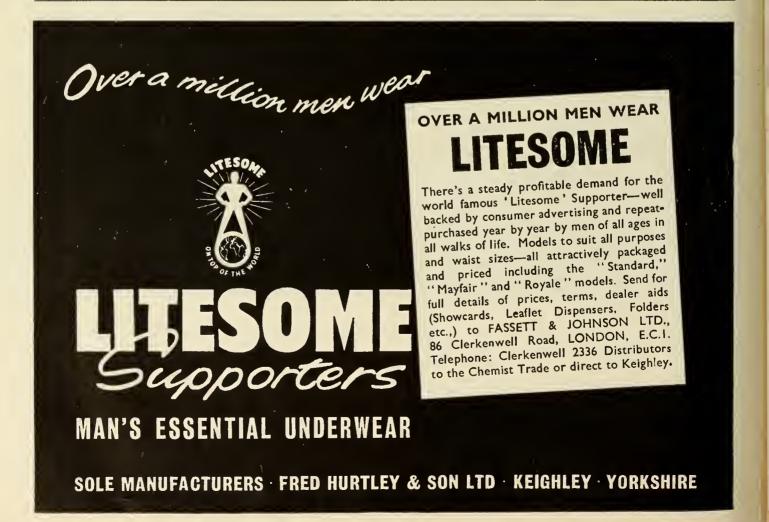


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on orders received before 24th December

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Standard Trade Price 54/8 per doz.
Purchase Tax 13/8 per doz.
Retail Price incl. tax 8/- per set
No extra charge for gift box
Contents can be sold separately if desired
Cutipen 3/9, Nutrinail 4/3

POLISH pharmaceuticals for medical and veterinary use are produced by:

- "POLVA" (ten factories)
- "Biomed" (three factories)
- "HERBAPOL" (six factories)
- "Biovet" (three factories)

Ciech

SOLE EXPORTER

CIECH Import and Export of Chemicals Ltd., P.O. Box 271, 12 Jasna Street, Warszawa I POLAND

SOLE REPRESENTATIVE

ANGLO-DAL Limited, Chesterfield House, Bloomsbury Way, London, W.C.I.

CIE/8





Medicated Toothpaste for hypersensitive teeth, and sore and bleeding gums

A surprisingly high proportion of dental patients suffer from hypersensitive teeth, which are mostly due to erosion and recession at the gum margins.

EMOFORM is an effective treatment for hypersensitive teeth, and sore and bleeding gums. It is also a good tooth cleanser.

EMOFORM has achieved a very great success in its first year in Great Britain and thousands of dental surgeons are recommending it to their patients.

EMOFORM IS AVAILABLE ONLY FROM CHEMISTS

EMOFORM retails at 3/11d. per tube and the trade price is 26/8d. plus 6/8d. P.T. per dozen tubes. Virtually all major wholesalers maintain stocks: order now to meet the *rapidly increasing demand*.



WILLOWS FRANCIS LTD Pharmaceutical Manufacturers since 1751
ASHLEY ROAD, EPSOM, SURREY & LONDON

Incorporating

PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
The Local Anaethetic Specialists





Enough to turn the heads of 13 MILLION WOMEN!

(that's how many can see

*Big spaces, full colour in the top women's weeklies and a selection of the women's monthly magazines

*Unduplicated readership of nearly 13 million women

That's how Color-Glo advertising sets out to win new customers for you and remind old customers it's time to buy again. When they come into your shop, welcome them with Color-Glo displays. And if you haven't got all thirteen beautiful shades in stock, now's the time to order.

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and the famous Color-Glo **Brown-Sherry Shades**

- DARK BROWN SHERRY
- BROWN SHERRY
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- LIGHT SHERRY



Semi-permanent Hair Colouring

Price 24/- per dozen bottles, plus tax. Retail 3/6 per bottle

Manufactured and distributed by:

GOLDEN LIMITED

Berkeley Square House, Berkeley Square, London W.1. Mayfair 8240

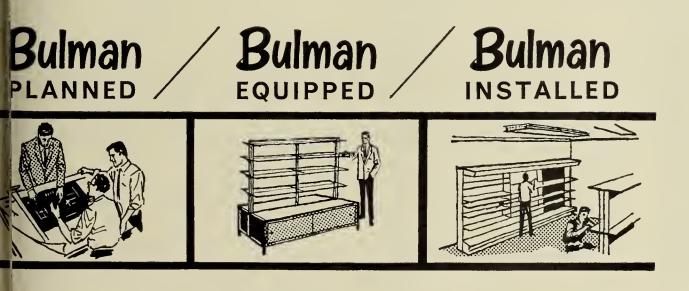
Republic of Ireland enquiries to: Lilmar Pharmaceuticals Limited, Santry, Dublin



our shop for selling

Let air into your shop layout and more goods go out of the door leaving more profit behind in the till! This is what happens from the moment you make your many non-pharmaceutical lines accessible to your customers for self-selection. And here's how you do it—call in Bulman to advise and provide a plan to meet your precise needs. Bulman free standing self-selection units are standard equipment. Other units—for accommodating ethical products, prescription service, beauty preparations, photo equipment, and other serviced items—include designs specially made for the Chemist's shop.

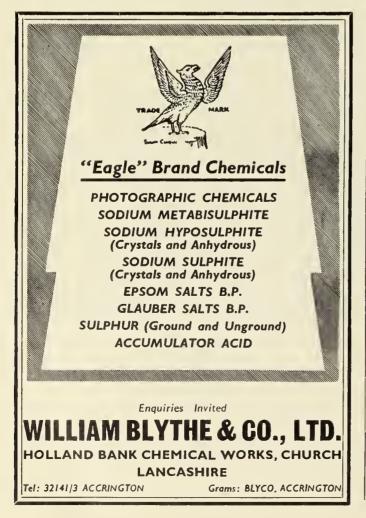
The secret of it all is in Bulmans knowledge and experience of shop planning for efficient merchandising in every branch of retail selling. It's all yours—to make your business more pleasurable and more profitable. Write for full details to the address below.



ORE EQUIPMENT) LIMITED

POMENADE CHELTENHAM GLOUCESTERSHIRE Phone: Cheltenham 52649







FROM LEADING WHOLESALERS OR WRITE
J. G. GODDARD & CO. LTD., 100 MONCRIEFF STREET, PECKHAM, LONDON, S.E. 15



oral vitamin B₁₂ peptide

helps shorten convalescence



'DISTIVIT' TABLETS

20 mcg.

100 mcg.

1,000 mcg.

Trade prices 2s. 8d. Tube of 25 Bottle of 100 8s. 8d.

Tube of 25 7s. 6d. Bottle of 100 21s. 10d. ,, ,, 500 100s.6d.

Foil pack of 4 6s. 0d. Bottle of 50 55s. 0d.

Each 3.5 ml. contains

20 mcg. vitamin B₁₂ peptide Bottle of 4 fl. oz. (approx. 114 ml.) 3s. 0d. ,, ,, 40 fl. oz. (approx. 1,136 ml.) 24s. 0d.



L. LEICHNER (LONDON) LTD., 30-32 ACRE LANE, S.W.2



Do not disappoint your customers

-stock and display



Powders and tablets for the safe and speedy relief of headaches, colds, chills, rheumatic and nerve pains.

EX ALL LEADING WHOLESALE HOUSES

Sulvia sanitary towels



consumer demand is increasing . . . are you getting your share?

- PROTECTION High absorbency:
 Safe moistureproof backs: Sewnon loops: Silky soft knitted covers:
 Full range of generous sizes.
- PUBLICITY National Advertising:
 Self-service Display Stands: Attractive pack: Showcards: Window Stickers.

SEND FOR A TRIAL ORDER AND GAIN REGULAR CUSTOMERS

- PROFITS Good profit rates:
 Generous bonus terms: High
 rate of turnover.
- PRICES Top quality towels at medium prices.

Size	Trade	Retail				
0	20/-	2/2				
1	21/6	2/4				
2	23/3	2/9				
3	31/3	3/5				

GENEROUS QUANTITY TERMS

Cuxson, Gerrard & Co. Ltd.



HEAD OFFICE & WORKS: MANSFIELD ROAD, DERBY. Tel: 40671 (10 lines) BRANCH WAREHOUSE: GROSVENOR ST., ASHTON under LYNE. Tel: 5161 (9 lines) NORTH WINGFIELD ROAD, GRASSMOOR. Tel: HOLMEWOOD 481 (7 lines)

Edible BONE phosphate

presents

calcium and phosphorus in their most readily assimilated form

Available as a white, sterile powder in 200, 100, and 50 mesh.

> Full particulars, samples, and prices on request.

CALFOS LTD.

IMPERIAL HOUSE, KINGSWAY LONDON, W.C.2

Phone: TEMple Bar 3629







DIXOR LTD. ST. LEONARD'S ROAD, MORTLAKE, S.W.14



DRINKING STRAWS

FLEX-STRAW
BENDS TO ANY ANGLE

Standard Drinking Straws—packs of 50 now available in the new SELF-SERVICE DISPLAY TRAY.

Self-Service Display Tray holds handy home packs of 25 Flex-Straws, A BOON to invalids at home. Children love them,

Both packs, in colours of red and blue, are designed for quick self-service sales. Your customers can see the straws at a glance in these attractive "window" packs. They occupy MINIMUM SPACE—but make MAXIMUM SALES and MAXIMUM PROFITS.



TRY THE NEW TALL "SWEETHEARTS"—101"—for LONG DRINKS, Available in handy quarter gross cartons.

For those who like their "SWEETHEARTS" shorter... there are the 8½" straws in packs of 100, as well as the 8½" "Mother Goose Straws" in the colourful "window" pack (kiddies love 'em).

These are just a few of the SWEETHEART range, TALL, SHORT, STRAIGHT; also the FLEX-STRAW—the ONLY straw DESIGNED TO BEND AT ANY ANGLE, Can be used safely in hot and cold beverages.

HYGIENIC DRINKING STRAWS CO. LTD.

College Road, Fishponds, Bristol

Phone: Bristol 653268 & 654205 Grams: Drinkrice, Fishponds, Bristol

TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 6565

Address Box Number Replies to: THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 28 ESSEX ST., STRAND, LONDON, W.C.2

APPOINTMENTS — 24/- per 1" s.c., minimum and pro rata, AGENTS — AUCTION SALES — BUSINESSES FOR SALE and WANTED — CLEARANCES and WANTS — CONTRACTS — MISCELLANEOUS — PATENTS — PARTNERSHIPS — PREMISES — PUBLIC and LEGAL NOTICES — SITUATIONS VACANT, Run-on — 4/- per line (minimum 20/-), Semi-display — 24/- per 1" s.c. minimum, Displayed with border rule, larger type faces and blocks — 60/- per s.c.i minimum, Reduced rates for one-third, one-half and full pages on application. SITUATIONS WANTED — 6/- per 18 words minimum, then 4d. per word, Use of Box No. — 2/-, Advertisements received by 4 p.m. Tuesday published same week.

PREMISES

SHOPS TO LET IN NEW DEVELOPMENTS

serving rapidly expanding residential communities

COXHEATH, MAIDSTONE 8 Shops 19 ft, x 40 ft, and Flats over

LINDFORD, HANTS
6 Shops 16 ft. x 36 ft. and Maisonettes

ASH VALE, HANTS
4 Lock-up shops 19 ft, x 48 ft.

TADLEY, HANTS 6 Shops 20 ft, x 48 ft, and Flats over

STYLES AND WHITLOCK, 44 St. James's Place, S.W.1. Tel.; Hyde Park 0911.

C 5563

TO LET. Hook, Hants (main A30 road and serving new housing estate). Central corner position. Block of three new shops with stores, garages, loading bay, rear access, car parking, with fine self-contained three-bedroom flats. Rapidly developing area, Nearest present chemist four miles, 21-year leases. Commencing rental including shop, flat, storage and garage from £700 per annum exclusive. Thurlow Ltd., 112 Park Road, Camberley, Surrey, Telephone 4794. C 5567

BUSINESSES WANTED

£500,000 AVAILABLE

for the purchase of one or more

PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING BUSINESSES

With Nationally Advertised Proprietary Lines

MANAGEMENT RETAINABLE

Minimum Nett Profits £20,000 per annum

Write in Confidence to:-

BUSINESS BROKERS LTD. Sir Reginald Terrell

46 St. James's Place, LONDON, S.W.1 Telephone: HYD 1678 C 8453

BUSINESSES FOR DISPOSAL

SCOTLAND. Pharmacy for sale in industrial Fife coast resort, long established, 20 years in hands of present owner who now wishes to retire. For particulars apply to Messrs.

J. Harley Hepburn and Co., Chartered Accountants, 135 High Street, Kirkealdy.

C 5559

THE PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN

SECRETARY AND REGISTRAR

The present holder of this post is due to retire in a few years' time and applications are invited for the post of DEPUTY SECRETARY with a view to the person appointed succeeding him subject to satisfactory service in the meantime.

Applicants must be registered pharmaceutical chemists and should have had administrative experience, preferably in a pharmaceutical connection. They should have an interest in and wide knowledge of affairs and well-developed qualities of initiative, judgment and decision. The salary will be negotiated but will be not less than £3,500 p.a.

The Council of the Society have set up a small committee under the chairmanship of the President to consider applications and recommend the person to be appointed. Applications, which should reach the Society not later than November 30 next, should be addressed to the President, The Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, 17 Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1, and the envelopes marked "Deputy Secretary."

CHEMIST'S BUSINESS for sale, centre of W. Midland town, Trade nearly £15,000 p.a. Flat over (now let) and rooms let as doctor's surgery. Rent £250 p.a. Old-established, in a congested residential area, £2,500, S.a.v. £2,000, George Chapman & Co., F.V.I., la Worcester Street, Gloucester. Tel.: Glos. 24593.

APPOINTMENTS

HARTLEPOOLS HOSPITALS MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Pharmacist

Applications are invited for the above vacancy, Salary £725 to £970 per annum. Apply (with names of two referees) to the Group Secretary, at the General Hospital, West Hartlepool, as soon as possible, C 5562

HIGHLANDS GENERAL HOSPITAL, WINCHMORE HILL, LONDON, N.21

Senior Pharmacist
required. Whitley Council salary and conditions. Applications stating age, qualifications and experience with copies of two testimonials to Hospital Secretary. C 8583

MOORFIELDS EYE HOSPITAL

Dispensing Assistant
Applications are invited for the post of Dispensing Assistant, female. An interesting appointment in well-equipped, modern department. Whitley Council salary and conditions of service.

Apply in writing to the Chief Pharmacist, New Food London.

Apply in writing to the Chief Pharmacist Moorfields Eye Hospital, City Road, London

KIDDERMINSTER & DISTRICT GENERAL HOSPITAL

(full- or part-time) required at the above Hospital, Salary £725 rising to £970 per annum—pro rata for part-time appointment. Applications together with the names of two referees to Hospital Secretary. C 8590

LEWISHAM HOSPITAL, HIGH STREET, S.E.13 Senior Pharmacist

required, Accommodation available for female, Applications stating age, qualifications, experience, and names of two referees, to Group Secretary.

LONDON JEWISH HOSPITAL,
STEPNEY GREEN, E.1
Locum Pharmacist
required at the above hospital immediately.
Modern department, Every third Saturday
morning off, Salary £19 19s, per week.
Applications to the Chief Pharmacist (Telephone: STE, 4251).

ORSETT HOSPITAL,
Nr. GRAYS, ESSEX
Senior Pharmacist
required at the above hospital is being rebuilt and will ultimately accommodate over 500 beds, A new Out-patients' Department has already been built and the next phase commences in a short while. The post will be an interesting one and in due course a complete new department will be available. Residential accommodation may be made available to a single applicant if required. Applications, giving full details of experience, together with names of two referees, to the Group Secretary, Thurrock Hospital, Grays, Essex.

SITUATIONS VACANT WHOLESALE

INTER - ALIA PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES LIMITED

TABLET COATERS

MACHINE OPERATORS PROCESS WORKERS

In our programme of expansion, we are looking for experienced men who are not afraid of hard work — prepared to operate on shift work basis. Excellent opportunities exist for advancement in our modern factory situated in Norfolk.

Apply to: WORKS DIRECTOR,

INTER-ALIA PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES LIMITED,

Industrial Estate,

London Road,

Thetford, Norfolk.

C 8588

Appointments—Continued

LONDON JEWISH HOSPITAL, STEPNEY GREEN, E.1

required at the above hospital immediately.

Modern Department offering good general experience, Every third Saturday morning off, Whitley Council salary scale, Applications in writing, giving details of age, qualifications and experience, together with the names of two referees, to the Chief Pharmacist, C 8549

MOORFIELDS EYE HOSPITAL,

MOORFIELDS EYE HOSPITAL, CITY ROAD, LONDON, E.C.I

Pharmacist

Applications are invited for the above post at this hospital. This is a Category V Post-Graduate Teaching Hospital with a modern, well-equipped pharmacy. Whitley Council salary and conditions of service.

Applications, stating age and qualifications, with names of two referees to the Chief Pharmacist.

C 8566

ST. ALBANS CITY HOSPITAL
(403 beds),
NORMANDY ROAD,
ST. ALBANS, HERTS
Senlor Pharmacist
Applications are invited for the above post at this general hospital within easy reach of Central London, Whitley Council salary and conditions of service, Applications stating age, qualifications and experience, together with the names of two referees, to the Chief Pharmacist. Pharmacist.

Locum Pharmacist

Locum Pharmacist required immediately pending this appointment. C 8518

WEST PARK HOSPITAL, EPSOM, SURREY Locum Pharmaclst

required, Five-day week, Salary £19 19s,
Apply immediately to Chief Pharmacist
stating age and qualifications. C 858

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL, ST. JOHN'S HILL, S.W.11

Locum Pharmacist
Near transport facilities to central and west
London, Apply Secretary, St. John's Hospital, St. John's Hill, S.W.11. Telephone
VANdyke 1022. C 8583

WEST PARK HOSPITAL, **EPSOM, SURREY**

Senior Pharmacist

Senior Pharmacist required at this modern psychiatric hospital. Five-day week, Salary range £810—£1,060, plus £45 London Weighting.

Small unfurnished flat with central heating available to rent, suitable for newly qualified person, or temporary accommodation may be available for a single person. Further information on request from Chief Pharmacist, 'phone Epsom 5234.

Apply, naming two referees, to the Group Secretary, West Park Hospital.

C 8582

WEST SUFFOLK GENERAL HOSPITAL, BURY ST. EDMUNDS, SUFFOLK (250 beds)

Pharmacist

one of three, required in busy modern department, Salary £725 to £970 per annum. Post suitable for experienced or newly qualifield officer, Applications with names and addresses of two referees to Hospital Secretary within ten days of this advertisement. C 8589

SITUATIONS VACANT

RETAIL (HOME)

CHEMIST COUNTER ASSISTANTS required for London, E.C.1 and N.1. Highest salary paid in exchange for experience and loyalty, Apply in writing to Managing Director, Kendale Chemists, 51 Exmouth Market, C.5569

CAMBERWELL, S.E.5, Male dispensing assistant required, capable of ordering and controlling own stock. Good working conditions, D. Davis, Ltd., 272 Albany Road, London, S.E.5.

CHEMIST REQUIRED for new shop, Good prospects, York area, Box C 5570.

EXPERIENCED SALES GIRL required for congenial medium-sized pharmacy in East London. No dispensing, Good wages depending on hours negotiated. Details and availability for interview to Box C 5577.

WHOLESALE

ANALYTICAL TECHNICIAN. Young man, preferably experienced in drug and pharmaceutical assay required. Excellent conditions, modern laboratory. Apply in writing, giving fullest particulars of experience, salary, etc., to Managing Director, Biorex Labs., Ltd., 47/51 Exmouth Market, London, E.C.1.



BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.

invite applications from

PHARMACISTS

for posts in their Pharmaceutical Production and Packaging Departments at the Wellcome Chemical Works, Dartford, The posts afford a good opportunity for recently qualified Pharmacists wishing to enter industry. The salary paid will be in accordance with qualifications and experience. experience.

Applications should be sent to The Personnel Manager, The Wellcome Chemical Works, Dartford, Kent.

Situations Vacant—Continued

ASSEMBLER AND PACKER for drugs and medicinals for hospital orders. Some experience and knowledge of drugs and medicinals an advantage, Good salary and conditions. Apply Biorex Labs., Ltd., 47/51 Exmouth Market, London, E.C.1, TER, 5216, C 5568

MEDICAL REPRESENTATIVES

Opportunities exist for appointments to positions of Medical Representatives with an important Pharmaceutical Manufacturer, marketing the products of their own research, to G.P.'s, Hospitals, etc.

Appointments will be made in the territorics of—Shropshire, Gloucestershire, Lancashire, Northamptonshire, Leicestershire, S.E. London, and Liverpool/Wirral.

The successful applicants will already have some experience of working on their own initiative, and without close supervision. Preference will be given to men with Medical or Pharmaceutical experience, but a suitable background showing the ability to make a sales approach at professional level would be acceptable.

Salary will be according to experience and qualifications, but will not be less than £1,000 per annum, Lunch allowance and Company Car provided and all out of pocket expense paid by the Company. A superannuation scheme, free life insurance and sick benefits are in operation.

All applications will be acknowledged and will be regarded as Strictly Confidential, Travelling expenses will be paid to applicants requested to attend for interview. Box C 8587.

M.P.S. REQUIRED immediately for work on the sales side in expanding company. Must be enthusiastic and ambitious, age not Must be enthusiastic and ambitious, age not important, Permanent post, Contributory Pension Fund, Free Life Assurance, Three weeks' paid holiday, Staff Canteen, Salary according to qualifications, £1,200 p.a., minimum, Apply to Sales Director, John Bell, Hills & Lucas, Ltd., Worsley Bridge Road, London, S.E.26, C 8594

PROVINCIAL REPRESENTATIVES required, London and Southern Counties, for well known and nationally advertised cosmetic lines, Substantial commission basis and expenses suitable applicants with connection. Box C 5538.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED by an oldestablished firm to sell on commission surgical trusses, spring and elastic, state ground covered, Replies in strict confidence to Box C 5561.

C 5561, UNQUALIFIED MALE ASSISTANT required for manufacture of galenicals, Experience essential, McClure, Young & Co., Ltd, Elgar 5424. C 5574

SITUATIONS WANTED

DIRECTOR (pharmacist) of several pharmaceutical companies, about to retire, seeks post as consultant to supplement retirement income, 40 years' varied experience in almost every branch of the business, including formulation, buying, manufacturing, marketing and administration, Replics to Director, Box C 8591.

Box C 8591.

ENERGETIC, adaptable representative, age 37. of smart appearance, resident Sheffield, secks appointment in medical representation. 8 years' experience confectionery trade. Willing to undergo training Box C 5572.

SORRY cannot help my brown complexion, but I am willing, able and young. I have experience of all branches of retail pharmacy and academic qualifications, A humble degree in pharmacy of London University, I would like to do some evening and week-end work. Terms by arrangement. Please reply: S. K. Mallick, B.Sc., P.Pharm., M.P.S., 49 Macaulay Court, Macaulay Road, S.W.4.

C 5564

SITUATIONS VACANT WHOLESALE

PHARMACIST

Pharmax Limited have a vacancy for a Pharmacist for Development and Laboratory work at their new laboratories, Crayford. Candidates preferably should have some industrial experience in these branches of pharmacy.

This is a senior position offering excellent prospects in a rapidly

expanding company.

A good salary, according to experience and qualifications, will be offered. Non-contributory pension scheme in operation, canteen, five-day week.

Address fully detailed application, in confidence, to:

Managing Director (P/C), Pharmax Limited, Thames Road, CRAYFORD, Dartford, Kent.

C 5546

AGENTS

OPPORTUNITY to GO-AHEAD WHOLESALE/DISTRIBUTORS CHEMISTS

With regular cover of the following area—Greater London. Birmingham area. Yorkshire. The North East. Scotland. SOLE AGENCIES GRANTED. First-class Exclusive product. Takes up little space. Easy to sell to EVERY CHEMIST. National advertising support. Offered by a Firm of Repute to Firms of Repute. Box C 5575.

AGENTS

AGENT WANTED calling on chemists, departmental stores, opticians, for variety of lines, Established connection in Southern Counties and London, Box C 5560.

AGENTS WANTED for extra repeatable line already calling on retail chemists in (1) London area and Home Counties; (2) South Coast_ Box C 8592.

AGENCIES

EXCELLENT connections in Middlesex and N.W. London, with chemists and hospitals. Box C 5571.

WANTED

CASH FOR CAMERAS!!! Best prices paid for German and Japanese apparatus that has become obsolete or is "sticking," Quantity unlimited, The Camera Co., 320 Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W.I. VIC, 5438. C 627

WE WILL PURCHASE for cash a complete stock, a redundant line, including finished or partly finished goods, packing raw materials, etc. No quantity too large. Our representative will call anywhere. Write or telephone: Lawrence Edwards & Co., Ltd., 6/7 Wellington Close, Ledbury Road, London, W.11. Tcl.: Park 3137-8.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

A BARGAIN.—New Company Registrations £25 complete—all trades, also rapid Company Formulation Service, Get "Advantages of Trading as a Limited Company," 31- post free. Business Economy (Dept. Y/10/AU), 156 Strand, London, W.C.2, TEM, 8377/2294, 19 Walker Street, Edinburgh, 3, CAL, 1167.

MANLY MAN'S BELT, Nationally advertised "obtainable from chemists," 35/-, Full trade terms, Order by waist size from Manly Co., Manor House, Worcester Park, Surrey, DERwent 3877. C 635

MACHINERY FOR SALE

LANSING BAGNALL battery-operated Stillage Truck, 2-ton capacity, platform 32 in, long x 18 in, wide, Almost new condition, £385, Write Box C 8559. battery-operated

FINANCE

RELEASE CAPITAL tied up in book debts by using our Sales Finance service. CML, 115 Gloucester Place, W.1. C 5477

FOR SALE

GEORGIAN pharmacy display bottles (120), two window carboys, £80, Lairds, 92 Park Road, Baker Street, N.W.1, AMB, 6507. C 5566

MISCELLANEOUS

COHAR FOR CARPETS offer 15%—20% saving, all leading makes, carriage free U.K. Huge saving on Venetian Blinds, Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Parquet Tiles, Furniture, Washing machines, Refrigerators, Lawr. Mowers and Power Tools, Showrooms at London, Leicester, Sheffield, Bradford, Leeds, Hull, Middlesbrough, Manchester, Newcastle Bristol, Hadleigh (S.), Liverpool, Cardiff Swansea, Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Cambridge Plymouth, Bournemouth, Brighton, Glasgow Dundee, Birmingham, Preston, Blackpoo and Belfast Write:—Cohar Distributors 47 Oswald Street, Glasgow, C.1. Or phone: Glasgow CENtral 8325, Birmingham MIDland 8333, London CHAncery 2345, Manchester CENtral 2321. C 600

chester CENITAL 2321.

FASHION JEWELLERY, Jodez (Manchester)
Ltd., 10 Shudehill, Manchester, 4. Leading
again with the latest Xmas lines just arrived
from abroad, exclusively our own imports
Exquisite Brooches, Chatelaines, Ear-rings
new style Necklets, Dress Rings, Diamant
Hair Ornaments, Bangles, etc. Sample orden
from £5 upwards, Immediate delivery.

C 5554

52/24/85

Quarterly Price List SEPTEMBER

	Actifed (208 BW) compound linetus	80 oz	63	4ea	_	_		ts7
	Admune (436 Evans)					40		,
	disposable syringe	10	$\frac{7}{60}$	6ea 0ea	_	10	0	
	Adrenaline (971 PSMB solution) 25 mils	20	0	_	2	6	†s7
	Alberto Culver (1437 A VO5 shampoo	.CC)						
t	bottle		51	6	$12 \ 10\frac{1}{2}$	7	6	
	Aldis (884 NB) "505" projector					399	0	
	Aldomet (837 MSD) injection	5 mils	15	0ea	_	22	6	
	Alficetyn (34 A&H) capsules 250 mgm	12	132	0	_	16	6	TS
		$\frac{100}{1000}$	86 83 5	8ea 8ea	_	130 1253	6	TS TS
	ear drops 5%	15 mils 5 mils	68 52	0	_	. 6	6	TS TS
	for eye drop dripp	er bottle	34 198	0	—	4 24	3	TS TS
	powder, non sterile	5 gm 25 gm	80	10ea 10ea	Ξ	121	3	\mathbf{TS}
	suspension	100 gm 60 mils	98	0	_	452 12	9	TS TS
	Alfonal (29 Alfonal) diabetic fruits							
	Sorbitol sweetened unsweetened	d8 oz 8 oz	16 13	6 6	=	1 1	10 6	
	Allegron (378 Dista)							
		115 mils	54	0	13 6	7	10}	†s4B
	tablets 10 mgm	500 mils 25	$\frac{178}{34}$	0	44 6 8 6	25 4	11 չ	†s4B
		$\frac{100}{500}$	$\frac{128}{47}$	0 0ea	32 0 11 9e	18 a 82	8	†s4B †s4B
	25 mgm	25	70 256	0	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 6 \\ 64 & 0 \end{array}$	10	21/2	†s4B †s4B
		500	94	0ea		a164		ts4B
!e	Allenbury's (34 A&H) pastilles sugarless							
	Alphosyl (1178 Staffor	(d) 60 gm	120	0	30 0	17	6	
	Alupent (154 B)							
	(distributors 969 Pf tablets 20 mgm	50		10ea		14	9	
te	Amadls (Pierre Cardin	250 n (366 Der	44 adron		_	67	0	
	Amadis (Plerre Cardir							
rt	J Pak S. type hardener	1 gall	40	0ea	_	60	0	
rl te	S. type hardener	450 mils 80 oz	56	0		7	0	
	Amplex (67 Ashe) deodorant roll-on		18	0	4 5	2	6	
	spray-on Analgesic balm (179 I		18	ŏ	4 5	2	6	
		јаг	15	0	3 9	2	2	
	Angel Face (256 CPL) face powder		23	5	5 11	3	6	
	Ansolysen (971 PSME injection 0.5%	3) 10 mlls	48	0		6	0	
	Anthical (971 PSMB)				9 0	4	8	
	Anthisan (971 PSMB)	4 oz	32	0	8 0			
te	ampoules 2.5% Anti-Kamnia (1178 S Anti-Kamnia (1178 S	2 mils 10 taffo r d) en	68 tire e	0 ntry		8	6	†s7
T	Anti-Kamnia (1178 S new formula tablet	tafford)	11	9	2 11	<u>1</u> 1	7	
	(paraceta original formula tal	mol)	28 11	7	2 11 7 1 2 11 7 1	3 1	9	†s4B
		21000	28 11	9 7 9	7 1 2 11	4 3	9	1 s 4 B 1 s 4 B
	with codeine Antolia (1476 AC)	••						1931)
	leaves Antussin (1239 Tobal	120	6	3 1 ea	. 8	½ea10	6	
	double strength		40 67		_	4 7	6	†
			07	U		•		

	chewable capsules	::	36 36	0	_		4	0 † 0 †
Insert	Aqua Mephyton (837) ampoules 0.5 mil	25	47	6ea	_		71	3
Dalota	bath liquid Aristocrat (78 AS&Co		102	4	25	7	13	6
Desect	Ascabiol (971 PSMB) emulsion	*	26	0			3	3
	Asilone (117 BPL) paediatric	50 gm	120	0	30	0	17	6
	Atomol (34 A & H) nasal spray	00 g	28	0	30	Ü	3	6
	Atrixo (1164 SSL) hand care	404	12	0	3	0	1	9
	nana obio	411 408	13 20	9	3 5	5 2	2	0
		409	96	0	24	0	14	0

THIS WEEK'S CHANGES AT END OF LIST

	Atromid S (649 ICI)							
	capsules	50	12	4ea	3	1ea	21	7
	Captalos	250	56	6ea	14		a 98 1	
		1,000	217	8ea	54		380	
	Aventyl (413 Lilly)	-,						
	liquid 10 mgm/5 m	ila						
	nquid 10 mgm/5 m	120 mils	56	0	14	0	8	2
		480 mils	14	0ea	3	6ea		6
	Pulvules 10 mgm	100	10	8ea	2	Sea.		8
	r arvaics to mg	500	47	0ea	11	9ea		3
	25 mgm	100	21	4ea	5		37	4
	g	500	94	0ea	23		164	6
	Avomine (971 PSMB)							
	tablets 25 mgm	10	20	0			2	6 ts7
Delete	Ayrtolax (78 AS&Co)	tablets						
	Ayrton (78 AS&Co)							
	antiseptic cream	large	13	0	3	3	2	0
	tabletŝ							
	chlorophyll	48	12	0	$\frac{3}{2}$	0	2	0
	vapour rub	tin	9	0	2	3	1	6
	Band-Aid (672 Johns	on)						
Delete	butterfly closure 1	00 s						
	Barluze (89 Barluze)							
			24	0.	3	2	3	0+
			*In	cludes	3d.	for	cont	ainer.
	Bartex (477 AF&B)							
	perfume spray, har	ndbag						
	size	No. 6	8	0ea	2	0ea	. 13	11
		No. 7	9	1ea	2	3 1 e	a15	11
	Beauty on a Budget (1063 Rimm	rel)					
	eye make-up remo	ver pads	10	3	2	6	1	6
	shampoos	, or burne		J			-	_
	lanolin cream (3)	10	3	$\frac{2}{2}$	6	1	6
	medicated liquid		10	3	2	6	1	6
Dalata	Bellair (681 Kaputin	• •						
Devece		16)						
Incort								
Insert	Bellair (1243 Topsy)							
Insert	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PI)))	o o	0			2	e +
	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PI spray)) 15 mils	28	0	_		3	6 †
Insert Delete	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray	15 mils oz & 16 oz	28	0	_		3	6 †
Delete	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray 1 o Bencard (113 Bencar	7) 15 mils oz & 16 oz rd)	28	0	_		3	6 †
	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray	15 mils oz & 16 oz od) solutions			_			·
Delete	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray	15 mils oz & 16 oz od) solutions 25 mils	78	9ea	_		105	0
Delete	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray 1 c Bencard (113 Bencal inhalation testing allegens patch test	15 mils z & 16 oz rd) solutions 25 mils	78 31	9ea 6	_		105	0
Delete Insert	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray 1 C Bencard (113 Bencal inhalation testing allegens patch test prick test instrum	15 mils oz & 16 oz	78	9ea	_		105	0
Delete Insert Delete	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray 1 o Bencard (113 Bencal inhalation testing allegens patch test prick test instrum skin test outflt 16	15 mils z & 16 oz rd) solutions 25 mils ent 5×2 mils	78 31 90	9ea 6 0	_		105 3 10	0 6 0
Delete Insert	Bellair (1243 Topsy) Bena-Fedrin (938 PD spray 1 o Bencard (113 Bencal inhalation testing allegens patch test prick test instrum skin test outflt 16	15 mils z & 16 oz rd) solutions 25 mils ent 5×2 mils	78 31	9ea 6	_		105	0

the most versatile digitalis glycoside

LANOXIN DIGOXIN

TABLETS ● SOLUTION ● INJECTION ● PÆDIATRIC TABLETS & ELIXIR BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO. (The Wellcome Foundation Ltd.) LONDON



2	CIIDI	OI E	MEI	NT	TO	וחף	u D	CURMIS	T AND	DRII	CCIST	r	0.	4 a la .	1	2	1.0	
2	SUPI	LE	IVI E I	NI	10	L	не	CHEMIS	I AND	DRU	00121		Uc	tobe	er 1	2,	15	0.
		468	3ea 9ea		315 625	0			wasp nest			20 12	0	=		2 8		
	44×5 mils Beogex (972 Pharmax)	468	9ea		625	0					6 nests 20 nests 40 nests	60	0 0	Ξ	1:	3 0 7 6 2 6	3	
	suppositories adults 6 60 childs 6	$\frac{22}{14}$	0 0ea 0		14 1	0			weed killer Coty (301 Cot	"24D"	4 oz		ő	Ξ		3 / 0		
	60	10	6ea		14	0			bath cubes Crinx (1155 S		073	29	6	7	2	4 6		
	Bond Street (1355 (Yardley) Spray Mist de luxe Brestol (307 C&G) entire entry	115	0	28	9 16	9			conformln 4 yds 2 i	n	••		0	_		1 2	!	
	Brevedil E (971 PSMB) powder, ampoules								3 l: 4 l: 6 l:	n	••	13	7 5 9	=		1 8 1 9 2 3)	
	150 mgm 10 multi-dose container	168	0	_	21	0			Croekes (324	Crookes)	···	10	ט			2 3		
	750 mgm "M" ampoules 67 mgm 10	74 148	0	_	9 18	3 6			ACTH intra or subcu	taneous 1		27 42	0	_		3 0		S84 S84
	multi-dose container 335 mgm	56	0	_	7	0			intraver		0 units	81	0	_		9 0) T	Ss4 Ss4
	ampoules 2 mils 10 multi-dose container	98	0	_	12 5	3			carbon tetr	7 achloride l	5 units Injection	72	0	_		6 (Т (Ss4
	Brocillin (1393 BRL) tablets	40	U		3	U			vet. vlal Cyclonal (971			72	0	18		0 6		
Delete Insert Delete	125 mgm 24 125 mgm 20 250 mgm 24	160	0	_	20	0	TS		ampoules ()·5 gm 1 gm	25 25	33 46	4ea 8ea	=			0†s1 9†s1	
Insert	250 mgm 20	293	0	_	36	6	TS		Davenol (135) linetus		4 fl oz	41	9				7 †8	
	Bronchagen (113 Bencard) vlals 3×10 mils	78	9ea	_	105	0			Deakin's (360	D&H)	40 fl oz		0) †s	:7
	Brontina (221 Camden) ampoules 2 mils 12 tablets 1 mgm 100	13 17	1½ea 3ea		3ea 20 4ea 27		†87 †87		cough and Inflammatl	on remedy	7	15 15	9	3 1 3 1	11	2 (8	
Delete	Brovon (859 Moore) pressurised with adaptor	1.1	oga	*	40a 21	*	lat		Depo-Provera ampoules 5		il 1 mil	12	5ea	_		_		84B
Delete	refill pressurised complete	122	0	_	14	6	t	Delete	Dermalac (93		5 mils	55	0ea	_		_	TS	8 4 B
	refill adaptor	96 26	0	_	11 3	6	Ť		De Witt's (37 kidney & t			17 35	4 6	4 8	3		4	
Delete	Broxil (1393 BRL) tablets 125 mgm 24							Insert	piperazine	SVTUD	20 oz	56 16	3 Oea		9		6	
Insert Delete	125 mgm 20 250 mgm 24	160	0	_	20	0	TS	2700070	Dilex (147 Be			13	0ea	_	1	9 (6	D
Insert	Brylcreem (303 County) dispenser	293	0	16	36 9½ 9	8	TS		Dimol (376 I	Oimol)	2 110105	10	1					
Insert	Caapi (878 Napp) all sizes	07	-	10	52 5	Ů	t		tablets	••	48	28 43	6	10	1½ 9	6	0	
2100070	Canadian (288 Commercial) healing oll 2 oz	24	0	6	0 3	6	,		Dimol A (376		16 oz	72	0	18	0 1	10	0	
Delete	Canasta (Jacques Fath) (distributors 331 C of C) all en		Ü	v	•				(distributo tablets Diphtherla-te		100	43		10	9	6	0	
	Capsolin (938 PD) tube Cascade (818 M&B)	24	0	6	0 3	6			vaccine an Dorant (718	npoules 1 r			6ea	″ –	1	0	0	
Insert	photographic wetting agent 500 mils	120	0	_	15	0			hair tonic	•••		52	в	13	2	7	6	
Delete	Colbonin (1393 BRL) packs of 25 and 100								Colour Dra	ama	4 oz	58 32		8	6		6 8	
	Chlormytol (938 PD) ointment 5 gm 15 gm	4 11	8ea 6ea	_	7 17	0			Drenison wit	h neomyc	5 gm	51	0	⁾⁾ –		6	41	Ti
	Chloromycetin (938 PD) Kapseals 0.25 gm 12	11	0ea		16	6	TS		Drummer (40		15 gm	129 22	6		'		1] 6	Tī
	100 500	86 419	8ea 6ea	_	130 629	3	TS TS		washing up Durophet (10 capsules 7	061 Rlker)	30	40	0	_				841
	50 mgm (vet) 25	836	0ea 6ea	=	1253 6	3	TS		12.5 mg		300	$\begin{array}{c} 260 \\ 44 \end{array}$	0	Ξ		32 5	6 †	s41 s41
	cream tube	18 2 16	4ea 8ea 2ea	=	27 4 24	6 0 3	TS		20 mgm		300	304 52	0	=			6 1	84]
	ear drops 5 mils 100 mils	4	4ea 10ea	Ξ	8 76	6	TS	Engant	Dyspastol (87	78 Napp)	300	376	0	_	4	17	0 †±	341
	endotonic compound cartridge	6	0ea	_	9	0		Insert	all sizes Edixamat (98 camera Ka		la) E1	504	608	122 1	1ea6	79	8	
	hydrocortisone ophthal- mlc drops 5 mils	5	8ea	_	8	6	TS		case Elastikon (67		E217	47			7ea		7	
	ointment tube intramuscular 2 gm Intravenous 0.5 gm 6	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 9 \\ 12 \end{array}$	4ea 0ea 2ea	Ξ	5 13 18		TS	Dele t e	elastic adhes Eldon (561 H	sive banda								
	ophthalmic 25 mgm vial ointment Aplicap 1% 50	2 5	10ea 0ea	Ξ	4 7	3 6	TS TS		vaporiser Embacoid (8)	18 M&B)			0	_			9	
	palmitate suspension 60 mils	24 8	2ea 2ea	_	36 12	3	TS TS	Insert	film cemen En-O-Ge (11	166 South	on)	108	U		1	13	6	
	pure 5 gm 25 gm		10ea	=	24 121	3	TS		(distributo Entair (179] capsules		30	11	2ea	2	9lea1	19	6 <u>1</u>	
	succinate 250 mgm 1 gm	301 5 8	10ea 4ea 8ea	=	452 8 13	0	TS		Entersorb (1: tablets (ve		h)	168	9	_			ĸ.	T
	suppositories 6 topical 5% 15 mils	8	Oea 8ea	=	12	0	TS		Equagesic (1 tablets	352 Wyet	h) 10	27	8	_				843
	aerosol (vet) tin colourless (vet) tin	24 18		_	36 28	6	TS		Equizole V	837 MSD)	100	240	0				6 t	8 4]
	Chlorstreptin (938 PD) Kapseals 12	9	6ea	_	14				powder (ve Esobactulin (distribute	(1166 Sout		85	0	_		9	6 V	
Datata	suspension 60 mils	75 12		=	112 16		TS TS		Esoban (116	6 Southon)							
Detets	Cholphytone (115 Bengue) Colomycin (972 Pharmax) syrup, powder for 80 mils	14	беа	_	19	4	TS			am tube	4 oz	25	4	6	4	3 1	1	
Insert	Corry's (1472 Corry) aerosols								(distribute	ors 1479 W	allis)							
	ant killer fly spray	32 32	0 0	_	4				(distribute	ors 1479 W	allis)							
	garden and green- house	32 56	0	_	4 7	0			daylight m	ake-up		8	4ea	9	lea '	14	6	1
	ant and woodlice liquid 4 oz		0	=	3 5	0			eye line: foundat	r brush	••	7 14	80a 0ea	1 1	llea :	13 24	6	
	powder	64 10	0	_	6	0			llpstick . refill			10 7	0ea 4ea	2	6ea	17	6	

	mascara compact	17 0ea 8 8ea	4 3ea 29 2 2ea 15	6		pressurised complete refill	:	122 0 96 0	_	14	6
	powder film pressed compact	14 0ea 10 0ea	3 6ea 24 2 6ea 17	6		adaptor ivarsai (452 FBA)		26 0	Ξ	3	0
	refill	5 4ea 10 0ea 10 0ea	1 4ea 9 2 6ea 17 2 6ea 17	6 6 6	Dolete	lozenges 10 mgm Izal (890 NC & C) Izal (1480 Izal)	16	20 0	_	2	6
Inseri	youth blend over-glow Eucarbon (1484 PCPL)	14 Oea	2 6ea 17 3 6ea 24	6	X 16067 \$	dustbin powder sr	nall arge	9 0 13 6	=	1	0
	tablets 40	26 1 50 0	6 6 3 12 6 7	10 3	Delete	Jacques Fath (331 C of C)	2 lb	24 6ea	_	30	0
	Filmtabs 25 mgm 100 10 mgm 100	5 2 10ea 26 0ea	13 2½ea92 6 6ea 45	5½†84B 6 †84B		Jergens (471 FB) hand lotlon Johnsonplast (672 Johnson) zine o	20 10	5 1	2	11
Insert	Euvitol (34 A&H)			te4B		flesh colour	in in		—		6
	Ever Ready (438 ER) razor blades					3½ yd	l in ½ in	4 3 5 3 8 6	=	1	71
	Corrux premium edge	19 2	4 10 2	9		5 yd	l in l in l ln	13 6 12 6 19 0	Ξ	2	7 51 3
	F99 (657 IL) F99 (1485 Dlva)	(60 blades)	(60 blades)				2 in 3 in	33 3 47 0	=	3 1	10
	Faint Blush (60 Arden) Fath de Fath (Jacques Fath		12	6		The state of the s	in 1 in 2 in	20 8 82 0 59 6	Ξ	2 3 7	6 41 9
Delste	(distributors 331 C of C) all en Femilan (37 Allied)	tries					3 ln	83 4	= ,	9	8
	Fields (462 Fleld) shave stick Flawless (256 CPL)	5 8	1 5	9	Delete		ube	8 0 14 5	3 7	1 2	0
	cream	32 9	8 21 4	6	Dolete	napkins powder la	ırge	27 8 12 7	6 11 3 2	3	9
	perfume Fetiche animals 631,400	38 0	[9 6 5	6	Delete	back plaster wool balls (carton)		18 0		2	3
	floral carded 631,800 flower 631,500 Forster's (561 HF)	$\begin{array}{cc} 33 & 0 \\ 72 & 0 \end{array}$	18 3 4 18 0 10	11 6	Delete	chiropodists' felt N.H.S	nall	12 0		1	6
П	vaporising outfit Framomycin (324 Crookes)	70 0			Delete	dental floss 12 24 pocket first-ald outfit	yd yd	9 6 14 6	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 4\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 & 7\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	2	6
	feed additive 1lb 3lb 3lb Fullers (1246 TP&T)	31 Oea 84 Oea	- 46 - 126	6 TSVSO 0 TSVSO		protective pants si	lum :	240 0 260 0	26 0	29 31	6
	celery pllls 480 Furadantin (1153 SKF)	120 0	30 0 18	0		suspensory bandage NH travel kit		280 0 26 0 44 0	28 0 2 8	34_	9
и	suspension 4 fl oz 80 fl oz	111 0 167 7ea		101/2		Jordan (327 WC) Jordan (1372 CCL)		44 0		3	
	tablets 50 mgm 100 1000 100 mgm 100	57 10ea 531 0ea 109 10ea	— 86 — 164	9		Josephine Hart (1481 JHL hair spray		9 0	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 1\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	1	6
П	Gedeon Richter (499 Richter)	1008 3ea	_ 104				6 oz 8 oz 6 oz	20 6 30 0 31 6	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 7 & 6 \\ 7 & 10\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	3 4 6	6 6
20204	hormone cream 1 oz	36 0 64 0	9 0 5 16 0 9	3 4			1 oz	38 .6 (gross)	$97\frac{1}{2}$ (gross)		71
revere	GH (234 Cartwright) entire entr Gillette (514 Gillette)	У				4	2 oz	51 0 (gross) 54 0	13 0 (gross) 14 6	1	9
	razors adjustable Mark II Arlstocrat	87 4 21 10ea	21 10 12 5 5 tea 37	6		twin pack		(gross) 58 0	(gross) 14 6	1	6
	Goddard (522 Goddard) Long-Term silver polish					hand cream	-	(gross) 9 0	(gross)	1	3
1	33 oz 71 oz	45 0 85 6	5 _ 9	6		shampoo oyster cream a medicated	nd 6 oz	9 0	2 3 2 6	1	3
elete	qt. Green Water (Jacques Fath) (distributors 331 C of C) all e	81 10ea	— 42	6		1	6 oz 1 oz	20 0 18 0	3 0 4 6	2	
	Halex (560 Halex) Baron battery shaver	45 Oea	11 3ea 77	6		2×:	1 oz	(gross) 30 0 (gross)	(gross) 7 6 (gross)	1	0
	Haygon (113 Bencard) vlals 4 × 10 mils Hazoi (34 A&H)	78 9ea	— 105	0		Katorin (147 Boots) oral solution	8 oz	4 6ea	_	6	9
y.	nasal drops 15 mils Hexa-mandelate (1166 Southon)	40 0	5	0		Kest (697 Kest)	0 oz	20 0ea 7 0	1 9	30 1	0
	(distributors 1479 Walls) Hexocii (1310 WW) (distributors 77% Leveridge)					tablets		14 0 35 0	3 6 8 9		0
seri	Hibitane (649 ICI)				Insert	K ₂ r (890 NC & C) K ₂ r (1480 Izal)					
iele	lozenges 20 Hlpsy (930 P&B)	16 8	4 2 2	6 †	Insert	dog powders	8	14 5 (2 doz)	3 7 (2 doz)	1	0
ser	Hipsy (451 F&J) Histofax (208 BW) 17.5 gm Horlicks (621 Horlicks)	20 0	5 0 2	11		kennel pack	24	16 2 6 Oea	4 0	2 10	3
	1 lb	$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 7 \\ 36 & 0 \end{array}$	_ 2 _ 3	3 9	Delete			0 0		1	0
ш	1 lb 3 lb	62 5 168 0	— 6 — 17	6	Insert	handy	75 150 100	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 0 \\ 15 & 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 15 & 9\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	Ξ	i	9
	chocolate flavoured 6 oz 12 oz Hygroton-Reserpine (501 Geigy	28 10 52 10	3 5	6		economy for men	150 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 9 & 0 \end{array}$	=	2	6
	tablets 20	10 0ea 38 9ea	— 15 — 58	0 †s4B 1½†s4B		for men pocket pack Kodak (711 Kodak)	100	24 9 2 8	=	2	9
	iglodine (561 HF) antiseptic ½ gall 1 gall	102 0 192 0	25 6 14 48 0 26	9		Brownie Vecta camera	case	16 3ea 3 7ea	4 1ea 11ea		1 4
	innoxa (654 Innoxa) Living Peach	102 0	40 0 20		Delete Delete	Brownie movle 8 projec	tor A15				
1	body lotion	108 0 94 0 120 0	27 0 16 23 6 14 80 0 18	9 6 6		Brownle movie 8 project A15 G Lady Caroline (1254 UCS)		286 0 ea	- 4	140	0
	moisturising lotlon tonic, extra regular	120 0 94 0 94 0	28 6 14 23 6 14	6		perfume with atomiser 633		102 0	25 6	14	
1	Insiden (501 Geigy) tablets 50 mgm 30	7 3ea	1 10ca 12	81 ts4B		Remons 11oz 633. Lady Manhattan (462 Field perfume presenta	d)	126 0 89 0	31 6 22 3	18 13	6
1	150 1000	30 Oea 186 3ea	7 6ea 52	6 †s4B 11½†s4B		soap		16 6	4 11	2	3
eli	Iris Gris (Jacques Fath) (distributors 331 C of C) all e iso-Brovon (859 Moore)	ntrles				bath cubes soap bath	2073 081	29 6 29 9	7 2 7 3	4	6
el	pressurised with adaptor					shampoo sa	chet	19 2 (3 doz)	$\frac{4}{(3 \text{ doz})}$		11
M								,			

100

3 11 (2 doz)

(2 doz)

28

bath foam

Piease (895 NA&V) choc-drops for dogs ...

Poli-grip (1178 Stafford) (distributors 451 F&J) denture cream 13 oz

50 mils 100 mlls

300 mils

6 oz

16 oz

9

15 24 0ea

36

25 8

0ea

ŏ

9

16

6 3 22 36

3 6

6

plastle dressing

Nucta (1192 SGD) hair sprays ...

shampoo Bonnle Nulon (1037 Reckltt) hand cream ...

spray

	Delle (200 370 4 0)					Stone Fin (100m To 1111)	1.5		
	Polly (890 NC &C) Polly (1480 Izal)					Stera-Fix (1037 Reckitt) Suba-Seal (479 WF)	15 9	— 1 9	
Insert	Polycolor (721 LC)	32 8	8 2	4 9 ‡		feeders stopper 3A3-29	2 8	_ 4	
	Polylock (721 LC) small kit	37 9	9 5	5 6		Sucron (67 Ashe) 6 oz	19 2	- 1 11	
Insert				‡		Sudden Veil-Lift (160 Bliss) facial mask (8 treat-			
Insert	Polytint (721 LC) Pompette (886 NCR)	P 0	0	10 0	Delete	ments) Suitc 16 (Pierre Cardin (366 De	36 0ea	9 Oea 63 O	
Delete	shampoo spray Poppet (890 NC&C)	7 6ea	9ea	12 0		Suite 16 (Pierre Cardin (1475 Con			
	Poppet (1480 Izal)					Sunbeam (1199 Sunbeam) Shavemaster 190-250 v. XS		152 6	
Dalata	Proctosedyl (1087 Roussel) suppositories 12 6 and 48	108 0	_	13 6	TS	Sunset (1343 DW) TR III Speedlight flash			
Delete	Provera (1263 Upjohn)	10 0			in A.D.	unit 8ure Shield (549 Guest)		195 6	
	tablets 5 mgm 20 100	19 2ea 80 0ea			s4B s4B	pastilles	13 4	2 0 1 10	
	Proxinol (67 Ashe) safflower oil ½ pt	76 6	_	8 6		blackcurrant & glycerine Gee's B.P.C.	12 6	_ 1 7 †	
neaut	Pyridium (1310 WW)					glycerine, lemon & honey Sustac (972 Pharmax)	13 4		
nsert	Rennies (894 Nicholas) 150	35 10	9 0	4 9		tablets gr $_{28}^{1}$ dp 30 dp 250	102 0 780 0	— 11 4 † — 86 8 †	
	Rexona (756 Lever) soap	25 4	6 2	1 0		gr 10 dp 30 dp 250	$\begin{array}{ccc} 126 & 0 \\ 972 & 0 \end{array}$	- 14 0 † - 108 0 †	
		(3 doz) 42 3	(3 doz) 10 4	1 8		Swan Lake (893 Nicholas) taleum	13 2	3 3½ 1 11	
	Rhuaka (1207 Watashawa)	(3 doz)	(3 doz)			Sweet Sue (1412 Jackel) perfumed sachets	17 0	4 3 2 6	
	Rhuaka (1307 Waterhouse) tablets 12	12 6	3 11/2	1 10	Delete	Syrtussar (61 APC)	15 6	3 101 2 6	
4	Ribena (103 BF) blackcurrant drink 18 oz	43 11	6 71	5 3*		syrup 4 oz Tetralysal (478 Fraser)	7 0ea	1 9ea 12 3 †s7	
	Richpine (499 Richter)		3d for co			capsules 150 mgm 16	17 7ea 105 4ea	— 26 4 TS — 157 11 TS	
	4 oz	36 0 64 0	9 0	5 3 9 4			1016 3ea 3 4ea	— 1424 3 TS — 5 0 TS	
	Rinoxin (506 Gerhardt)	64 0	16 0		·	Thermona (1154 S&N) liniment	24 0	6 0 3 6	
	concentrate (all sizes) readimix (all sizes)				s4B s4B Delete	Thermos (1226 Thermos) vacuum flask refills	<u> </u>		
)elete	Royal Sweden (1412 Jackel) 15216			- (Detete	19F & 77F		63 6	
retete relete	15261				Insert	jugs 348 46/1		50 9	
Pelete	1760 1984				Insert Insert	tray set 54Q	:	04 0	
Pelete	594 496				Delete I nsert	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
elete	parent mirror set Kontur bristle 15201	162 0	40 6	23 11	Insert Dele te	22F, 140QF, 54F		20 0	
	15202 15206	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 192 & 0 \\ 252 & 0 \end{array} $	48 0 63 0	27 11 37 6		Throaties (64 AW) blackcurrant	3 10	11 6	
В	Royal Sweden 15223 15265	$\begin{array}{ccc} 192 & 0 \\ 112 & 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc}48 & 0\\28 & 0\end{array}$	27 11 16 6		lemon, honey and menthof Thylin (1320 WP)	3 10	11 6	
rsert	Rubilex (466 FF) Rubelix (466 FF) prices unchanged	ged				tablets 250 mgm 100 Tixyl (971 PSMB)	30 0ea	— 45 0	
	Sanatogen (502 Genatosan) selected multivitamins 30	56 O	_	7 0	Insert	Tixylix (971 PSMB) prices same			
	60	104 0	-	13 0		Together (462 Field) cologne	58 3	14 64 8 6	
Bert	Sanescol (878 Napp)			†		perfume satin tale	$\begin{array}{cc} 48 & 0 \\ 32 & 8 \end{array}$	12 0 7 0 8 2 4 9	
	8avion (649 ICI) lozenges 12	13 9	3 5	2 0†		Trafuril (262 CIBA) cream 20 gm single	2 0ea	_ 3 0	
VI	Scan (31 AP)	13 10	3 51	2 1		Treminon (452 FBA)	20 0ea	_ 3 0	
	bottle	23 6	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 5 & 10\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	3 6	Insert	all packs Tress (525 Golden)		†s1	s4A
	Scotties (153 BSC) 50 two ply regular	26 1	_	1 0		Trill (525 Golden)	17 1	4 3 2 6	
	100 two ply	(3 doz.) 47 5	_	1 9		Tricoid (818 M&B)	108 0	— 13 6	
	150 two ply economy	(3 doz) 45 1	_	2 6	Insert	film cement 500 mils Trivax (208 BW)			
	200 two ply family	(2 doz) 42 8	_	3 2		ampoule 0.5 cc 1 Tryptizol (837 MSD)	20 0	_ 2 6	
	Sedalby (115 Bengue)	(1½ doz)				syrup 4 oz	8 6ea	— 12 9 te4	В
	dp 250	240 0	60 0	†s1	ls4A	Tylagel (378 Dista) tube Tylan (1477 Elanco)	26 0	— 3 3	
Bert	Seneschal (1124 Sen M) corn planes	22 6	5 71	3 1		injectable 250 mils 500 mils	20 0ea 39 2ea	- 30 0 - 58 9	
	Senokot (1324 Westminster) tablets 16	10 6	_	1 3		soluble 50 gm 100 gm	82 2ea 157 2ea	— 123 3 — 235 9	
	Senpolin (1154 S&N) liniment	10 0				Tyzanol (583 HP)	32 0	— 4 0	
	8H.420 (973 Pliarmethicals) tablets 10 mgm 20	24 0ea	_	†5	s4B	spray pack	56 8ea	— — ts4.	A
	8how Girl (1478 SBP) cologne deodorant 6 oz	26 5	6 7	4 11	Insert	Urolucosil (1310 WW) (distributors 776 Loveridge)			
	hair spray 8 oz Siestol (859 Moore)	30 9½	$7 2\frac{1}{2}$	5 11	2.10007	Valium (1074 Roche) tablets 2 mgm 100	16 8ea	— 25 0 †s4:	В
	capsules 18 80lufin (673 J of H)	22 0	5 6	3 3		500 5 mgm 100	66 8ea 24 0ea	- 100 0 †s4 - 36 0 †s4	B
	developer 250 mils 2½ litre	40 0 20 0ea		5 0 30 0		500	98 8ea	- 148 0 ts4	
M	Somilan (179 BDH)				Insert	Varicones (898 Northern) pile remedy	14 2 33 4	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
lata	tablets 30 500	78 0 92 6ea	- 1	9 9 38 9			33 4 59 0	8 4 5 0 14 9 8 11	
lete	Somnotil (37 Allied) Soporal-A (37 Allied)					Vaseline (256 CPL) petroleum jelly			
ert	Sorosil (878 Napp)			†		yellow jar Velouty (379 Dixor)	10 8	2 8 1 5	
	Spray 'N Stay (256 CPL)			· ·	Delete	powder cream jar jar	27 0 20 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	hairspray economy size	45 5	11 5	12 6		Veltis (115 Bengue) cream		,	
	Stabillin V-K (147 Boots) syrup, granules for 60 mils	4 4e a		6 6 1	TS	perfumed 40 gm	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 0 \\ 25 & 0 \end{array}$	4 6 2 6 6 3 3 6	
2	Stamina (1112 SBF)			1 11½		unperfumed 40 gm 70 gm	18 0 25 0	4 6 2 6 6 3 3 6 4 6 2 6 6 3 3 6	
1	dog food . economy	18 6		1 112		10 gm	20 0		

	Velvet (1275 VCP) all Velvet (1275 VCP)							
	handkerchlef tlssu pock	es et pack tandard	2 8	8	=	.1	4	
	tollet tissue "jumb	triple 00'' Is single	20 13	0	<u>·</u>	1	6	
	Vernon (980 Photopla)	double	25	8	 52 9e	2 a 378	11	
	cine camera 8 mm 19 V.I.P. (1482 NP) men's toilet kit	0/20	108	10ea 0	27 0	14	_	
	Vita-E (127 Bioglan) gels 75 i.u	100	25	0ea	_	37 175	6	
	200 l.u	500 1000 100	116 226 60	8ea 8ea 0ea	Ξ	340 90	0	
	400 l.u	100	286 113	8ea 4ea	_	430 170	0	
	800 i.u gelucaps 75 l.u.	100 90	560 220 23	0ea 0ca 4ea	=	840 330 35	0	
	gordonps to na	120 500	30 116	0ea 8ea		45 175	0	
	powder 1000 i.u. 10 succinate tablets 50		226 153 66	8ea 4ea 8ea	=	340 230 100	0	
		1000 i.u. 50	133 28	4ea 4ea	=	200 42	0 6	
		100 500 1000	52 253 493	4ea 4ea 4ea	=	78 380 740	6 0 0	
Delete	Vitacoat (1284 V) Vitrex	1000	100					
Insert	Vitex (385 DG)		60 89	0	15 0 22 3	13	9	
	dusting powder perfume	tin	57 89	0	14 3 22 3	13	6	
	skin perfume	2 oz 4 oz	$\begin{array}{c} 89 \\ 132 \end{array}$	0	22 3 33 0	13 19	3	
	Voigtlander (673 J of E Vito automatic 1 Vitoret R	••	Ξ		_	651 383	0	
	Wallis (1479 Wallis)	500	58	0ea	14 6e	a 92	0	†84B
	junior aspirin tablets Wander (1303 Wander)		9	0	2 3	1	9	
	diabetic chocolate mllk assortment		30	5	4 6	3	9	
	warmabed (1308 Warm electric blanket "De Luxe" single					157	9	
	double	60×48 60×30	•••			232 165	0	
	double "Standard" single double	60×30		••		244 113 157	10 8 7	
Delete	"Golden Rest" both sla Wellcome (208 BW)	zes	••	••	••			
Delete	1,500 i.u. in 1 cc	10 12	194	0	_	24	3	
Denne	tetanus toxold 0.5 cc tuberculin old, huma	nT1cc	20 36	0	=	2 4	6	
	1 ln 100 1 ln 1,000	5 cc 1 cc 1 cc	126 36 36	0 0 0	=	15 4 4	6	
	1 ln 10,000 Wernets Dr. (1178 Staff	1 cc	36	Ö	—	4	6	
	denture powder Wydase (1352 Wyeth)	• •	16	0	_	2	0	
Delete	ampoules 1000 iu Wyness (1338 W&S) Xylocaine (68 AH)		14	6	2 2	1	10}	
	eye drops 4%	 15 mll	6 33	6ea 0	=	9	9 1+	
Insert	Zactirin (1352 Wyeth)		_		_	_		†84B
Delete Insert	Zal (890 WC&C) Zal (1480 Izal)							
	Zo all sizes Zonal (54 Antigen) salt	2 oz	16	0	_	2	0	
Delete	Zonas all sizes							

ADDITIONS TO KEY TO SUPPLIERS

(89 Barluze) = BARLUZE (PRODUCTS) LTD., 2 Lovaine Avenue, Whitley Bay, Northumberland.
(376 Dlmol) = DIMOL LABORATORIES LTD., 34 Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.4. City 6309.
(378 Dista) = DISTA PRODUCTS, LTD., Fleming Road, Speke, Liverpool
24. Hunts Cross 1271. (425 ELC) = ESTEE LAUDER COSMETICS, LTD., 18 Davies Street,
London, W.1. Hyde Park 6949. (478 Fraser) = FRASER CHEMICALS, LTD., 88 Lewisham High Street,
London, S.E.13. Lee Green 7486. (484 Fulford)=C. E. FULFORD, LTD., Knapping Mount, West Grove
Road, Harrogate, Yorks. Harrogate 69661. (509 Glbbs) = GIBBS PEPSODENT, LTD., Hesketh House, Portman
Square, London, W.1. Hunter 1200. (529 Gorney) = GORNEY, LTD., Cross Bath Road, Bramley, Lecds, 13.
Pudsey 77221. (833 Mel P)=MELDAIRE PRODUCTS, LTD., P.O. Box 2. Manchester
21. Delete 890 NC&C=NEWTON CHAMBERS & CO., LTD.

(863 MR) = MORPHY-RICHARDS, LTD., 50 Condult Street, Londo
W.1. Whitchall 9755. (958 PS)=PERMA-SHARP, LTD., Flakefield, East Kilbride, Scotland
East Kilbride 21391.
(1124 Sen M)=SENESCHAL MANUFACTURING CO., 109a Dartmout Road, London, N.W.2. Gladstone 4187.
(1243 Topsy) = TOPSY PHARMACEUTICALS LTD., Fountain Stree
Oldham, Lancs. Oldham Maln 3045. (1246 TP&T) = TOWER PILL AND TABLET CO., LTD., 6 Cole Stree
London, S.E.1. Hop 1229.
(1254 UCS) = U.C.S. (LONDON), LTD., 39 Albemarle Street, London, W. Hyde Park 2630.
(1469 Caron) = PARFUM CARON, 2 Old Bond Street, London, W.
Hyde Park 5110. (1472 Corry) = CORRY & CO., LTD., 10 Borough High Street, London
S.E.1. Hop 3493.
(1474 NRA)=N.R. AGENCIES, LTD., Harcourt Road, Bexleyheatl Kent. Bexleyheath 1940.
(1475 Concorde) = CONCORDE PERFUMERY & COSMETICS, LTD
94 Rickmansworth Road, Watford, Herts. Watford 29251. (1476 AC) = ANTOLIA COMPANY, Studio Six, 5 Kensington Church Stree
London, W.8. Western 9334.
(1477 Elanco) = ELANCO PRODUCTS, LTD., Broadway House, The Broadway, London, S.W.19. Liberty 6600.
(1478 SBP)=SHOWGIRL BEAUTY PRODUCTS, 50 Greyhound Road
London, N.15. Tottenham 0570. (1479 Wallis)=WALLIS LABORATORY, LTD., Holywell Industric
Estate, Watford, Herts. Watford 21812.
(1480 Izal) = IZAL LTD., Thorncliffe, Sheffield. Ecclesfield 3171. (1481 JHL) = JOSEPHINE HART, LTD., 73 Bordesley Green, Birming
ham 9. Birmingham Victoria 5545.
(1482 NP)=NATIÖNWIDE PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD., 7 Clevelan Gardens, London, W.2. Ambassador 4420.
(1483 JBB) = JOHNSON BODY BELT CO., Dome Bulldings, The Quad
rant, Richmond, Surrey. Rlchmond 1053. (1484 PCPL) = PARAMOUNT COURT PHARMACY, LTD., 155 Totter
ham Court Road, London, W.1. Euston 1089.
(1485 Diva) = DIVA LABORATORIES (GREAT BRITAIN), LTD. 229a Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.
229a Shartesoury Avenue, Bondon, W.O.2.

THIS WEEK'S CHANGES

NEW and altered entries notified for the first time A = Advanced. R = Reduced. Entries new this week are marked thus:—

•	Andre Philippe (48 Albubble bath set	?) 22	54	0	13	6	7	11	
•	Boy Blue (1114 SLL) shampoo	sachet	15	0	3	9		9	
	-		(3½ d		(31 d				
•	Bronchilator (97 Bay measured-dose neb								
	with vial	10 mils	14	0ea	3	6ea	24	6	t
•	Calsotone (1166 Sout		24	0	6	0	3	9	
•	Dubois (160 Bliss)	30	24		O	U			
	cologne spray	• •	65 65	3	16	4	9	6	
	lavender spray perfume spray	• •	00	3	16	4	9	0	
	Chicana		171	3	42	10	24	11	
	Chiquette Chiquita	• •	109 171	$\frac{0}{3}$	27 42	3 10	15 24	#	
	tale spray		45	ŏ	11	3	6	6	
Insert	Dylon (816 Mayborn) dyes carpet		68	0			8	6	
Corr.	dyes carpet spot dry cleaner		22	6	_		2	6	
Delete	Elorine chloride (413		ules						
	perfume	110-40	115	3	28	1	17	6	
	politanio	121-40	164	6	40	1	25	0	
		141-40 151-40	296 493	3 6	$\begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 120 \end{array}$	3	45 75	0	
		171-40	845	6	206		128	6	
Delete	existing packs								
•	colour tones		22	3	5	7	3	3	
	Ever Ready (438 ER))			Ü				
A	stropping machine	with	87	6	21	11	12	6	
A	strop	••	34	4	8	7	5	ŏ	
	Focus (1242 Toni)		07	77.1	c		2	44	
- 8	extra hair spray	• •	27 62	7⅓ 11	6 16	11 9	3 8	11	
0	Frador (107 BH&L)	••	17	5	3	11	2	6	
Delete A	Gale's (449 JF)	••	21	3	5	4	3	7	
	honey set	½ lb	19	2			1	11	
	clear	1 lb ½ lb	31 19	8 2		•	3	2 11	
		1 lb	31	8	_		3	2	
•	four leaf clover Hiolite (160 Bliss)	1 lb	35	0	_	•	3	6	
•	hair lacquer aerosc	1 .,	65	0	16	3	9	6	
,	Hudnut (631 Hudnut)		0.4		0		5	^	
Delete	Bloom rouge Kobler (1253 Turnper	513 nnv) entri e s	34	4	8	7	9	0	
Insert	Kobler (1253 Turnper	nny)							
	electric razors Classic						294	0	
	home and car					3	330	0	
	Export						112	9	
	Compact Lady	• •					45 239	6	
	Trlplex		•••			3	36	0	
	V-Matic spares	• •	• •	٠.		3	25	0	
	bayonet adaptor						5	4	

	massage head						48	11	
	nail file attach	ment					52	10	
	super head with	cutter					42	10	
	L'Aimant (301 Coty)								
	perfume	110-20	115	3	28	1	17	6	
		121-20	164	6	40	1	25	0	
		141-20	296	3	72	3	45	0	
		151-20	493	6	120	3	75	0	
	•	171-20	845	6	206	0	128	6	
elete	existing packs								
	Lloyd's (769 Lloyd H						_	_	
	high protein food	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb	55	3	-	-	5	9	
	L'Origan (301 Coty)								
	perfume	110-70	115	3	28	1	17	6	
	*	121-70	164	6	40	1	25	0	
		141-70	296	3	72	3	45	0	
		151-70	493	6	120	3	75	0	
		171-70	845	6	206	0	128	6	
3lete	existing packs								
	Meteor (301 Coty)								
	perfume	110-59	115	3	28	1	17	6	
	-	5901	296	3	72	3	45	0	
		5902	493	6	120	3	75	0	
elete	existing packs								
	Milk of Magnesia (976								
A	tablets	12	7	4	1	10	1	0	
	Miss Muffet (1114 SL	L)							
		sachet	15	0	3	9		9	
			(31 d	oz)	(3 1 d	oz)			
1	Morgan's (861 MPC)		` -		` -				
	hair darkening crea	am	39	0	9	9	6	10	
	Muguet des Bois (301	Coty)							
	perfume	110-60	115	3	28	1	17	6	
	*	121-60	164	6	40	1	25	Ō	
		141-60	296	3	72	3	45	0	
		151-60	493	6	120	3	75	0	
elete	existing packs			_					
	Neomin (518 Glaxo)								
R	liquid`	2 oz	7	0ea		-	9	4	TS
R	Orastrep (378 Dista)								
1	suspension	50 mils	86	0	_		10	9	ts4B
	buspension	500 mils	56	8ea			85		†s4B
	tablets	25	96	0			12	ŏ	ts4B
		100	31	4ea			47	ŏ	ts4B
		500	122	6ea			183	9	ts4B
		000		000				Ť	1011

	Pal (438 ER)						
	injector blades						
_	stainless steel	5	28	0	7 () 4	0
			(12	mags)(12 ma	igs)	
	Paris (301 Coty)		`	J			
	perfume	110-80	15	3	28 1		6
_	- T	121-80	164	6	40 1		0
		141-80	296	3	72 3		0
		151-80	493	6	120 3		0
		171-80	845	6	206 (128	6
Delete	existing packs						
	Penbritin (1393 BRL))					
R	capsules 250 mgm	20	41	0ea	_	61	6 TS
		100	199	0ea	_	298	6 TS
		500	960	0ea		1440	0 TS
	syrup 125 mgm/5	mils					
		60 mils	18	0ea		27	0 TS
R	tablets 125 mgm	20	24	3ea	_	36	6 TS
		. 100	114	0ea		171	0 TS
Corr.	Phocil (78 AS&Co.)	100 mils	22	9	5 8		†
		250 mils	50	6	12 7	7 —	†
		500 mils	7	0ea		_	†
	m a 11/00 1TT	2 litres	24	10ea	_	_	Ť
•	Refevit (68 AH)	0.0	0.0				
	tablets	30	36	0	-	4	6
		240	21	6ea		32	3
	Oning (70 AC &O-)	1000	84	0ea	_	-	
	Spire (78 AS&Co)	91 07	16	6			
A	olive oil	2½ oz	28	6			
		5 oz 10 oz	54	ñ			
Delete		20 oz	54	U			
Detete		40 02					

AMENDMENTS AND ADDITIONS TO KEY TO SUPPLIERS

- (267 C&A)=CLAY & ABRAHAM (MANUFACTURING), LTD., 40 Hanover Street, Liverpool, 1.
- (597 HCL)=HELENE CURTIS, LTD., New Lane, Havant, Hants. Havant 2414.
- (942 Passmill)=PASSMILL (PAPER PRODUCTS), LTD., Tennyson Street, Bolton, Lancs. Bolton 27125.

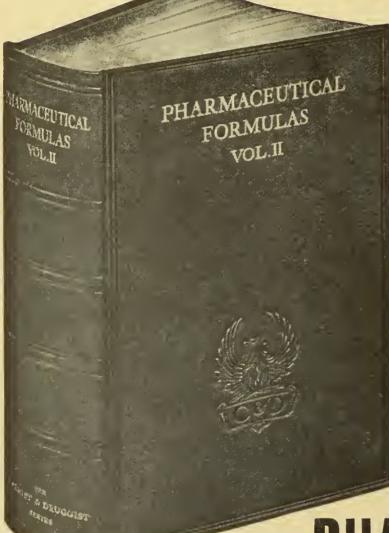


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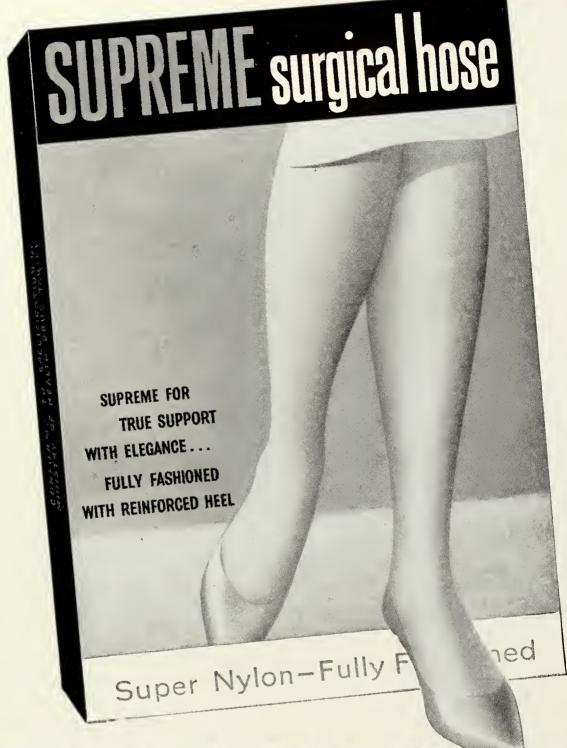
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